

Silicon Strip Detector: From Construction to Operation of the Belle II SVD

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2026.02.06 Particle Detector Workshop 2026

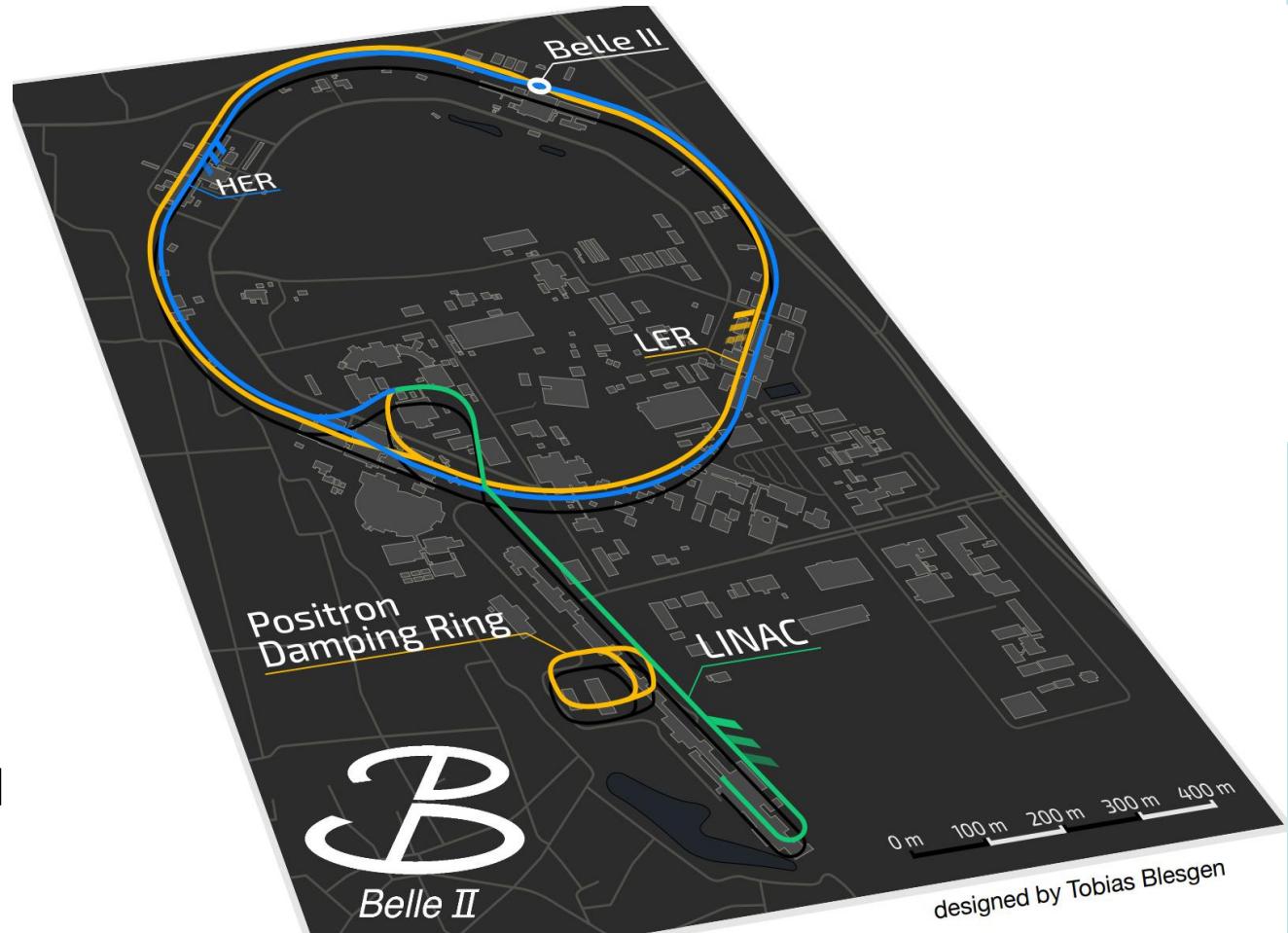


Outline

- Silicon Vertex Detector (SVD) for Belle II experiment
- Design & Construction
- ~~Operation & Performance~~
- Summary

SuperKEKB and Belle II

- SuperKEKB collider (KEK, Japan)
 - Asymmetric energy ($4\text{ GeV }e^+$ & $7\text{ GeV }e^-$)
 - CM energy: 10.58 GeV for $\Upsilon(4S)$
 - Nano beam scheme
 - Target luminosity: $6 \times 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
 - Target Integrated L : 50 ab^{-1}
- B factory at luminosity frontier \leftrightarrow LHC
 - Search for new physics with B, charm, and τ rare decays
- So far $\sim 599/\text{fb}^{-1}$ are collected since March 2019
 - $\sim 5.1 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$, the new world record luminosity more than twice of KEK

