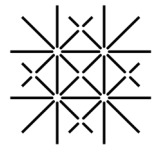


Tidings from Domain Walls: Flavour Hierarchies are making (gravitational) Waves!

Stefan Antusch, Ivo de Medeiros Varzielas, Miguel Levy



Universität
Basel

* CHEF

Outline



Flavour Puzzle meets Cosmological Consequences?

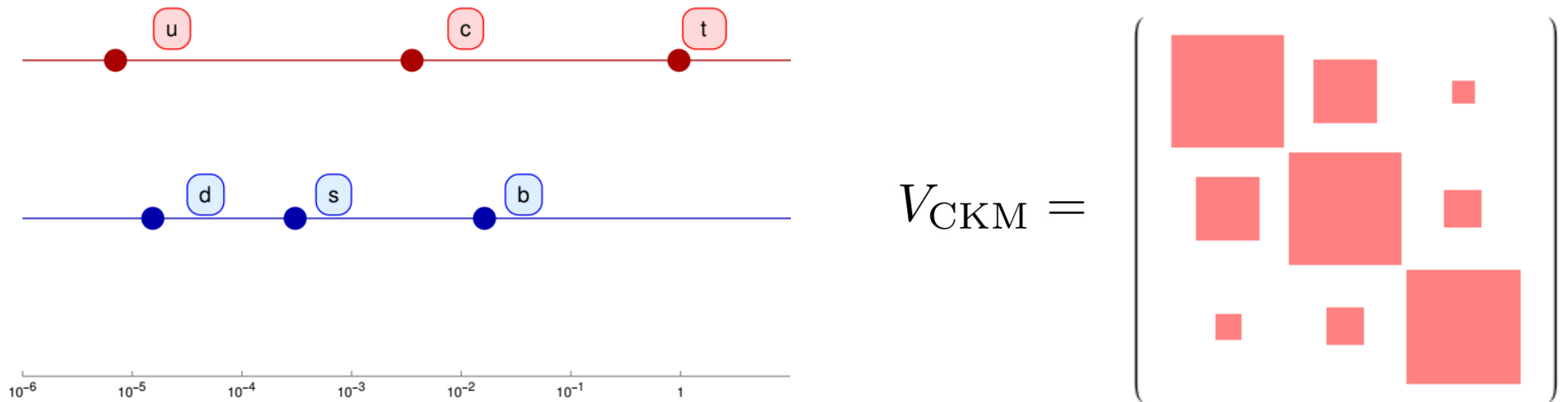


Outline

- Discrete Froggatt-Nielsen Models
- Domain Walls and Assumptions
- SUSY
 - Scalar Sector
 - Resulting Gravitational Waves
- Conclusions

Mandatory Introduction

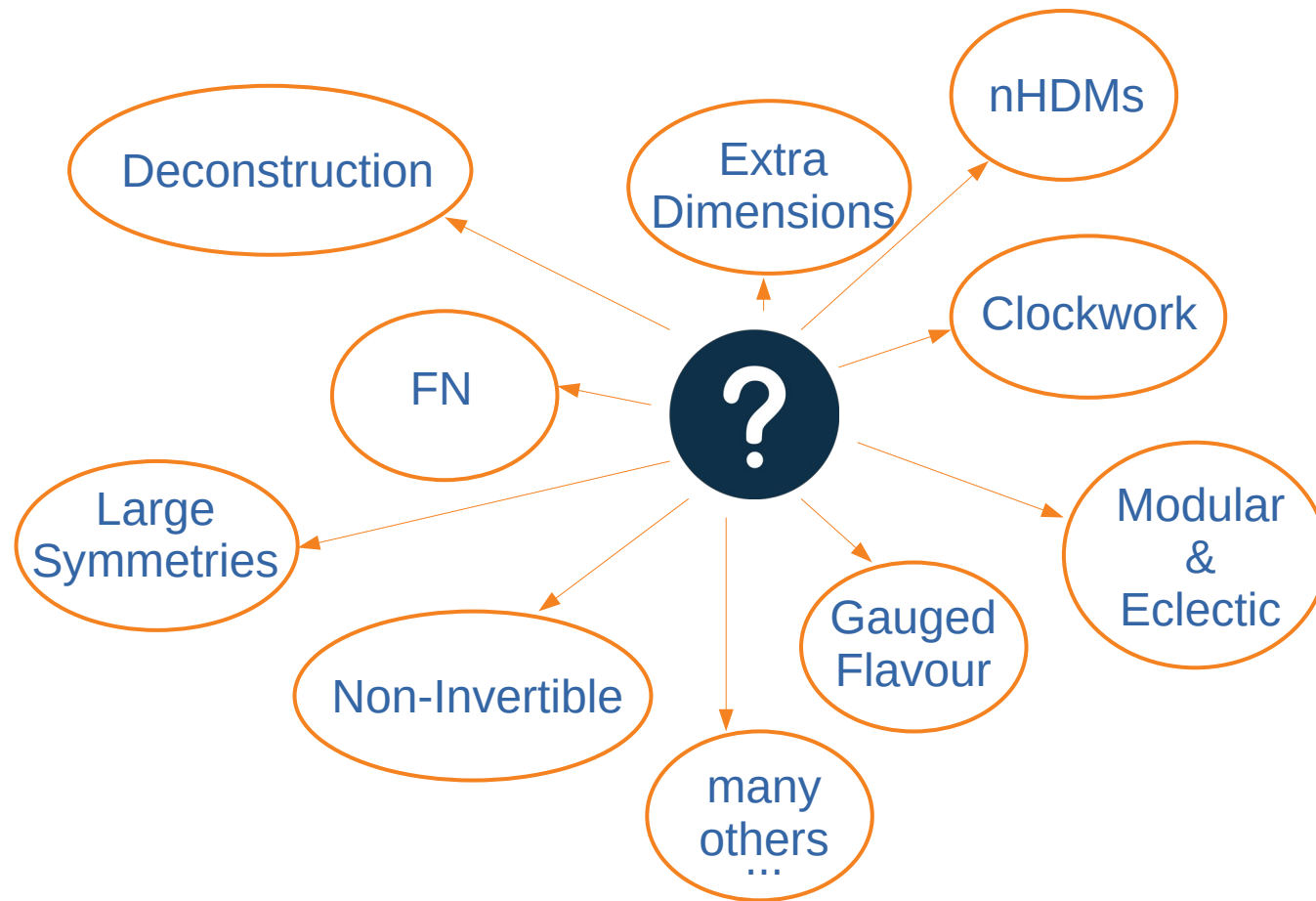
- (Quark) Flavour Puzzle



Is There an Underlying Reason?