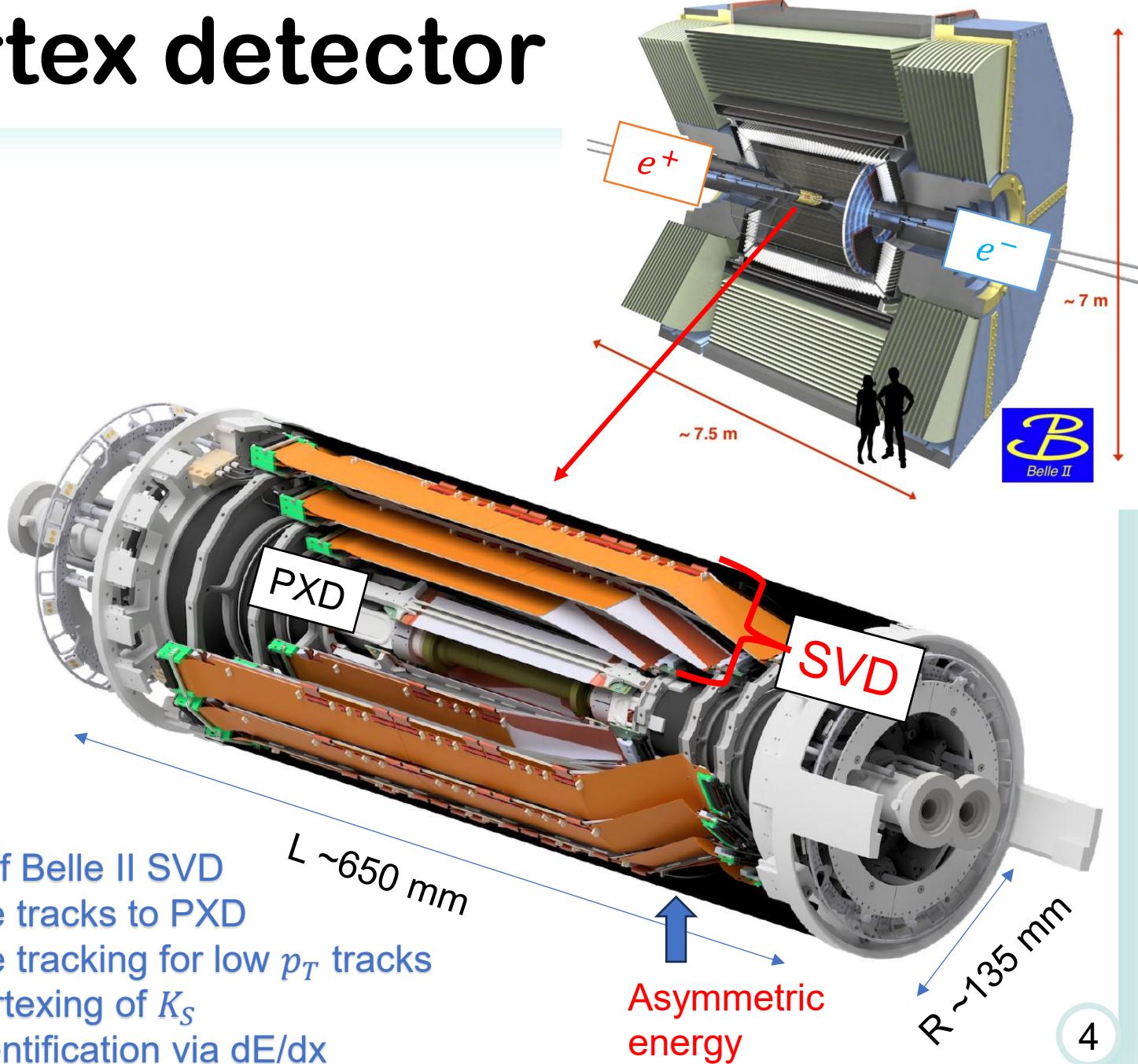


Belle II Silicon vertex detector

- Vertex detector (VXD)
 - 2 layers pixel detector (PXD)
 - 4 layers silicon vertex detector (SVD)
- Double-sided Silicon Strip Detector
- Ladders
- Material budget
- Cooling
- Construction
 - Wire bonding & Gluing
- Re-installation @ LS1

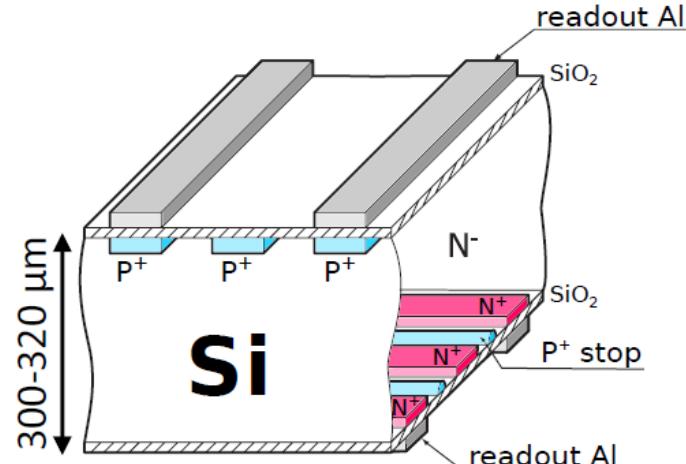
Main features of Belle II SVD

- Extrapolate tracks to PXD
- Standalone tracking for low p_T tracks
- Precise vertexing of K_S
- Particle identification via dE/dx

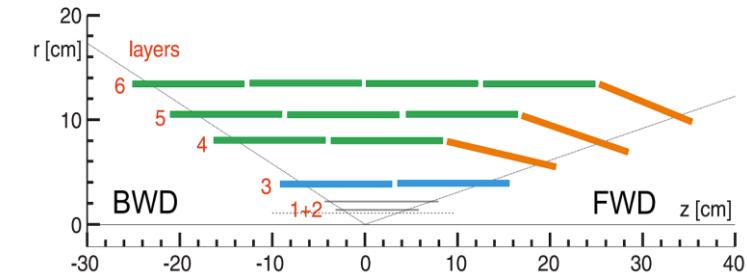


Design and Construction

- Vertex detector (VXD)
 - 2 PXD
 - 4 layers SVD
- **Double-sided Silicon Strip Detector** →
- Ladders
- Material budget
- Cooling
- Construction
 - Wire bonding & Gluing
- Re-installation @ LS1



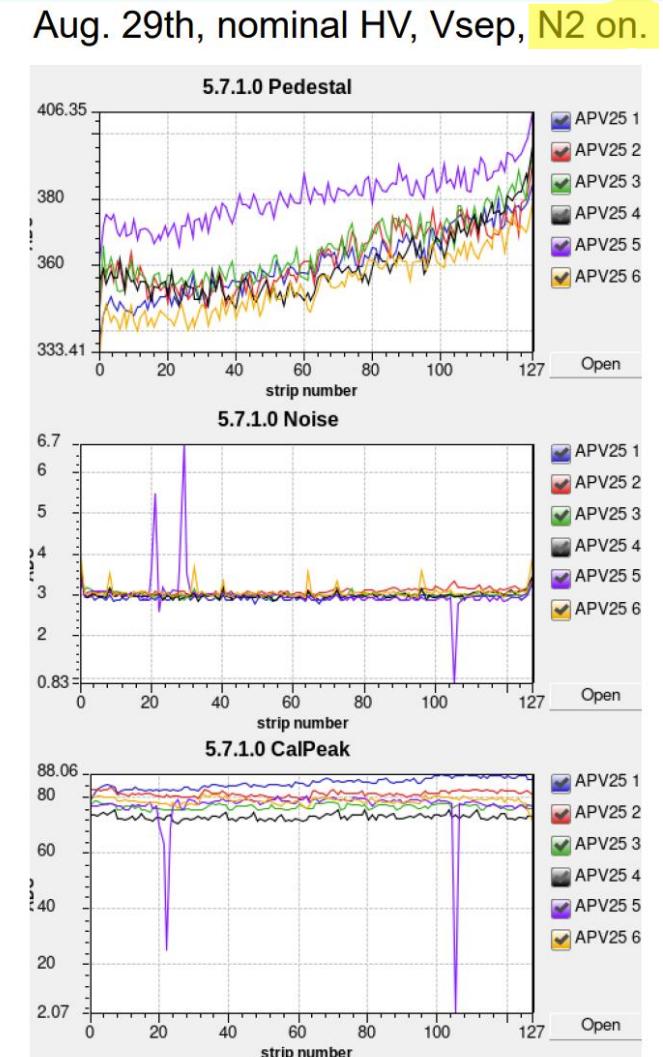
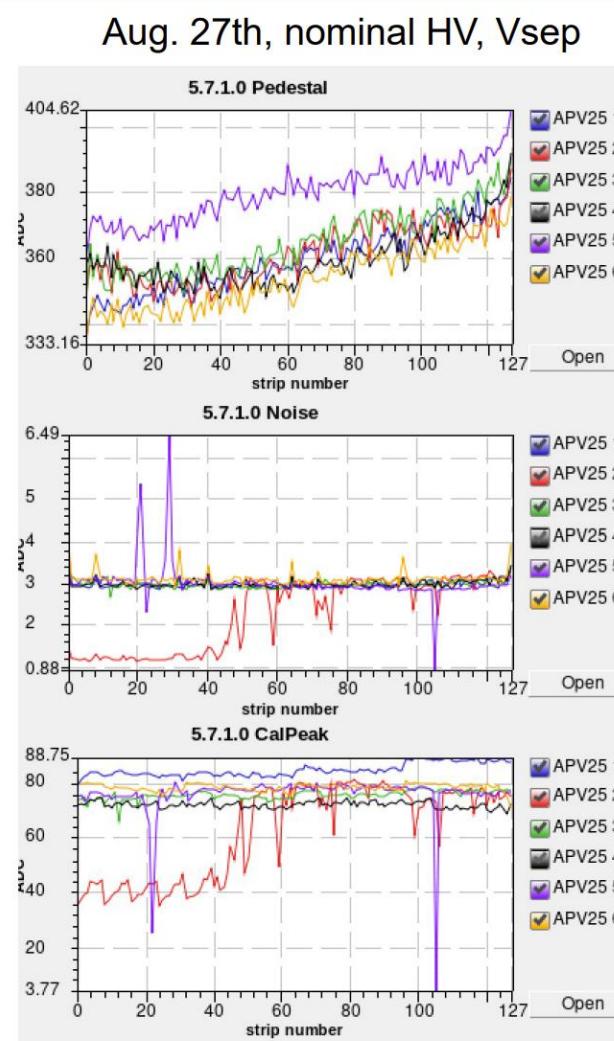
- Double-sided Silicon Strip Detector (DSSD)
 - AC coupled strips
 - Depletion Voltage: 20-60 V
 - Operation Voltage: 100 V