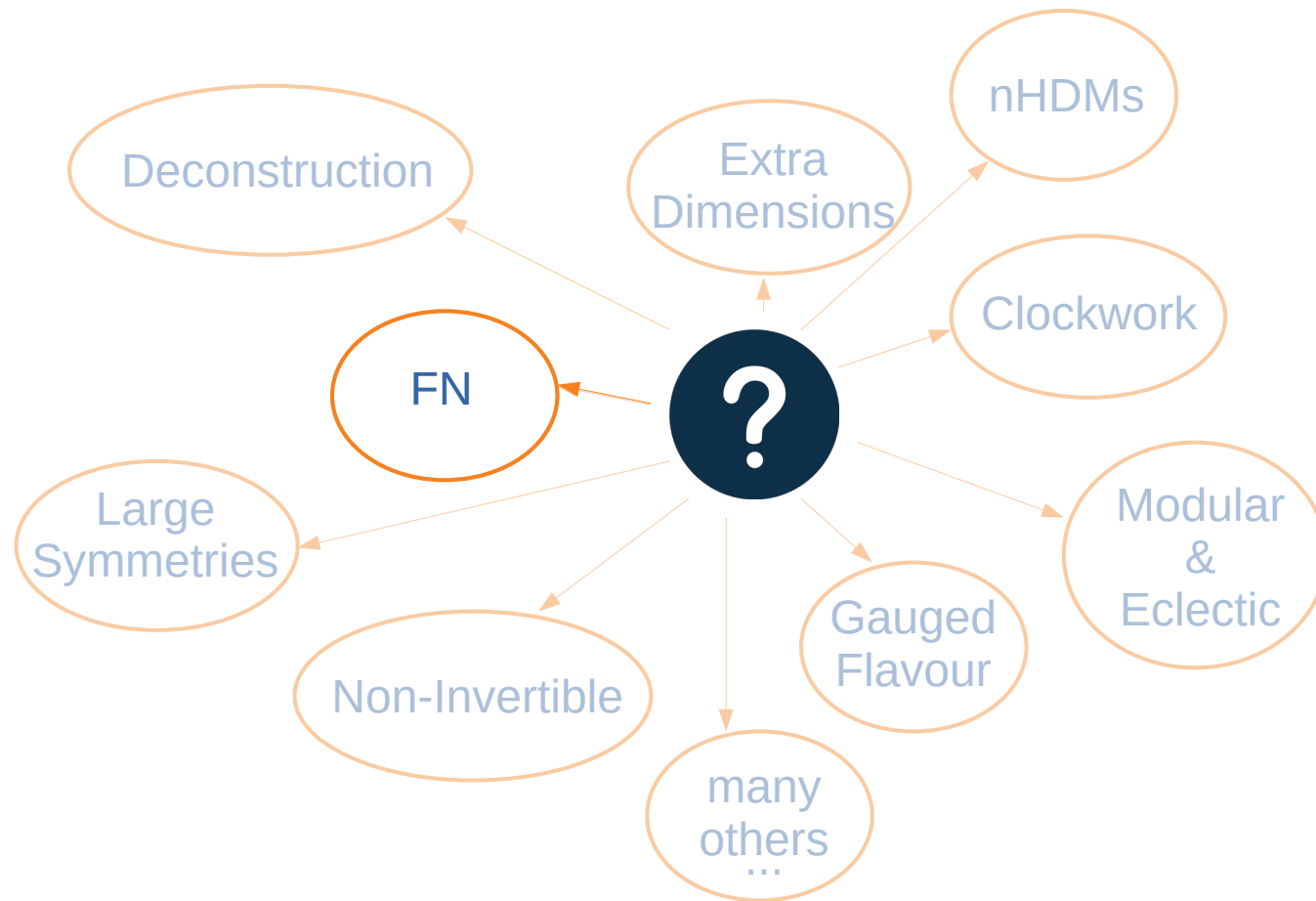
Mandatory Introduction

- One Question → Many Answers



Mandatory Introduction

- One Question → Many Answers



Froggatt-Nielsen (Quarks)

- No Yukawas $\longrightarrow U(3)^5$ Symmetry
- All Yukawas $\longrightarrow$ obviously not

$\curvearrowright U(3)^5$ breaking from G_F SSB

- (Some) Yukawas forbidden @ tree-level
- FN Chains generate low-scale Yukawas

$\searrow$
EFT $\longrightarrow$ Spurion: $\boxed{\varepsilon = \frac{v_0}{\Lambda}}$

Froggatt-Nielsen (Quarks)

FN Chains generate low-scale Yukawas

$$Y_u \sim \begin{pmatrix} \varepsilon^{n_{11}^u} & \varepsilon^{n_{12}^u} & \varepsilon^{n_{13}^u} \\ \varepsilon^{n_{21}^u} & \varepsilon^{n_{22}^u} & \varepsilon^{n_{23}^u} \\ \varepsilon^{n_{31}^u} & \varepsilon^{n_{32}^u} & \varepsilon^{n_{33}^u} \end{pmatrix}$$
$$Y_d \sim \begin{pmatrix} \varepsilon^{n_{11}^d} & \varepsilon^{n_{12}^d} & \varepsilon^{n_{13}^d} \\ \varepsilon^{n_{21}^d} & \varepsilon^{n_{22}^d} & \varepsilon^{n_{23}^d} \\ \varepsilon^{n_{31}^d} & \varepsilon^{n_{32}^d} & \varepsilon^{n_{33}^d} \end{pmatrix}$$

- Goal: Choose n_{ij}^f

Well-behaved PT

upper bounds on m_i^f (and θ_{ij})

“Good” n_{ij}^f choices $\longrightarrow \mathcal{O}(1)$ Correct masses & mixings

Froggatt-Nielsen (Quarks)

- Standard Formulation:

$$G_F = U(1)$$

Choose n_{ij}^f

$$Y^f = \dots$$

But:

large enough n and $\varepsilon \rightarrow 1$ $\longrightarrow$ $\mathcal{O}(1)$ becomes trivial

Preferably low powers of ε

Froggatt-Nielsen (Quarks)

- Discrete Versions:

$$G_F = Z_N$$

We only care about the textures...



not much changes

Why not?

Froggatt-Nielsen (Quarks)

- Discrete Versions:

$$G_F = Z_N$$

Smallest Hierarchy $\longrightarrow$ defines ε (usually $\varepsilon \sim \lambda$)

Largest Hierarchy $\longrightarrow$ defines Z_N (usually $y_u \sim \varepsilon^8$)

Froggatt-Nielsen (Quarks)

- Discrete Versions:

$$G_F = Z_N$$

Smallest Hierarchy $\longrightarrow$ defines ε (usually $\varepsilon \sim \lambda$)

$$\lambda \text{ not too small \& } \lambda \sim \theta_{12}^u + \theta_{12}^d \longrightarrow \varepsilon \sim \lambda^2$$

Largest Hierarchy $\longrightarrow$ defines Z_N (usually $y_u \sim \varepsilon^8$)

$$y_u \sim \varepsilon^4 \longrightarrow \begin{cases} \text{SM:} & Z_8 \\ \text{MSSM:} & Z_5 \end{cases}$$

Froggatt-Nielsen (Quarks)

- One example

$$Y_u \sim \begin{pmatrix} \varepsilon^4 & \varepsilon^3 & \varepsilon^2 \\ \varepsilon^3 & \varepsilon^2 & \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon^2 & \varepsilon & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$Y_d \sim \varepsilon \begin{pmatrix} \varepsilon^2 & \varepsilon^2 & \varepsilon^2 \\ \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$


 t_β

Upsides

- large t_β
- SU(5) embeddable
- no PMNS selection rules
- Z_N not too large

Downsides (common to FNs)

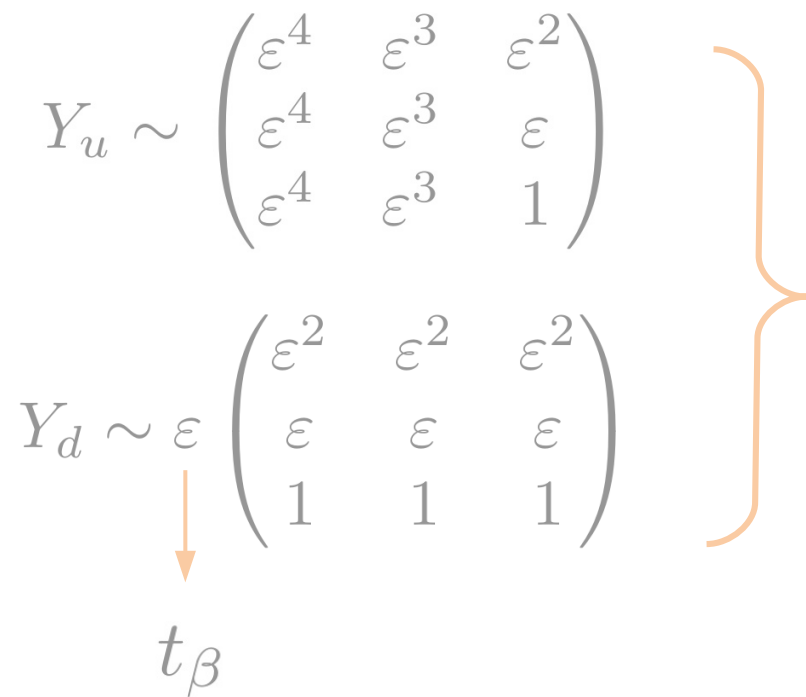
- Not “predictive”
- No information on scales

Froggatt-Nielsen (Quarks)

- One example

$$Y_u \sim \begin{pmatrix} \varepsilon^4 & \varepsilon^3 & \varepsilon^2 \\ \varepsilon^4 & \varepsilon^3 & \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon^4 & \varepsilon^3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$Y_d \sim \varepsilon \begin{pmatrix} \varepsilon^2 & \varepsilon^2 & \varepsilon^2 \\ \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\downarrow$
 t_β



Upsides

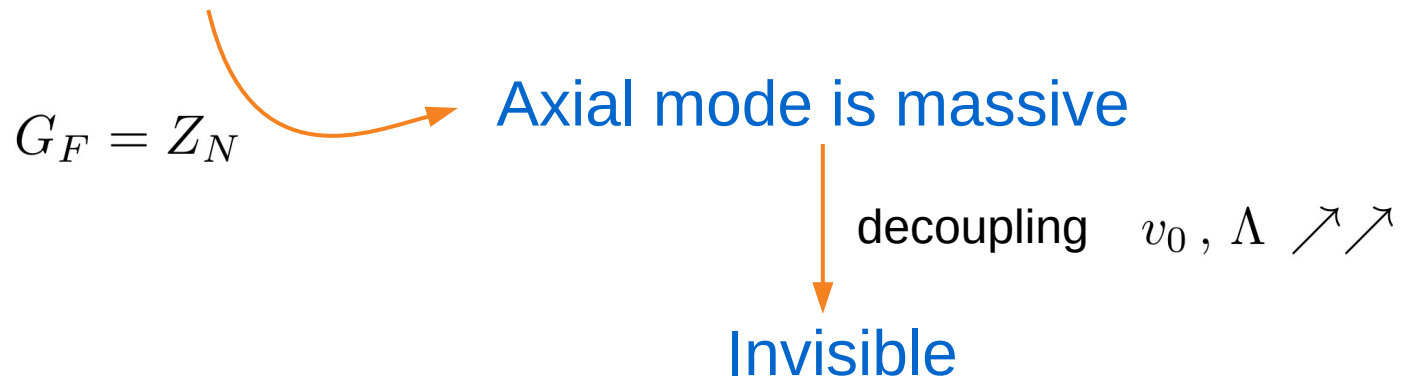
- large t_β
- SU(5) embeddable
- no PMNS selection rules
- Z_N not too large

Downsides (common to FNs)

- Not “predictive”
- No information on scales

Froggatt-Nielsen (Quarks)

- No info on scales
 - Extra pheno w/ FN sector (FCNCs)



Can we get any information
on upper bounds?

Froggatt-Nielsen (Quarks)

$$G_F = Z_N$$

Gravitational
Waves!

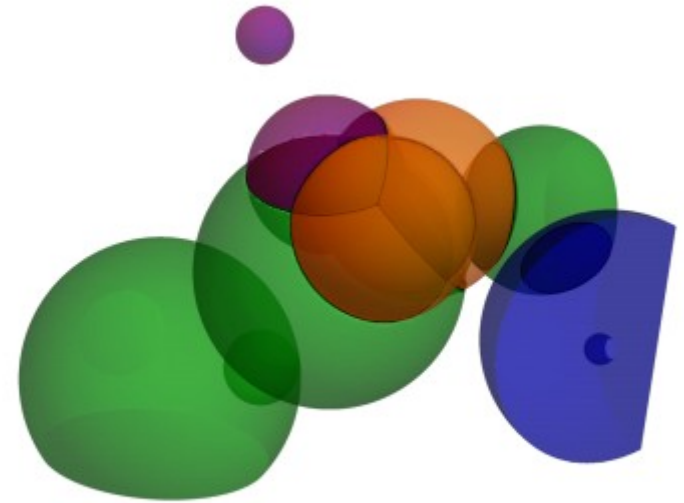
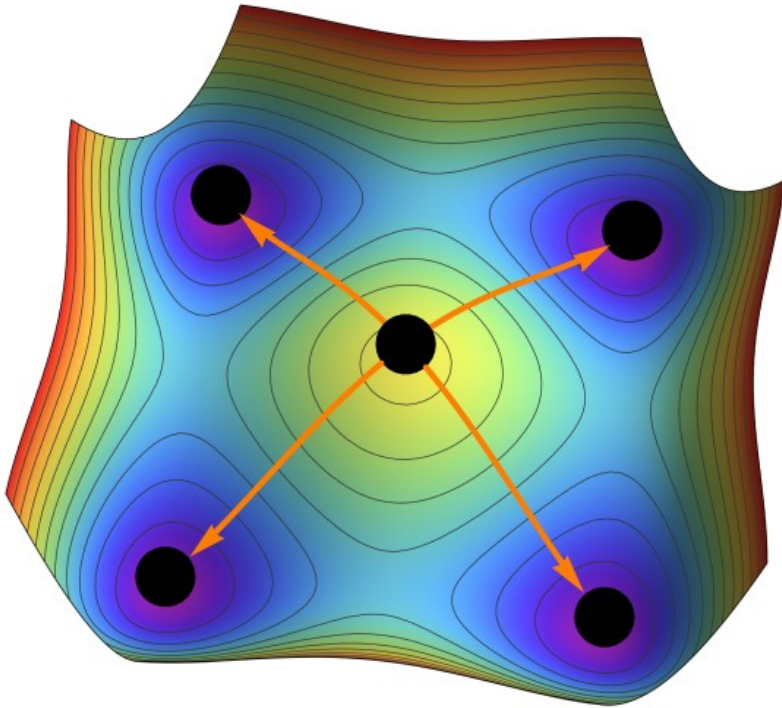
(maybe)



Can we get any information
on upper bounds?

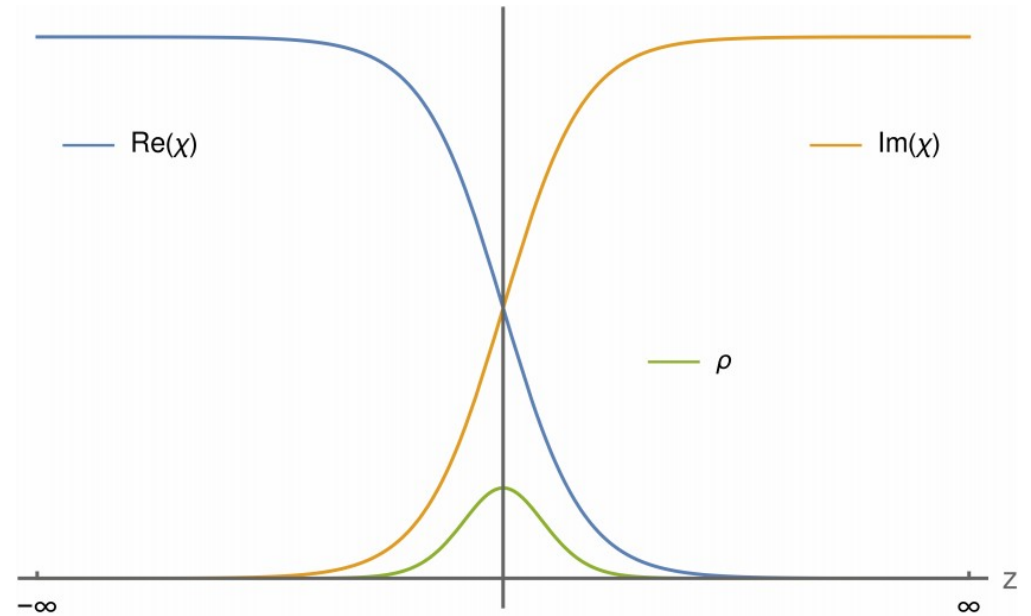
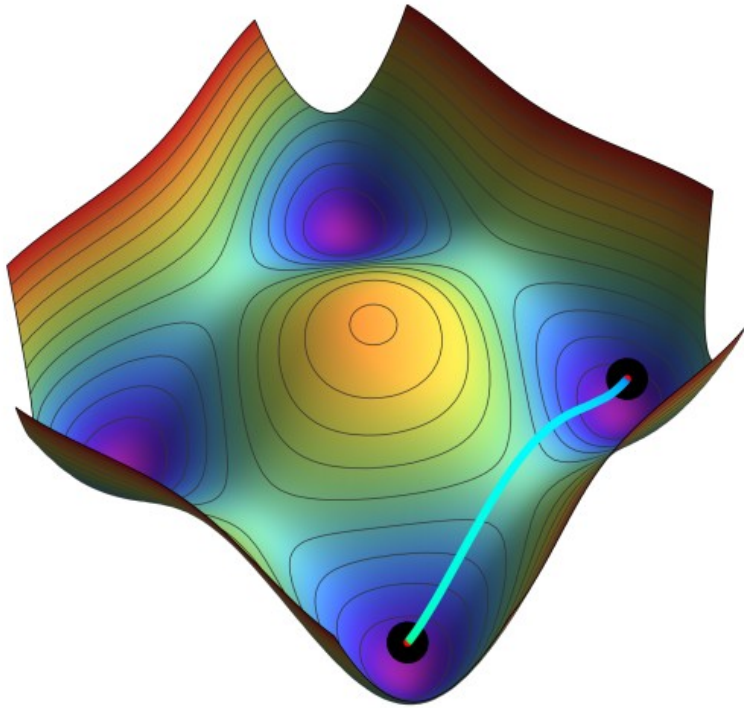
Scalar Sector: Domain Walls