*readout strips – one floating strip on both sides

Design and Construction

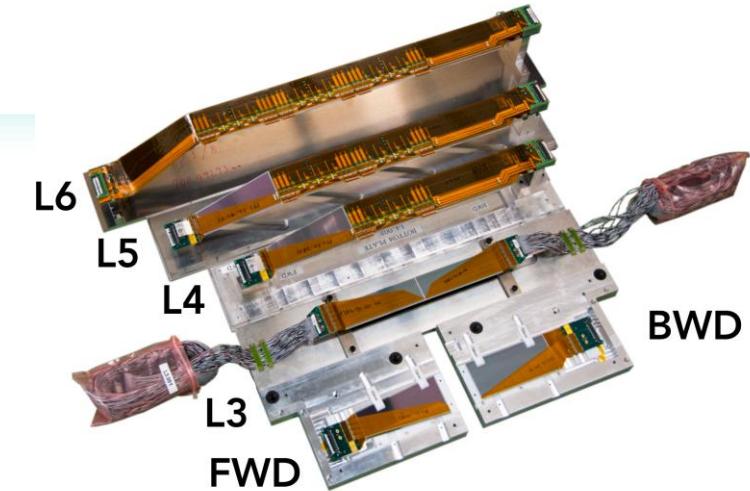
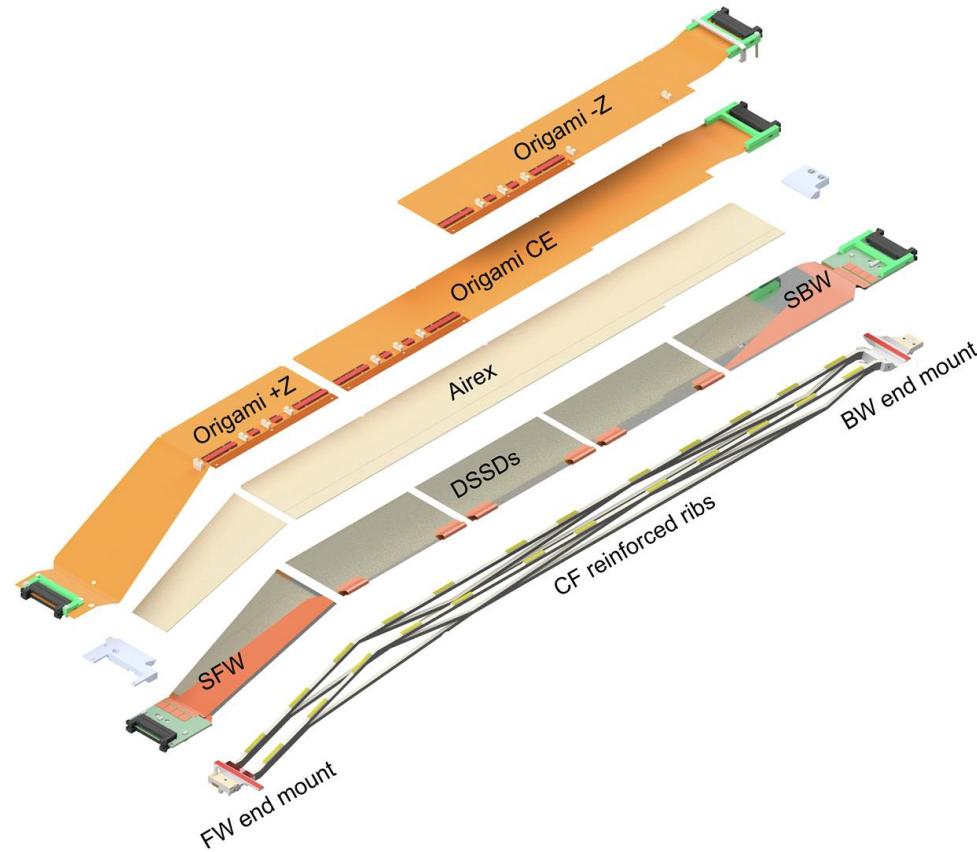
- Vertex detector (VXD)
 - 2 PXD
 - 4 layers SVD
- **Double-sided Silicon Strip Detector** ➔
- Ladders
- Material budget
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Humidity sensitivity of Micron sensors was causing the shorts

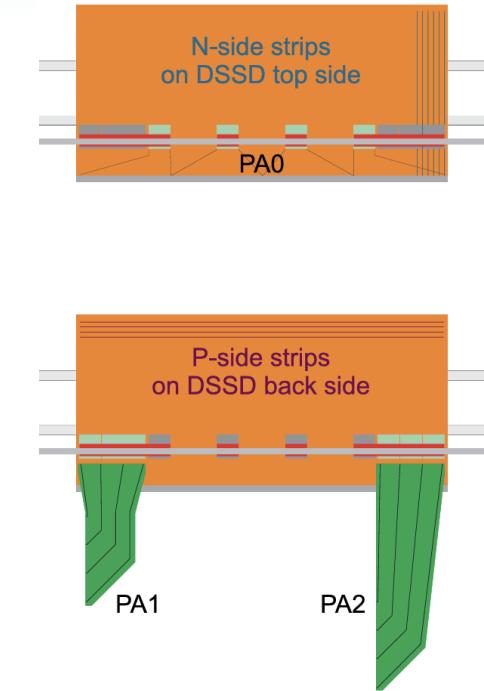
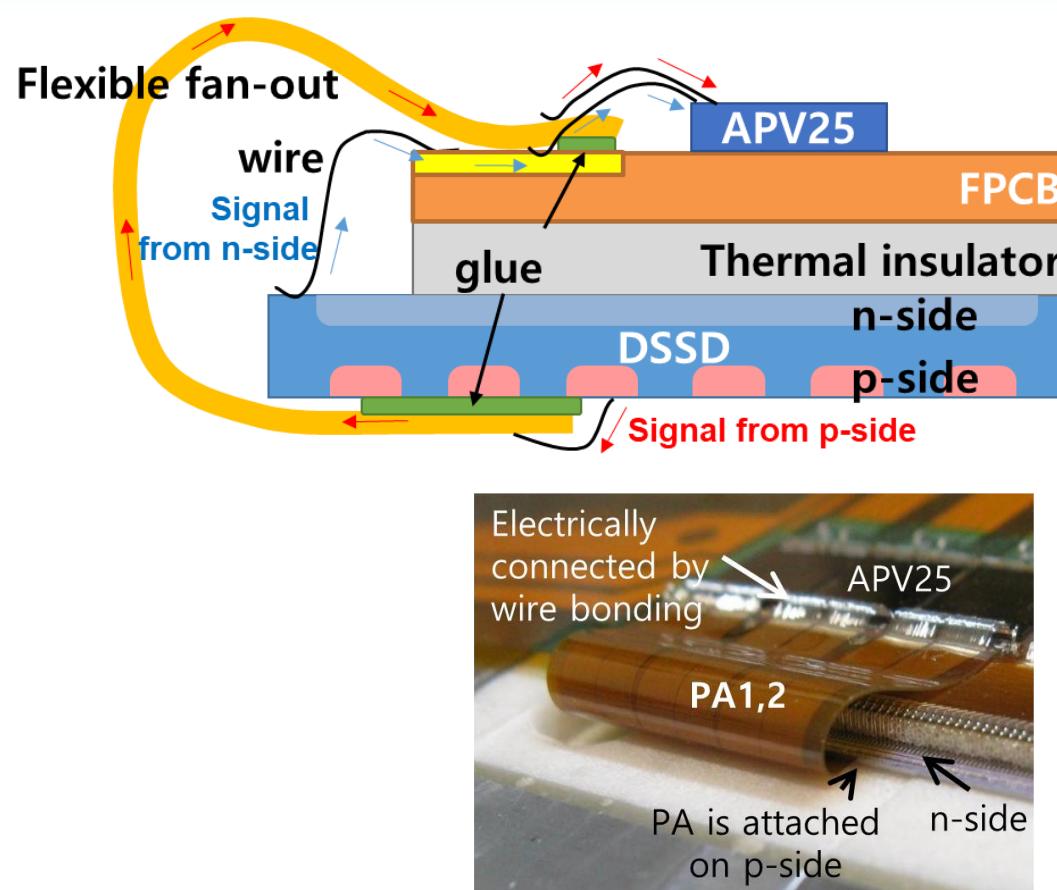
Design and Construction