$$G_F = Z_N$$



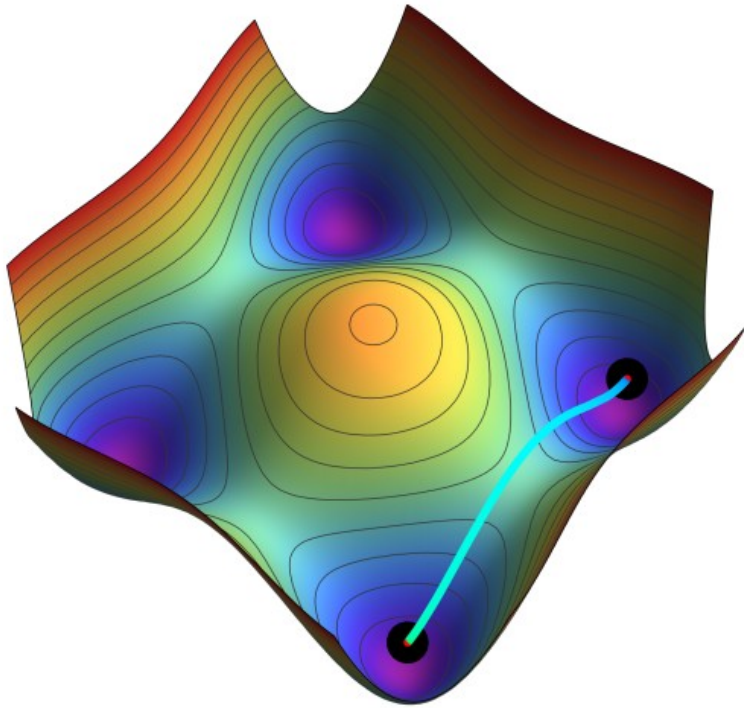
Scalar Sector: Domain Walls

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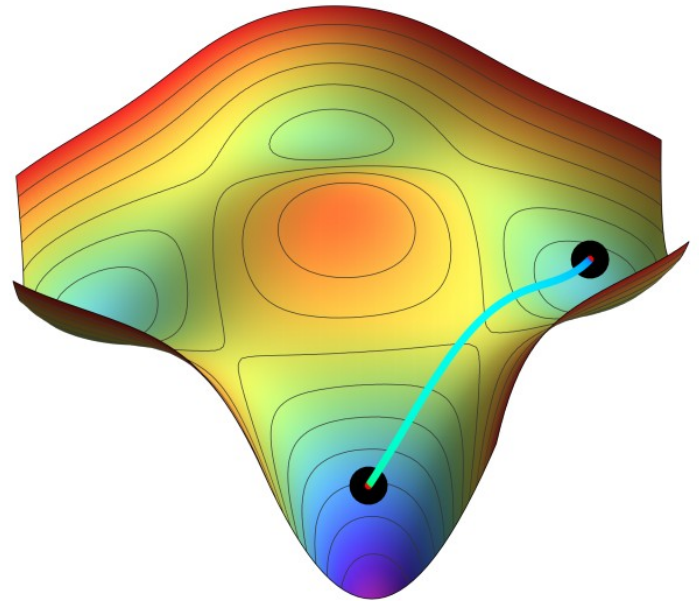


Scalar Sector: Domain Walls

$$G_F = Z_N$$



Exact



Broken

Scalar Sector: Gravitational Waves

$$G_F = Z_N$$

$$\frac{f_p}{10^{-9} \text{ Hz}} = 1.1 \left(\frac{g_*(T_{\text{ann}})}{10} \right)^{\frac{1}{6}} \left(\frac{T_{\text{ann}}}{10^{-2} \text{ GeV}} \right),$$
$$\frac{\Omega_p h^2}{7.2 \times 10^{-18}} = \tilde{\epsilon}_{\text{gw}} \mathcal{A}^2 \left(\frac{g_*(T_{\text{ann}})}{10} \right)^{-\frac{4}{3}} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\text{TeV}^3} \right)^2 \left(\frac{T_{\text{ann}}}{10^{-2} \text{ GeV}} \right)^{-4},$$

$$T_{\text{ann}} = 3.41 \times 10^{-2} \text{ GeV} (C_{\text{ann}} \mathcal{A})^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{g_*(T_{\text{ann}})}{10} \right)^{-\frac{1}{4}} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\text{TeV}^3} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{\Delta V}{\text{MeV}^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}},$$

Scalar Sector: Planck-Breaking

$$G_F = Z_N$$

Explicit-Breaking
Assumption

$$Z_N \sim \frac{\lambda}{M_P} \times \mathcal{O}_{\text{Gauge Invariant}} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} V_{Z_N} \sim \lambda \frac{\chi^5}{M_P} \\ Y_{Z_N}^f \sim y \bar{f}_L H f_R \frac{v_0}{M_P} \end{cases}$$


$$M_P \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow Z_N \text{ exact}$$

SUSY

$$G_F = Z_N$$

SUSY

SUSY: Superpotential & SSB

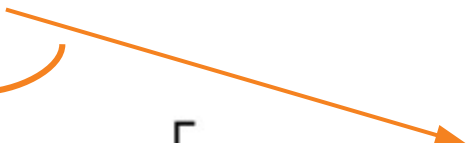
$$G_F = Z_N$$

$U(1)_R$

SUSY: Specifications

$$R(W) = 2, \quad R(S) = 2, \quad R(\chi) = 0$$

$$W = S \left(\frac{\chi^N}{\Lambda^{N-2}} - M^2 \right)$$


$$\left[Y^f f f^c H \frac{\chi^n}{\Lambda^n} \right]$$

SUSY: Superpotential & SSB

$$G_F = Z_N$$

- Scalar Potential

$$V = |F_S|^2 + |F_\chi|^2, \quad F_\phi = \frac{\partial W}{\partial \phi}$$

- Minima

$$F_\phi = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \langle S \rangle = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \langle \chi \rangle \approx \sqrt{\frac{M^2}{\varepsilon^{N-2}}}$$

SUSY: Superpotential & SSB

$$G_F = Z_N$$

$$V(\chi)|_{\langle S \rangle} = \left(\frac{|\chi|^{2N}}{\Lambda^{2N-4}} - 2M^2 \frac{\text{Re}(\chi^N)}{\Lambda^{N-2}} + M^4 \right)$$


$$M^2 = v_0^2 \varepsilon^{N-2}, \quad \text{with} \quad \varepsilon = \frac{v_0}{\Lambda}$$

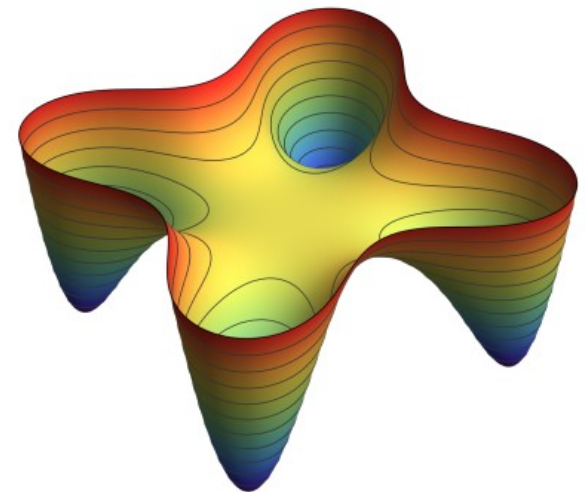
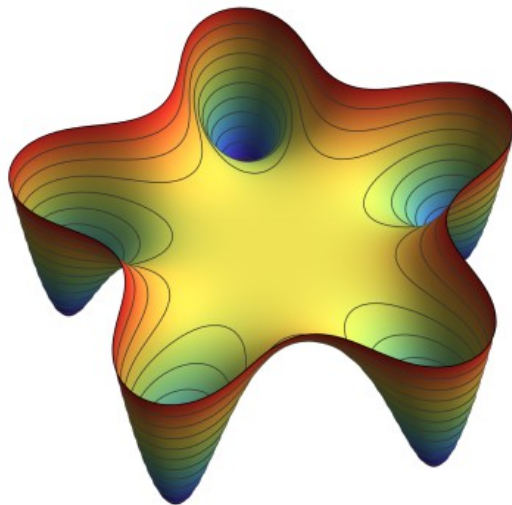
$$V(\chi)|_{\langle S \rangle} = v_0^4 \varepsilon^{2N-4} \left(V'_{U(1)} + V'_{Z_N} + 1 \right)$$

no U(1) !

SUSY: Superpotential & SSB

$$G_F = Z_N$$

$$V(\chi)|_{\langle S \rangle} = v_0^4 \varepsilon^{2N-4} \left(V'_{U(1)} + V'_{Z_N} + 1 \right)$$



SUSY: Planck-Breaking

$$G_F = Z_N$$

$$\cancel{Z_N} \sim \frac{\lambda}{M_P} \times \mathcal{O}_1$$

- Superpotential

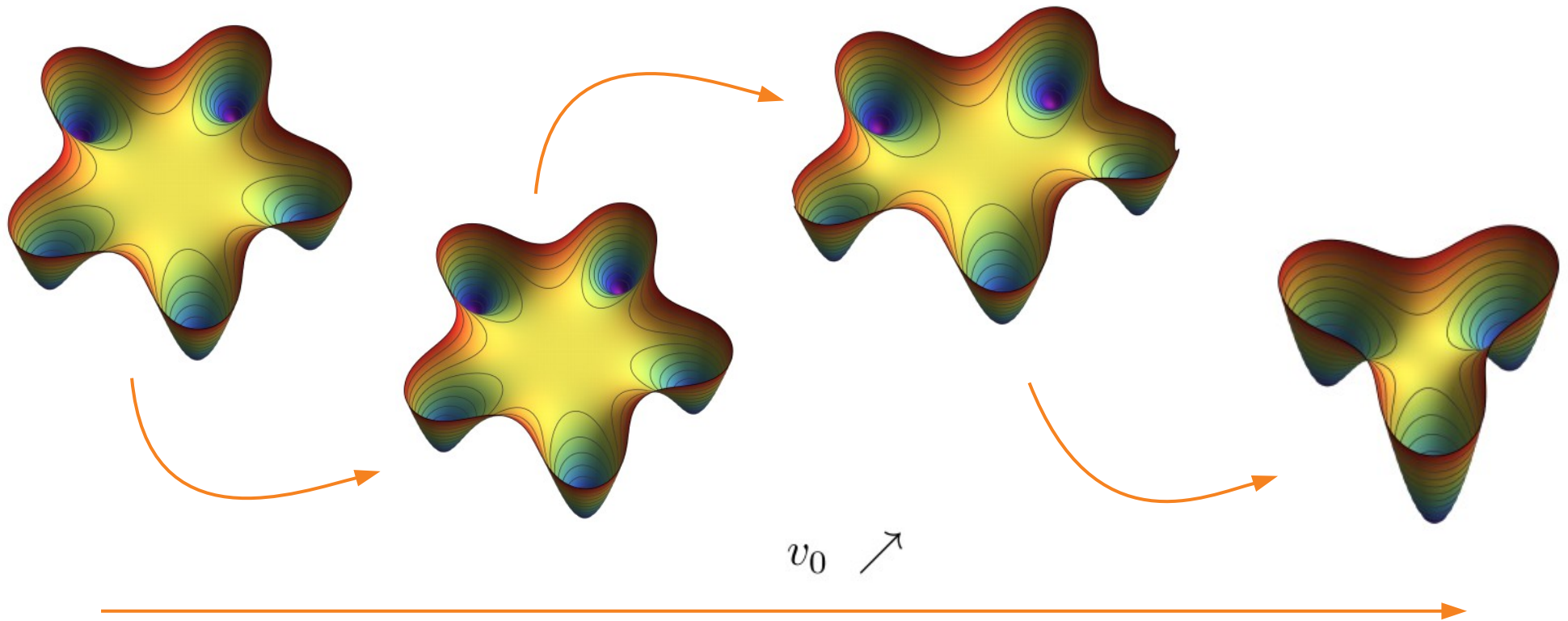
$$W = S \left(\frac{\chi^N}{\Lambda^{N-2}} + \lambda e^{i\alpha} \frac{\chi^3}{M_P} - M^2 \right) \equiv S f(\chi)$$

SUSY: Planck-Breaking

$$G_F = Z_N$$

SUSY
Consistency Condition

$$\frac{\chi^3}{M_P} \gg \frac{\chi^N}{\Lambda^{N-2}} \Rightarrow v_0 \ll M_P \epsilon^{N-2} \sim 10^{14} \text{ GeV}$$



SUSY: Planck-Breaking

$$G_F = Z_N$$

$$\cancel{Z_N} \sim \frac{\lambda}{M_P} \times \mathcal{O}_1$$

- Superpotential

$$W = S \left(\frac{\chi^N}{\Lambda^{N-2}} + \lambda e^{i\alpha} \frac{\chi^3}{M_P} - M^2 \right) \equiv S f(\chi)$$

- Scalar Potential and Minima

$$V = |F_S|^2 + |F_\chi|^2 \geq 0 \qquad F_\phi = 0$$

- But still:

$$V(\langle S \rangle, \langle \chi \rangle) = 0$$

SUSY: SUSY and Planck-Breaking

$$G_F = Z_N$$

SUSY-breaking

- Including Soft-terms

$$V = |f(\chi)|^2 + |S|^2 |f'(\chi)|^2 + m_S^2 |S|^2 + m_\chi^2 |\chi|^2 + m_{\text{SUSY}} \left[S \left(\mathbf{c}_1 M^2 + \frac{\mathbf{c}_2 \chi^N}{\Lambda^{N-2}} + \frac{\mathbf{c}_3 \chi^3}{M_P} \right) + \text{h.c.} \right]$$
$$\equiv |f(\chi)|^2 + m_{S,\text{eff}}^2 |S|^2 + m_{\text{SUSY}} [S N(\chi) + \text{h.c.}]$$

- Driving field at Minimum

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial S} = 0 \Leftrightarrow \langle S \rangle = -m_{\text{SUSY}} \frac{N^*(\chi^\dagger)}{m_{S,\text{eff}}^2}$$

- Flavon Potential:

$$V(\chi) \Big|_{\langle S \rangle} = |f(\chi)|^2 + m_\chi^2 |\chi|^2 - m_{\text{SUSY}}^2 \frac{|N(\chi)|^2}{m_{S,\text{eff}}^2}$$

SUSY: Domain Walls

$$G_F = Z_N$$

SUSY: DW estimates

- Symmetric Part (axial mode)

$$M_P \rightarrow \infty \quad \left| f(v_0 e^{i\theta}) \right|^2 = v_0^4 \varepsilon^{2N-4} [1 - \cos(N\theta)] \quad \Rightarrow \quad \sigma \approx v_0^3 \varepsilon^{N-2}$$

- Explicit Breaking

$$|f(\chi)|^2 \supset 2v_0^4 \varepsilon^{2N-4} \lambda \frac{v_0}{M_P \varepsilon^{N-2}} \left[\cos(\alpha - (N-3)\beta) - \cos(\alpha - 3\beta) \right] \rightarrow \Delta V \approx \frac{v_0^5}{M_P}$$

SUSY: Domain Walls

$$G_F = Z_N$$

SUSY: DW estimates

- Symmetric Part (axial mode)

$$M_P \rightarrow \infty \quad |f(v_0 e^{i\theta})|^2 = v_0^4 \varepsilon^{2N-4} [1 - \cos(N\theta)] \quad \Rightarrow \quad \sigma \approx v_0^3 \varepsilon^{N-2}$$

- Explicit Breaking

$$m_S \ll v_0 \varepsilon^{N-2} \quad \Delta V \approx \frac{v_0^2 m_{\text{SUSY}}^2}{N^2} \left(\frac{v_0}{M_P \varepsilon^{N-2}} \right) \left\{ |\mathbf{c}_1 + \mathbf{c}_2|^2 \frac{6\lambda}{N} \Delta \cos(2\beta + \alpha) \right. \\ \left. - 2c_1 c_3 \Delta \cos(3\beta + \gamma_3 - \gamma_1) \right. \\ \left. - 2c_2 c_3 \Delta \cos(3\beta + \gamma_3 - \gamma_2) \right\}$$