- Vertex detector (VXD)
 - 2 PXD
 - 4 layers SVD
- Double-sided Silicon Strip Detector
- **Ladders** →
- Material budget
- Cooling
- Construction
 - Wire bonding & Gluing
- Re-installation @ LS1



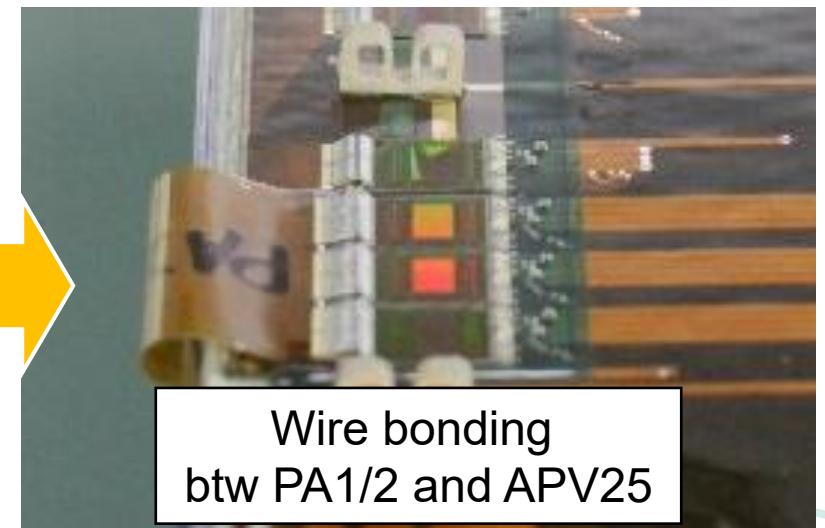
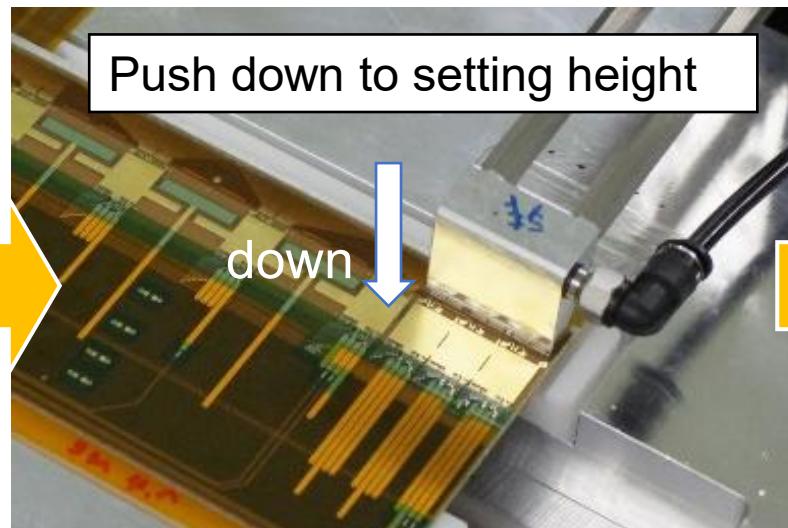
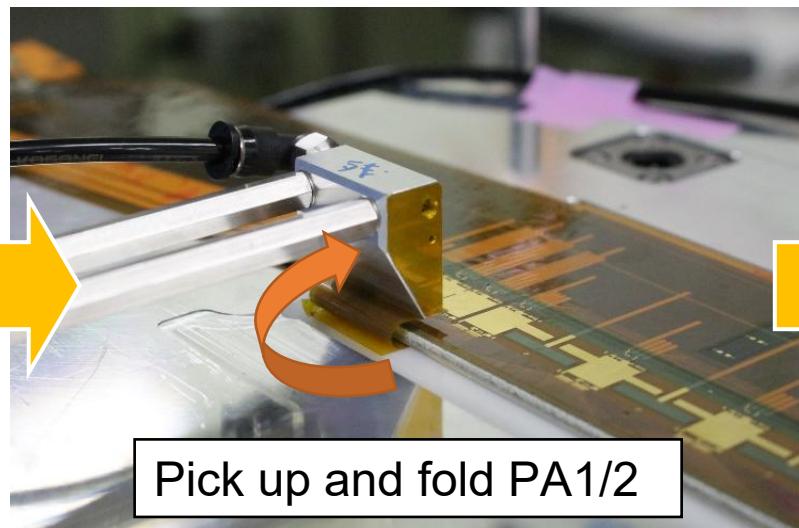
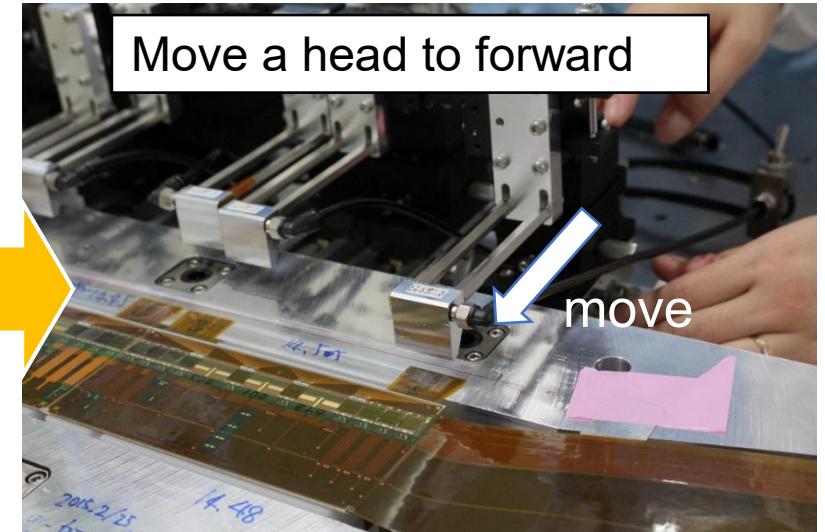
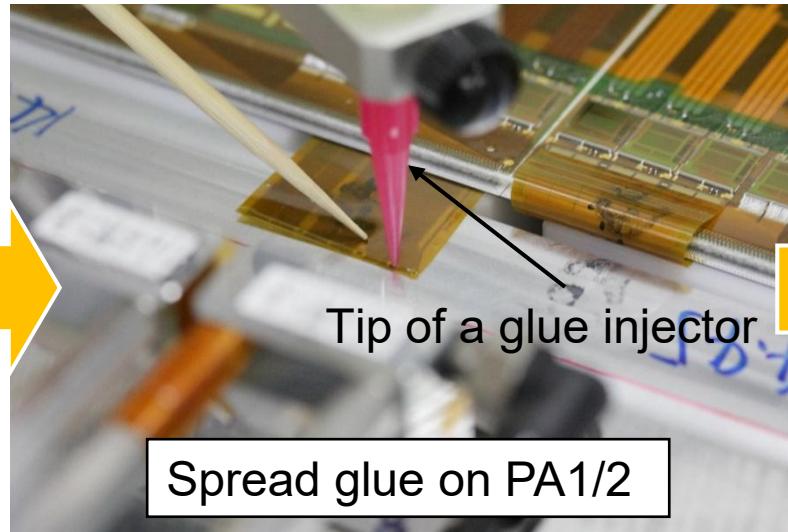
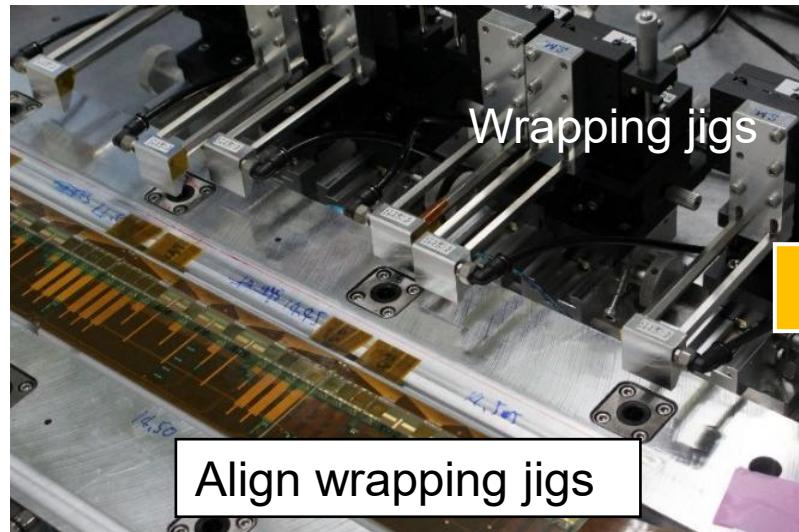
Design and Construction

- Vertex detector (VXD)
 - 2 PXD
 - 4 layers SVD
- Double-sided Silicon Strip Detector
- Ladders
- **Material budget**
 - “Origami”
- Cooling
- Construction
 - Wire bonding & Gluing
- Re-installation @ LS1



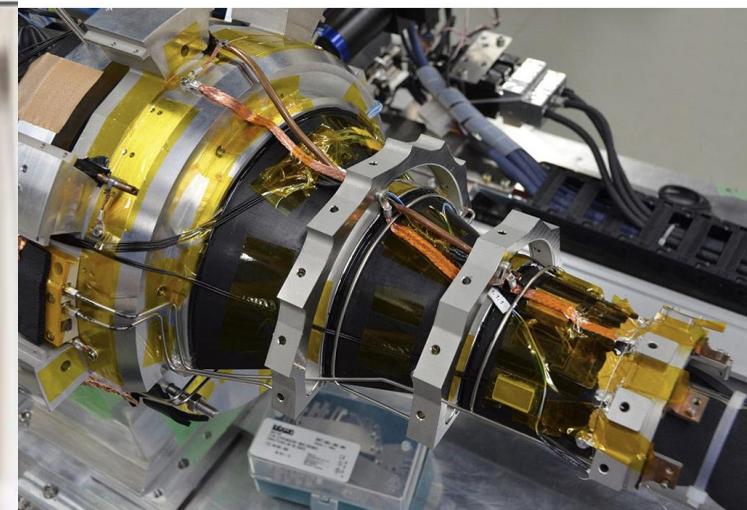
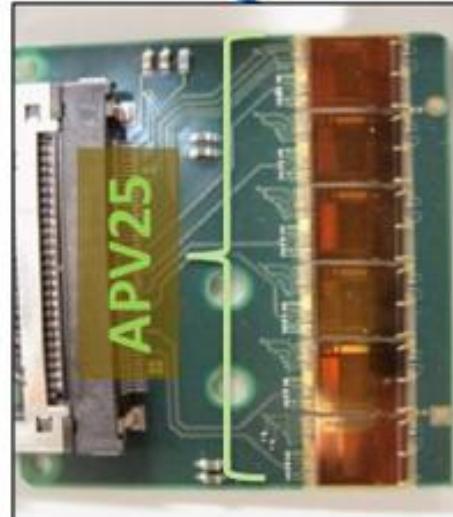
Low material budget: $0.7\%X_0$ per layer
Low noise due to the short sensor-APV25 connection length

Wrapping Procedure



Design and Construction

- Vertex detector (VXD)
 - 2 PXD
 - 4 layers SVD
- Double-sided Silicon Strip Detector
- Ladders
- Material budget
- **Cooling** →
- Construction
 - Wire bonding & Gluing
- Re-installation @ LS1



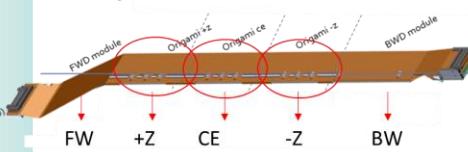
CO₂ dual phase cooling -25 degC → APV25 temp. = ~10-20
Also thanks to Origami structure → safe & reduced pile line



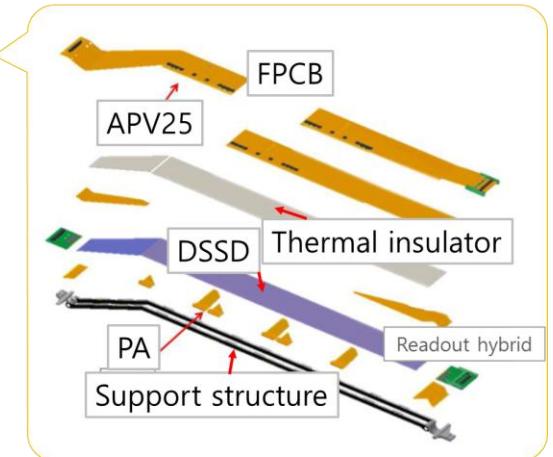
SVD – construction



Components of the L6 ladder



- 5 DSSD modules on L6
- Components
 - Hybrid board (2)
 - FPCB (3)
 - Flexible pitch adapter (PA)
 - DSSD (5)
 - Support structure (2)
 - etc.



Assembly Procedure

Sensor Alignment

- Jig with $O(20 \mu\text{m})$ tolerance
- Precision is measured by a CMM (Coordinate measuring machine).



CMM

Repeat

Gluing

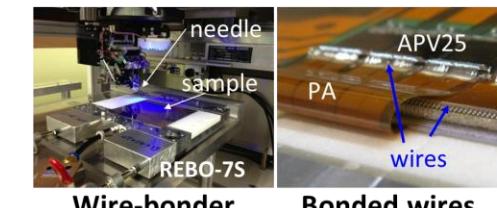
- Adhesive: epoxy (Araldite 2011)
- Glue is spread by gluing robots.