SUSY: Gravitational Waves

$$G_F = Z_N$$

SUSY: GW estimates

- Peak Frequency

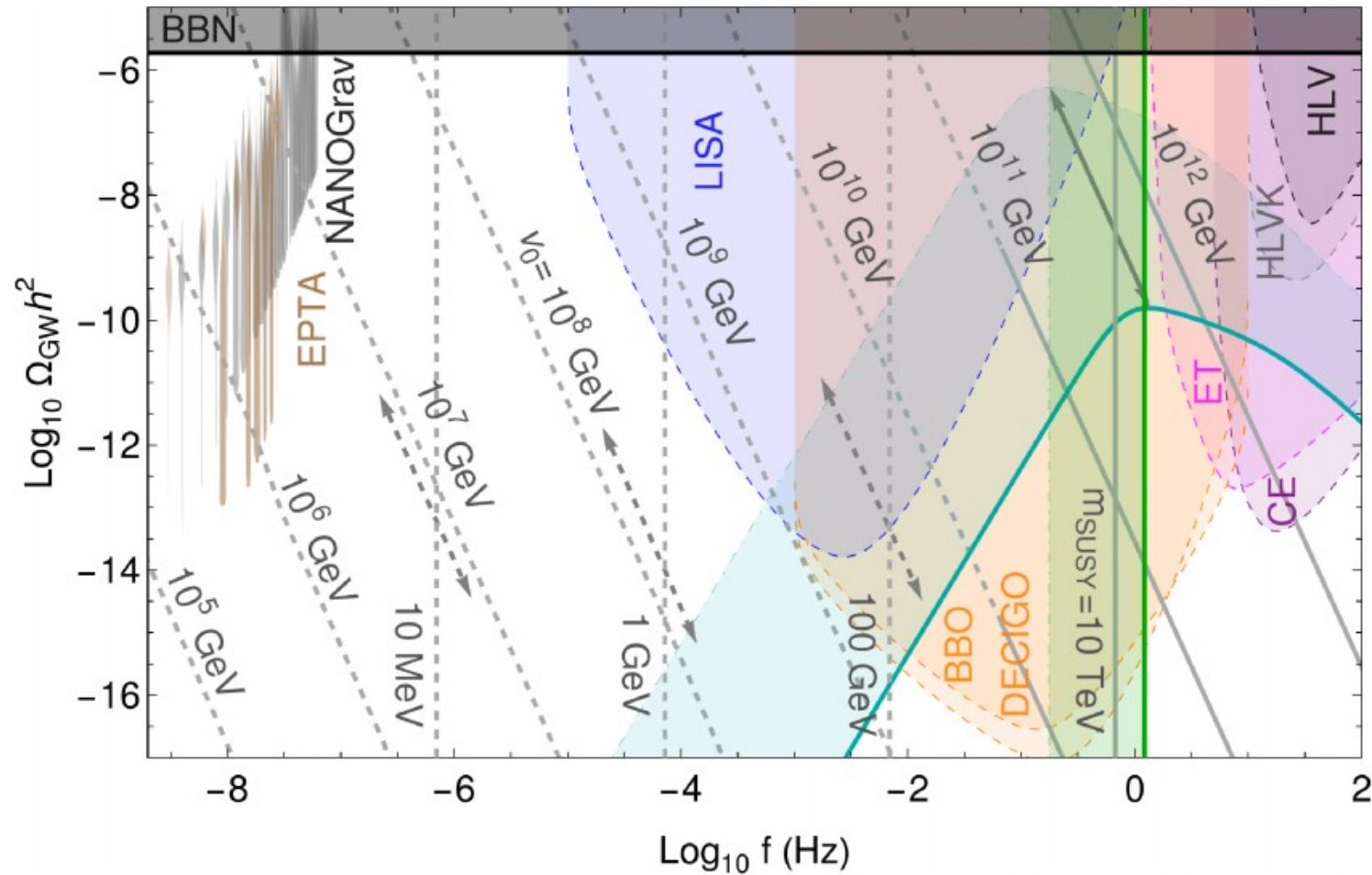
$$f_p \approx \frac{10^{-4}}{N_\varepsilon^{N-2}} m_{\text{soft}}$$

- Amplitude

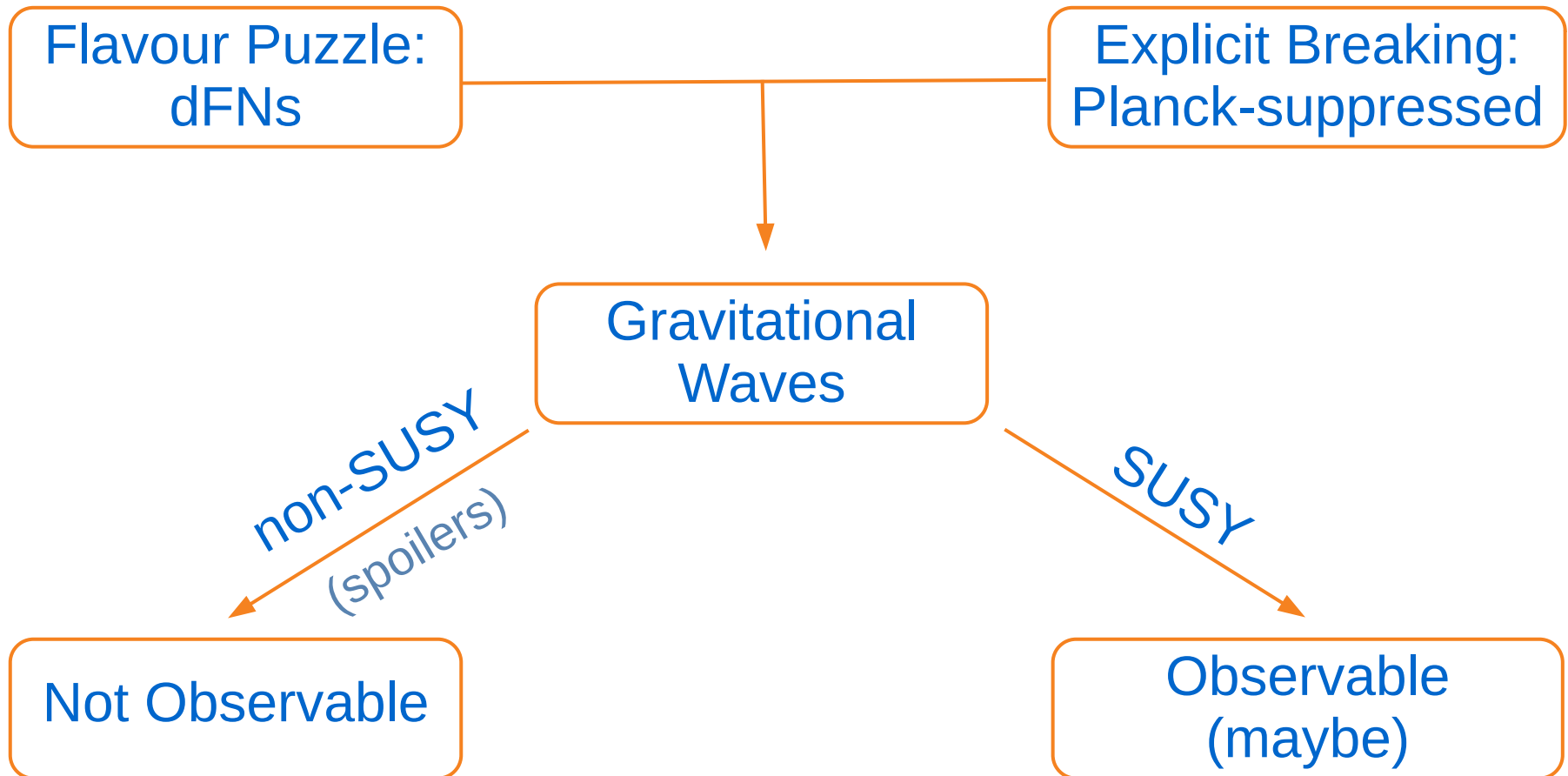
$$\Omega_p h^2 \approx 10^{-38} \frac{N^4 v_0^6 \varepsilon^{6(N-2)}}{m_{\text{soft}}^4}$$

SUSY: Gravitational Waves

$$G_F = Z_N$$



Conclusions



Thank You

non-SUSY

$$G_F = Z_N$$

non-SUSY

Scalar Sector: Orange-Squeezers

$$G_F = Z_N$$

Large N non-SUSY
and the
Orange-Squeezer Shape

$$N \leq 4, \quad \frac{V(\chi)}{v_0^4} = V'_{Z_N} + \frac{v_0}{M_P} V'_{\cancel{Z_N}},$$

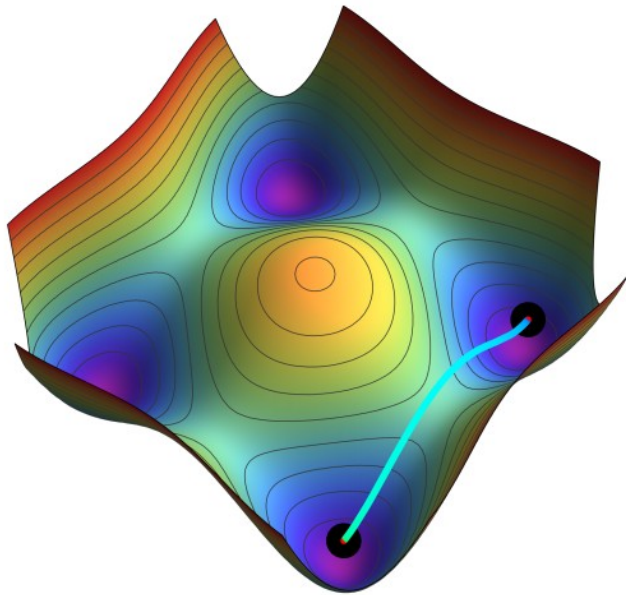
$$N = 5, \quad \frac{V(\chi)}{v_0^4} = V'_{U(1)} + \frac{v_0}{M_P} V'_{\cancel{Z_N}} + \frac{v_0}{\Lambda} V'_{Z_N},$$

$$N \geq 6, \quad \frac{V(\chi)}{v_0^4} = V'_{U(1)} + \frac{v_0}{M_P} V'_{\cancel{Z_N}} + \frac{v_0^{N-4}}{\Lambda^{N-4}} V'_{Z_N}.$$

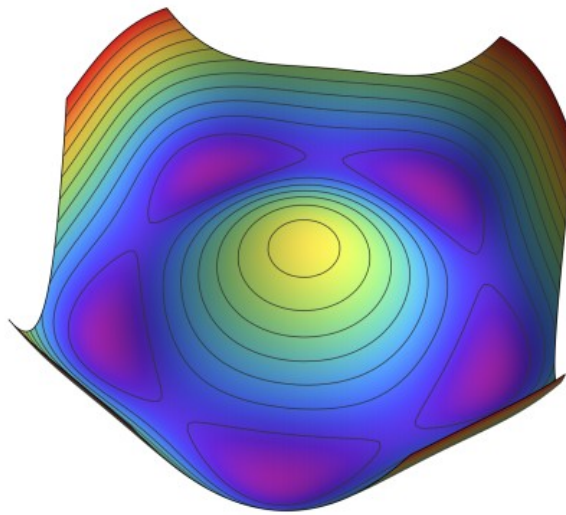
Scalar Sector: Orange-Squeezers

$$G_F = Z_N$$

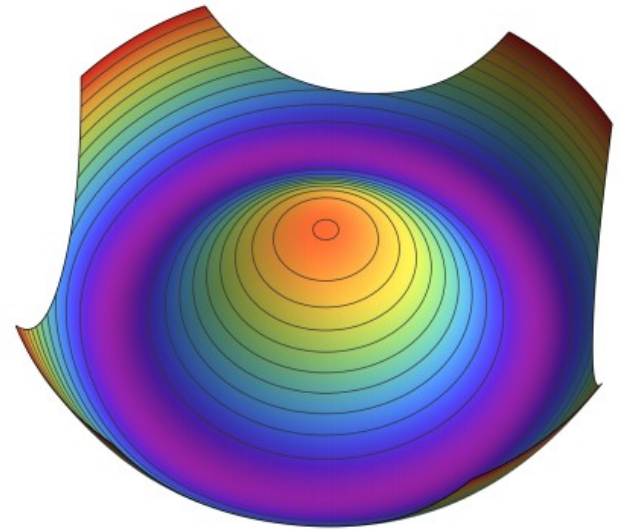
Z_4



Z_5



Z_6

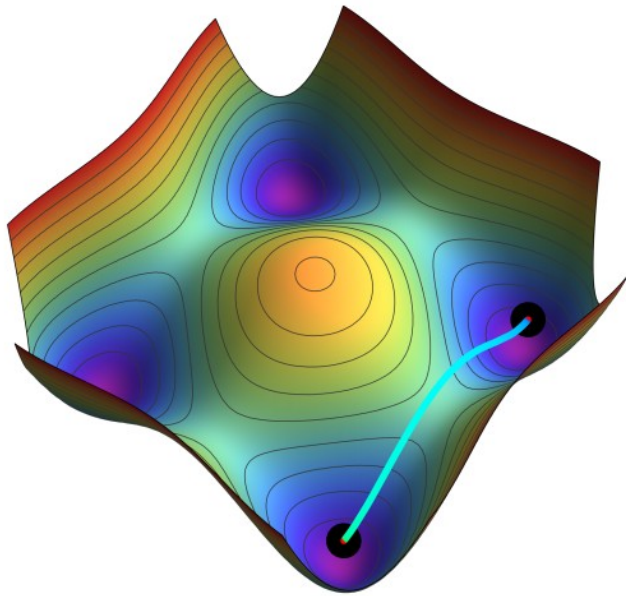


U(1) @ order-4

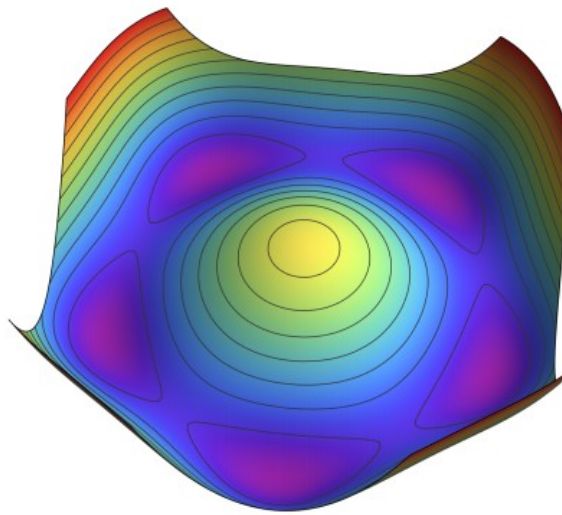
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$$G_F = Z_N$$

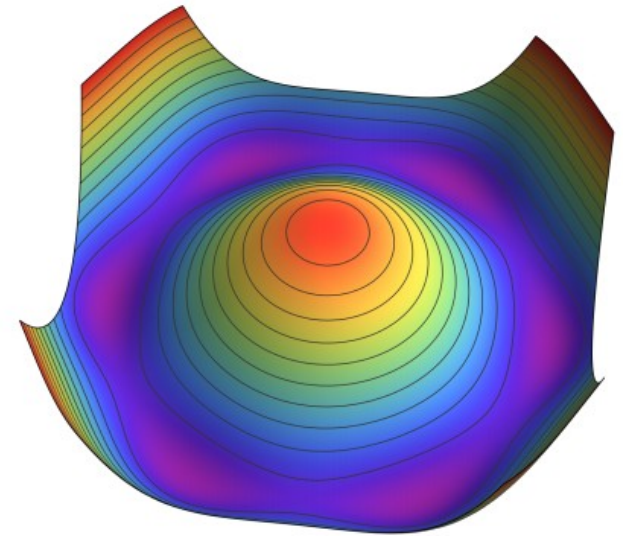
Z_4



Z_5



Z_6

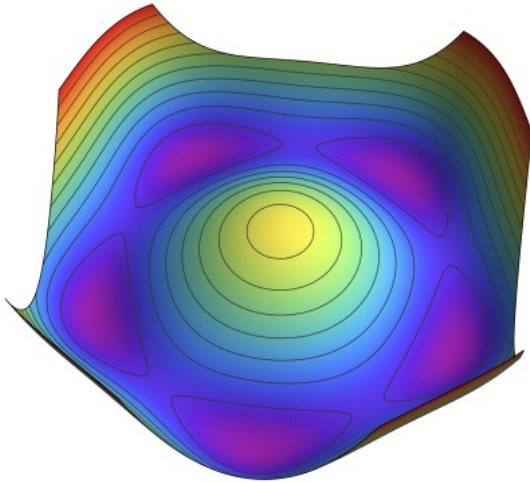


$$\lambda_N \sim 10$$

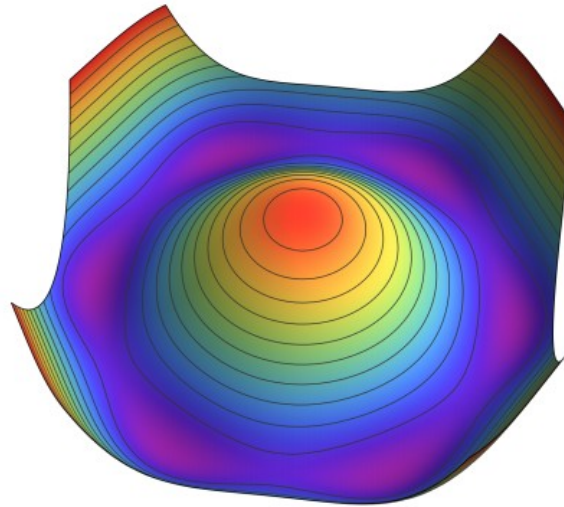
Scalar Sector: Orange-Squeezers

$$G_F = Z_N$$

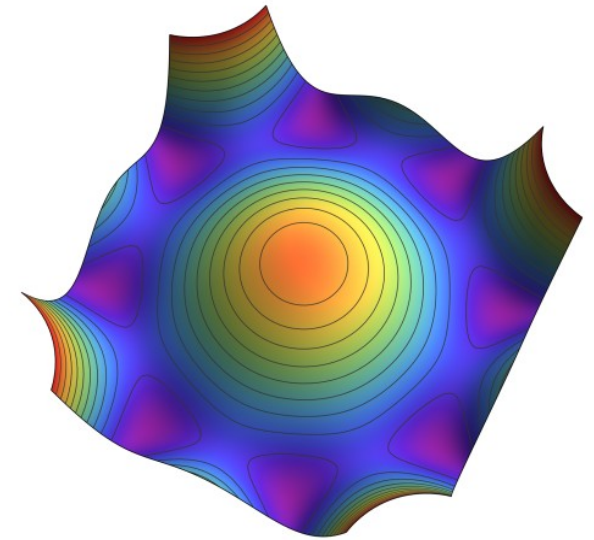
Z_5



Z_6



Z_8



$\lambda_N \sim 10$

$\lambda_N \sim 10^5$

Scalar Sector: Orange-Squeezers

$$G_F = Z_N$$

Large N non-SUSY
and the
Orange-Squeezer Shape

$$N \leq 4, \quad \frac{V(\chi)}{v_0^4} = V'_{Z_N} + \frac{v_0}{M_P} V'_{\cancel{Z_N}},$$