Gluing robots

Electrical connection*

- Wire-bonding
- Al (Si 1%) wire with $\Phi=25 \mu\text{m}$

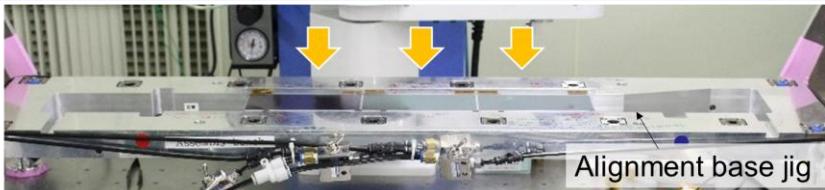


Wire-bonder



CMM

Align the DSSDs on the alignment base jig.



central
sensors

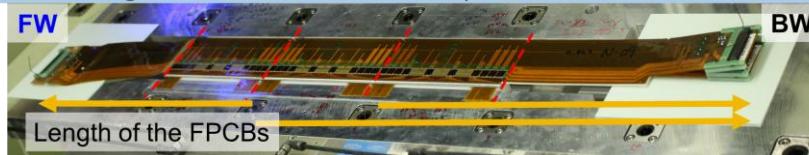
end
sensors



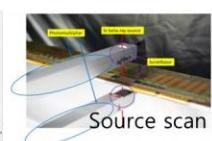
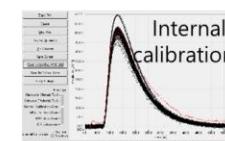
Ladder
quality

Complete ladder assembly

Attach the thermal insulator and the Origami FPCBs, and then perform wire-bonding between the FPCBs and top side of the DSSDs.

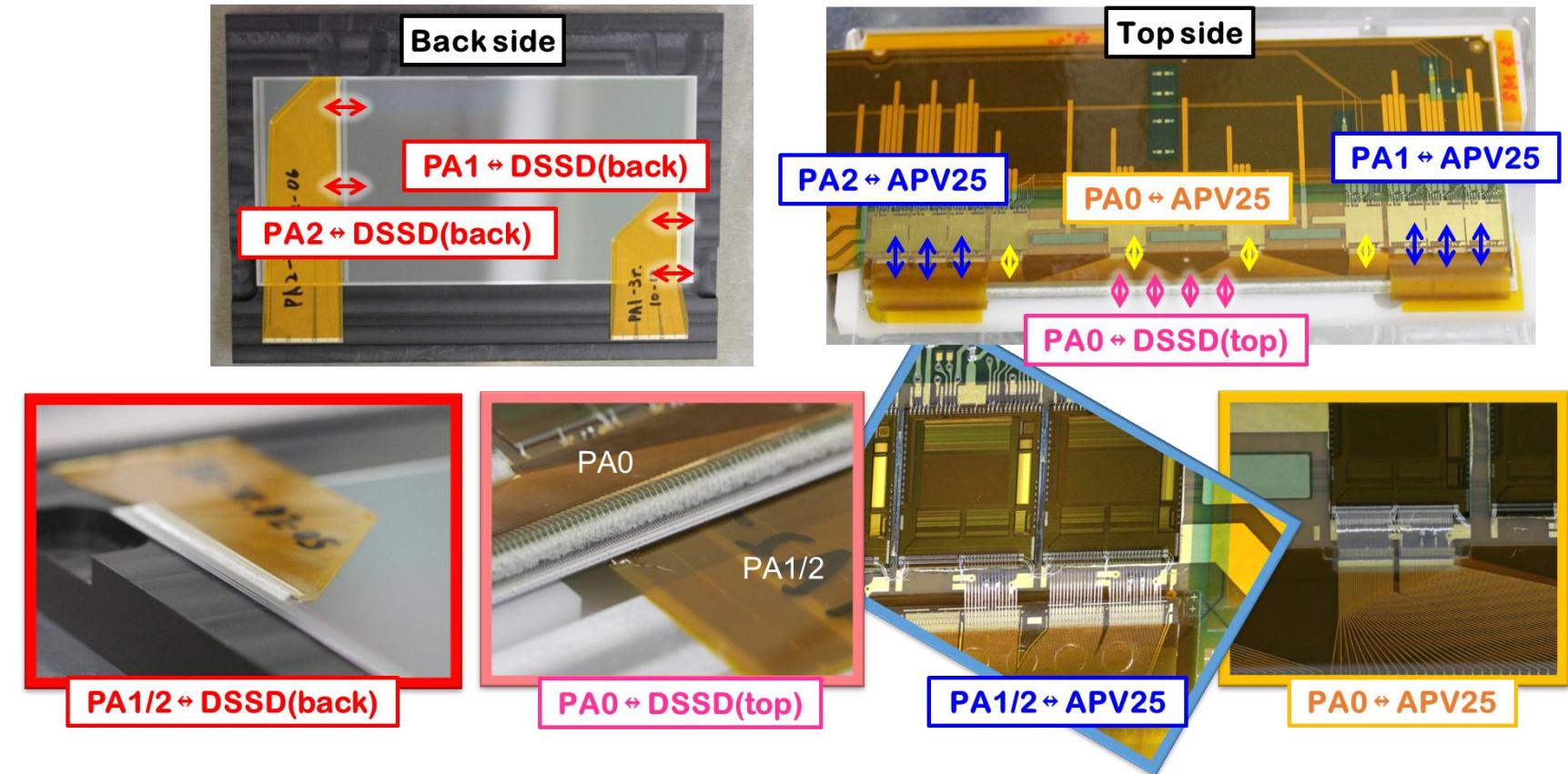


- Mechanical quality is verified by F-mark positions on the sensor using the CMM.



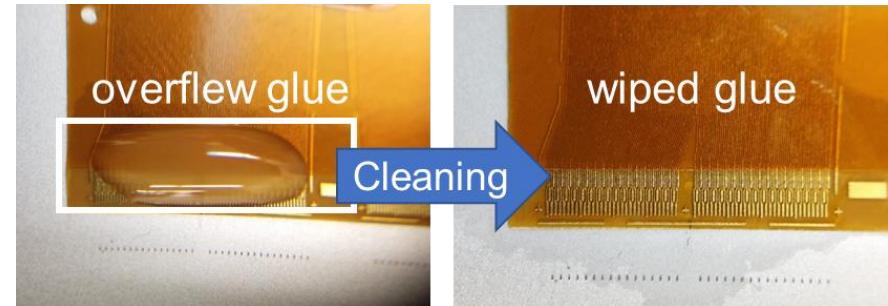
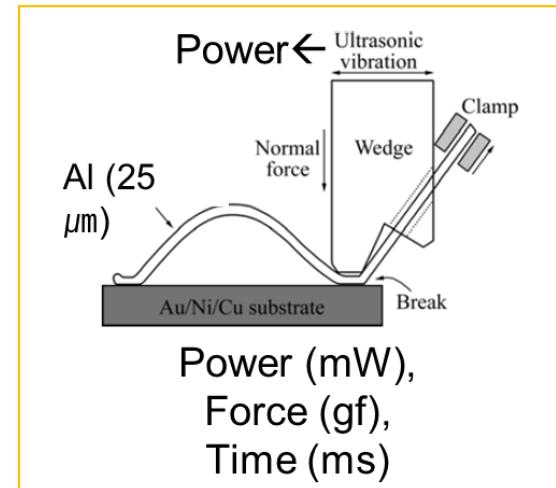
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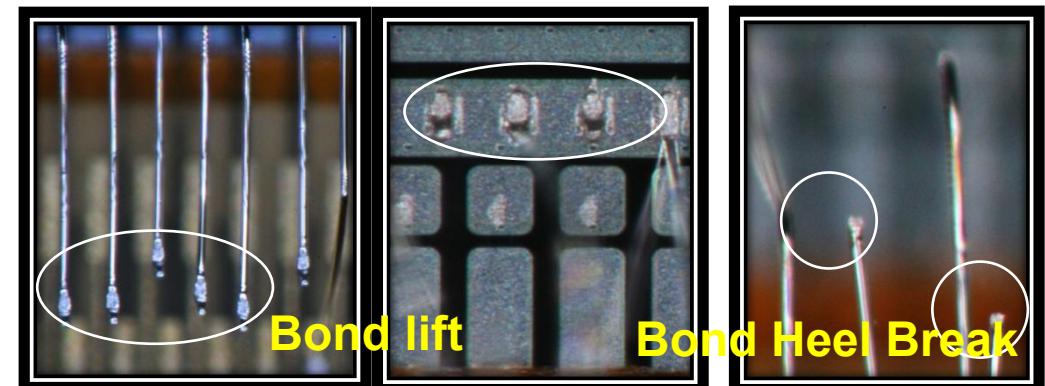
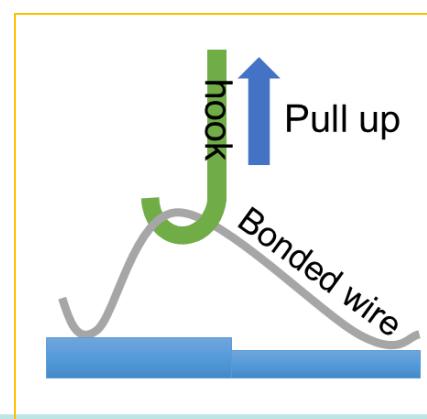