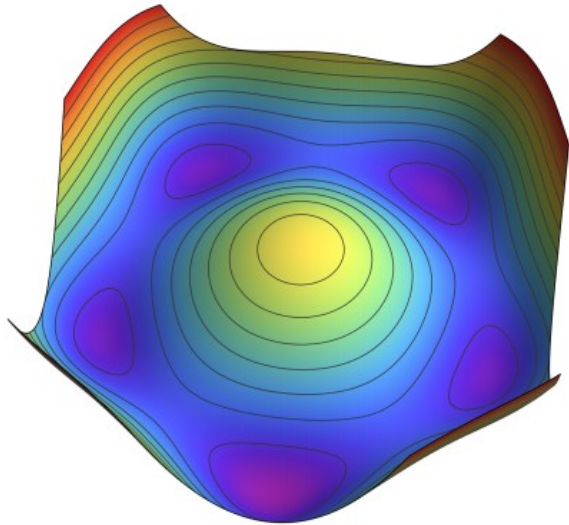
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$$N \geq 6, \quad \frac{V(\chi)}{v_0^4} = V'_{U(1)} + \frac{v_0}{M_P} V'_{\cancel{Z_N}} + \frac{v_0^{N-4}}{\Lambda^{N-4}} V'_{Z_N}.$$

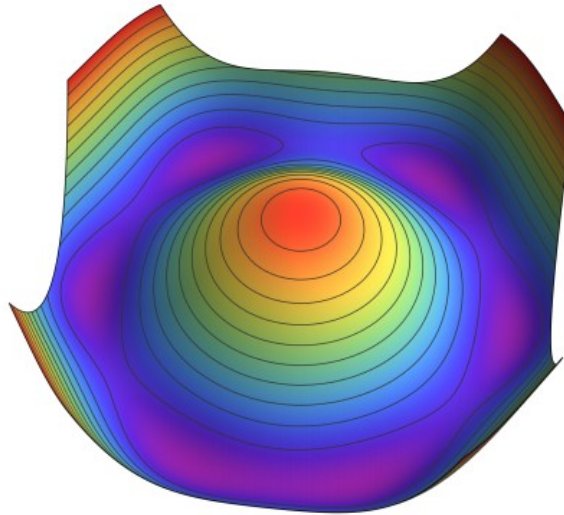
Scalar Sector: Orange-Squeezers

$$G_F = Z_N$$

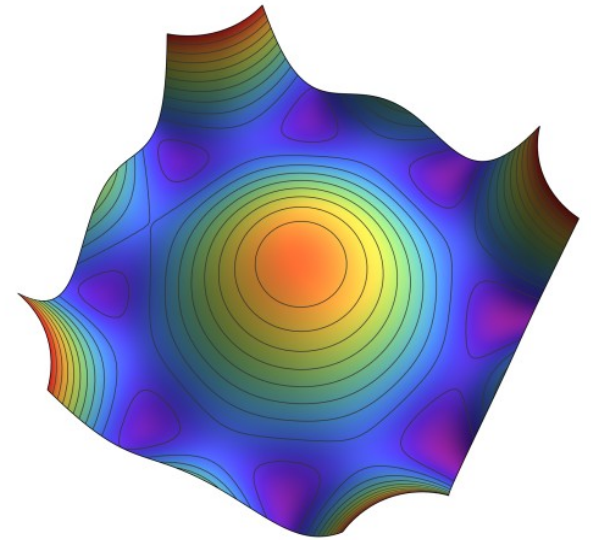
Z_5



Z_6



Z_8

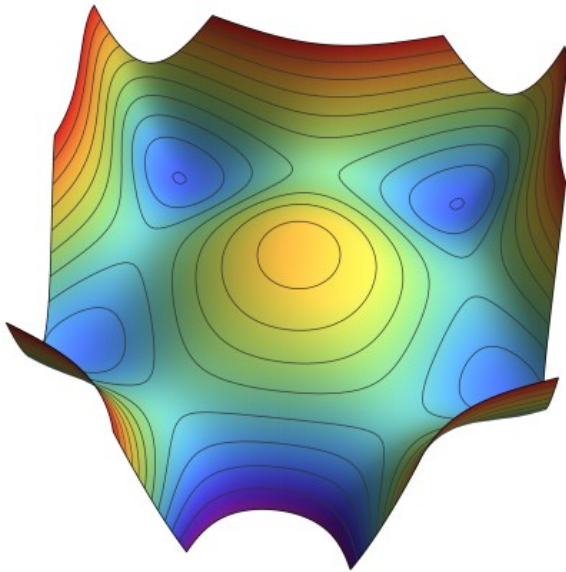


Scalar Sector: Orange-Squeezers

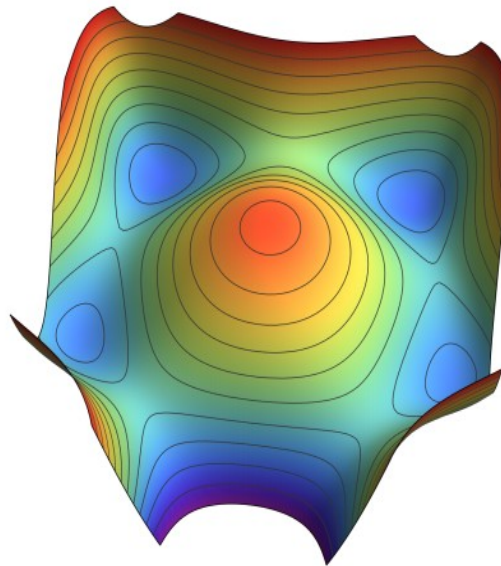
$$G_F = Z_N$$

$$V_{Z_N} \gg V_{Z_N}$$

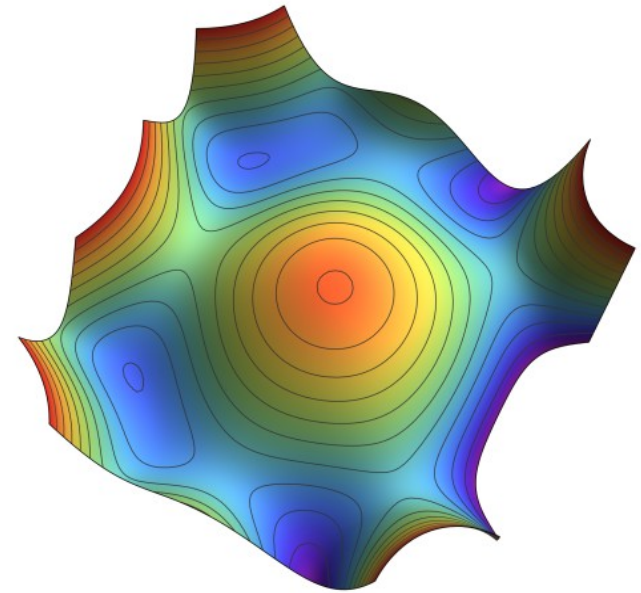
Z_5



Z_6



Z_8



Scalar Sector: Orange-Squeezers

$$G_F = Z_N$$

non-SUSY
Consistency Condition

$$V(\chi) : \quad V_{Z_N} \gg V_{\cancel{Z_N}} \Rightarrow v_0 \ll M_P \epsilon^{N-4}$$

$$\text{FN} : \quad y^f \epsilon^{\max} \gtrsim \frac{v_0}{M_P} \Rightarrow v_0 \lesssim M_P \epsilon^{N/2}$$



$$v_0 \ll 10^{12-13} \text{ GeV}$$

non-SUSY: Domain Walls

$$G_F = Z_N \quad \text{non-SUSY: DW estimates}$$

- Symmetric Part (axial mode)

$$V(v_0 e^{i\theta}) = 2\lambda_N \varepsilon^{N-4} v_0^4 \left[1 - \cos(N\theta) \right] \longrightarrow \sigma = \frac{8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\lambda_N} \varepsilon^{\frac{N-4}{2}} v_0^3}{N}$$

- Explicit Breaking

$$V_{Z_N} \sim \lambda \frac{\chi^5}{M_P} \longrightarrow \Delta V \sim \frac{v_0^5}{M_P}$$

non-SUSY: Domain Walls

$$G_F = Z_N$$