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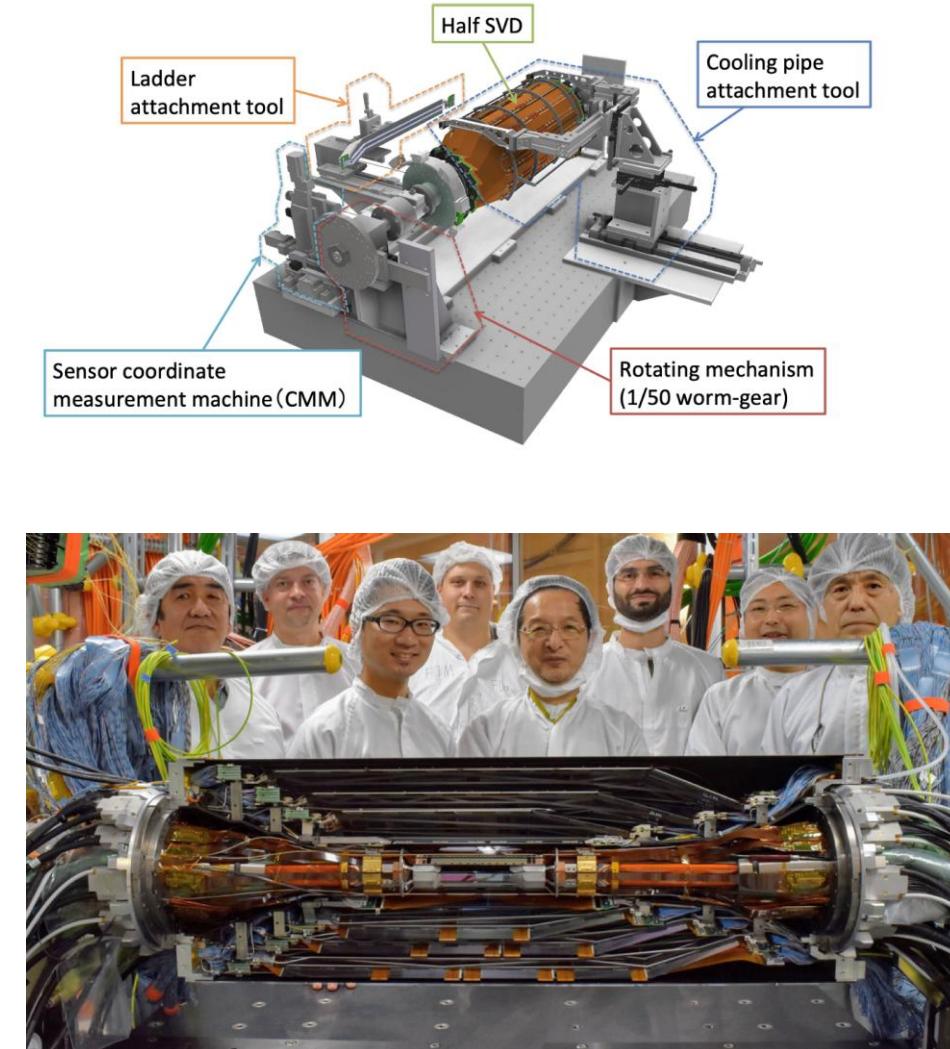


Optimized bonding parameters and gluing quality led to a 99% bonding efficiency
- validated by pull-force measurements and bond pad inspections.



Design and Construction

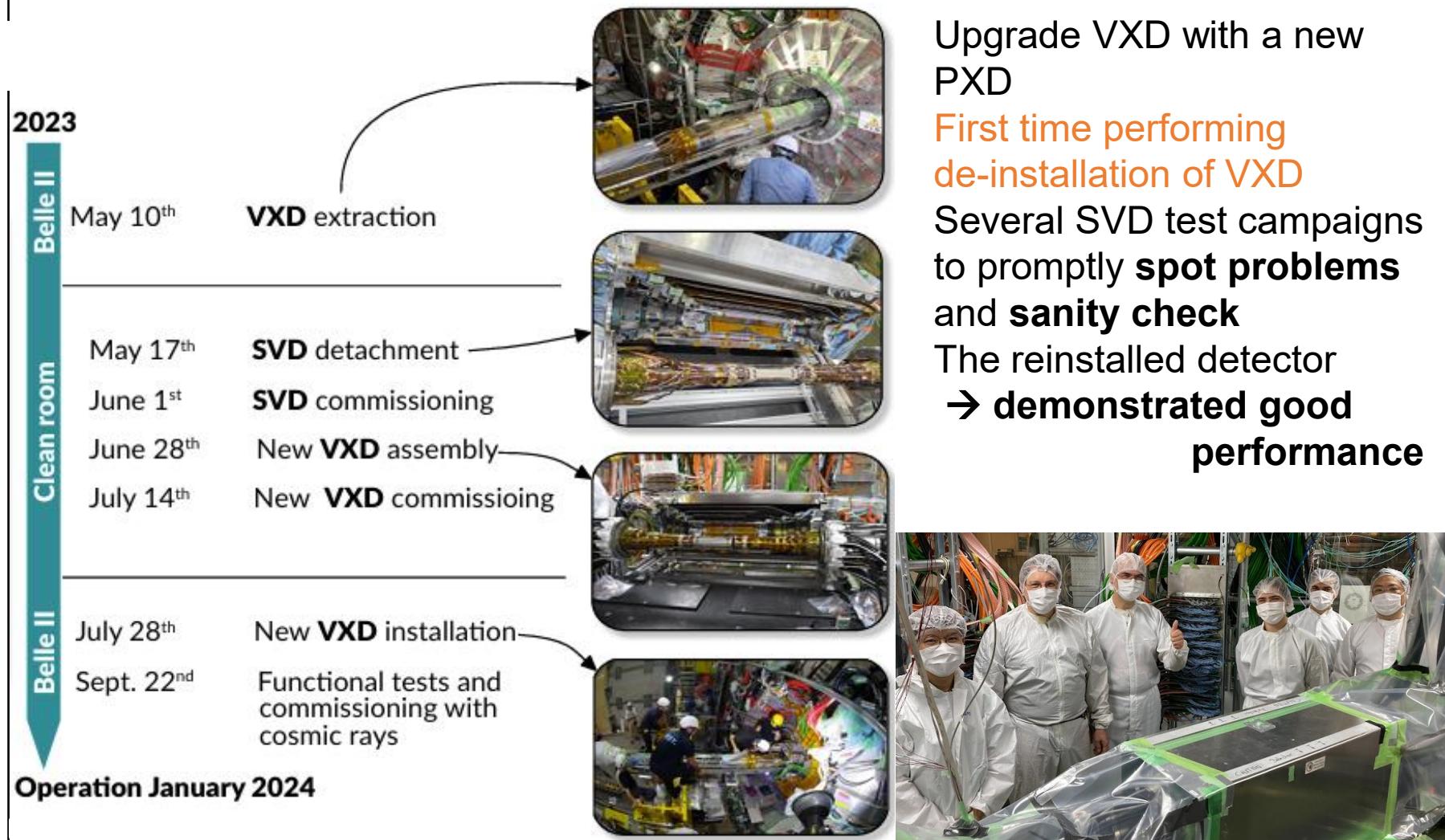
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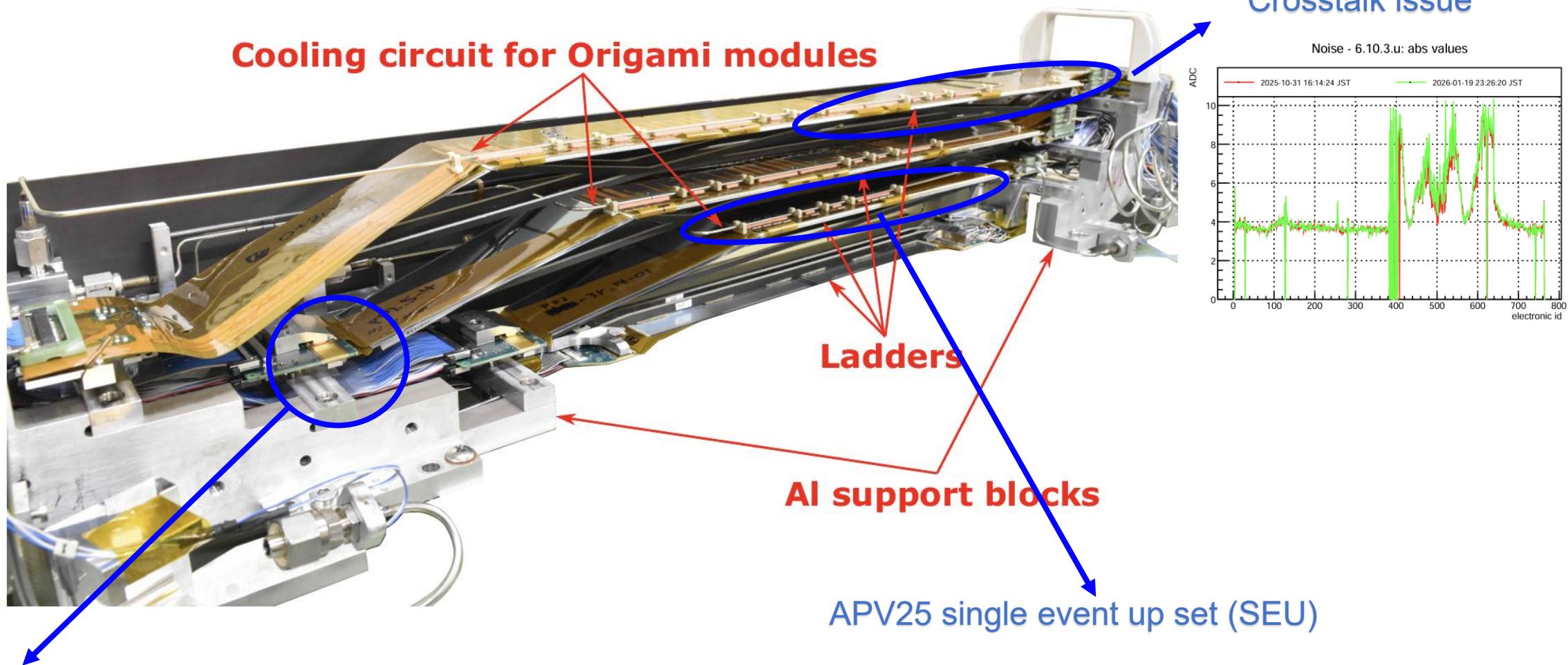
- **2008**: first Origami chip-on sensor concept
- **2010**: Belle II Technical design report
- **2012**: ladder R&D
- **2016**: ladder mass production
- **2018**: 1st/2nd SVD half-shell assembled & installed in Belle II
- **2019**: first beam collision with complete detector

Design and Construction

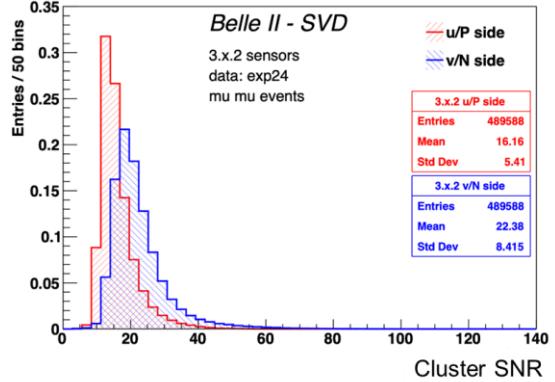
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Design and Construction - issues

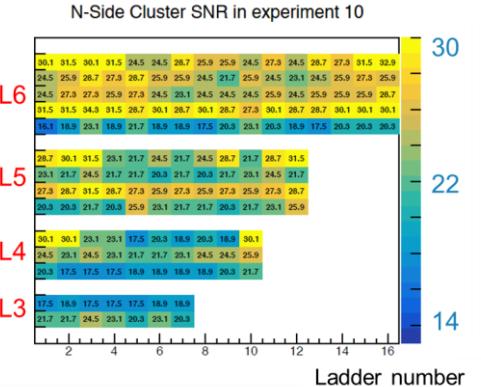


FWD PA peel off issue



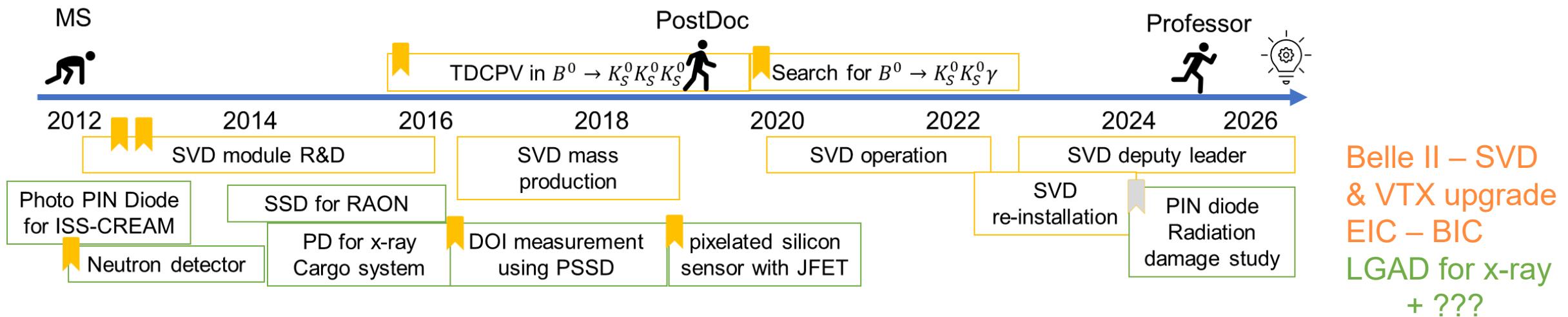
SVD operation & performance

to be presented
next Particle Detector Workshop 2026



Summary

- The **SVD plays a crucial role** in Belle II and has been one of the most stable and best-performing detector.
 - Essential contributions of electronics and mechanical engineers and technicians.
- Radiation effects observed so far remain moderate, and the SVD performance is expected to be maintained up to the **VTX upgrade @2032**
- Over more than 10 years of involvement in the SVD, we (I) have accumulated extensive experience in design, construction, operation, and performance.
 - The SVD technical paper published in JINST (JINST 17 P11041 2022)



2026 일본 과학 미래관

