

Int. Conf. on Origin of Matter and Evolution of Galaxies
IBS, Daejeon Korea, June 26–29, 2017

Solving the Mystery of r-Process and ν p-Process

Taka KAJINO

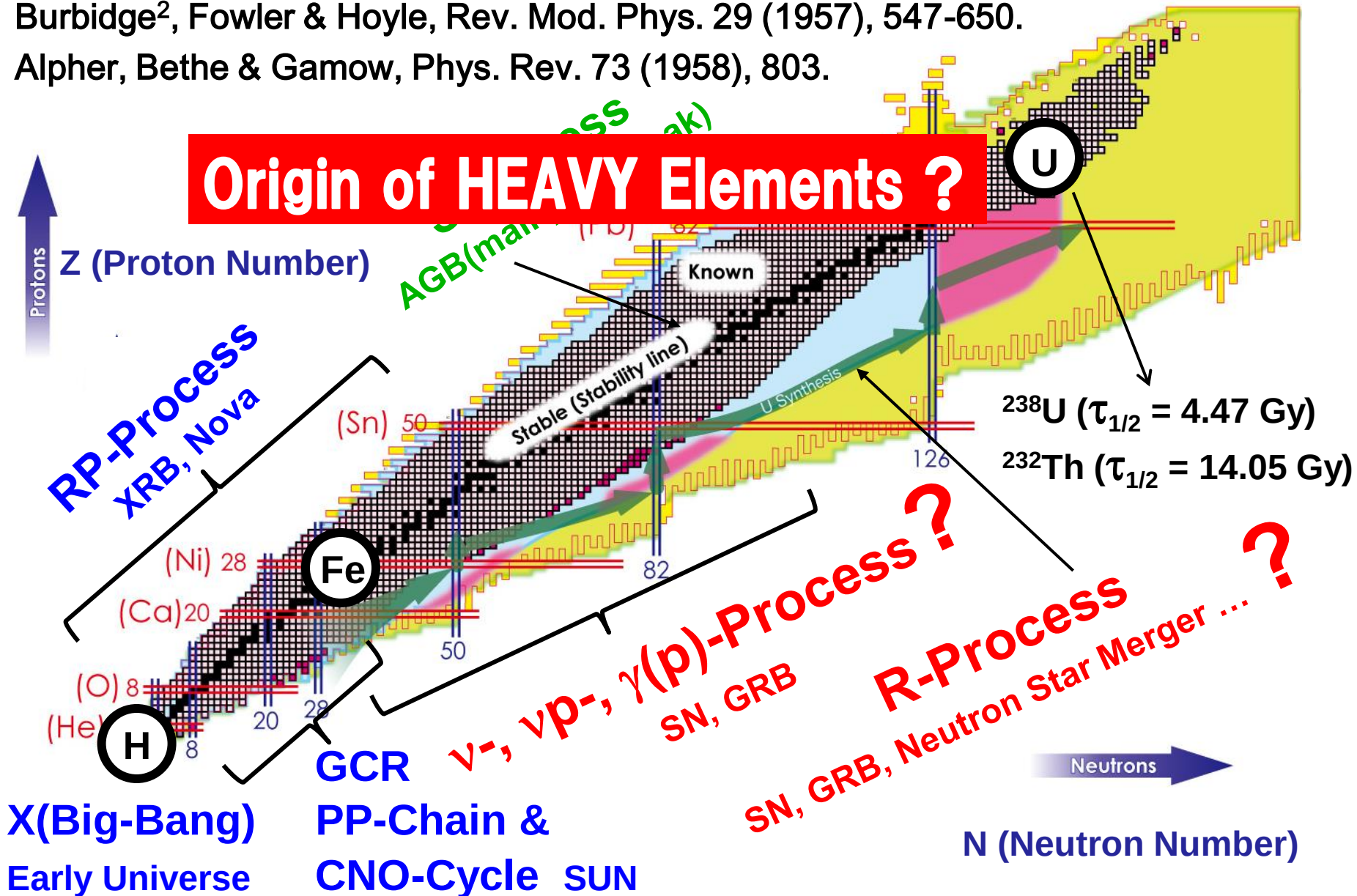
National Astronomical Observatory of Japan
The University of Tokyo

Beihang University, Int. Cent. Big-Bang Cosmology & Element Genesis

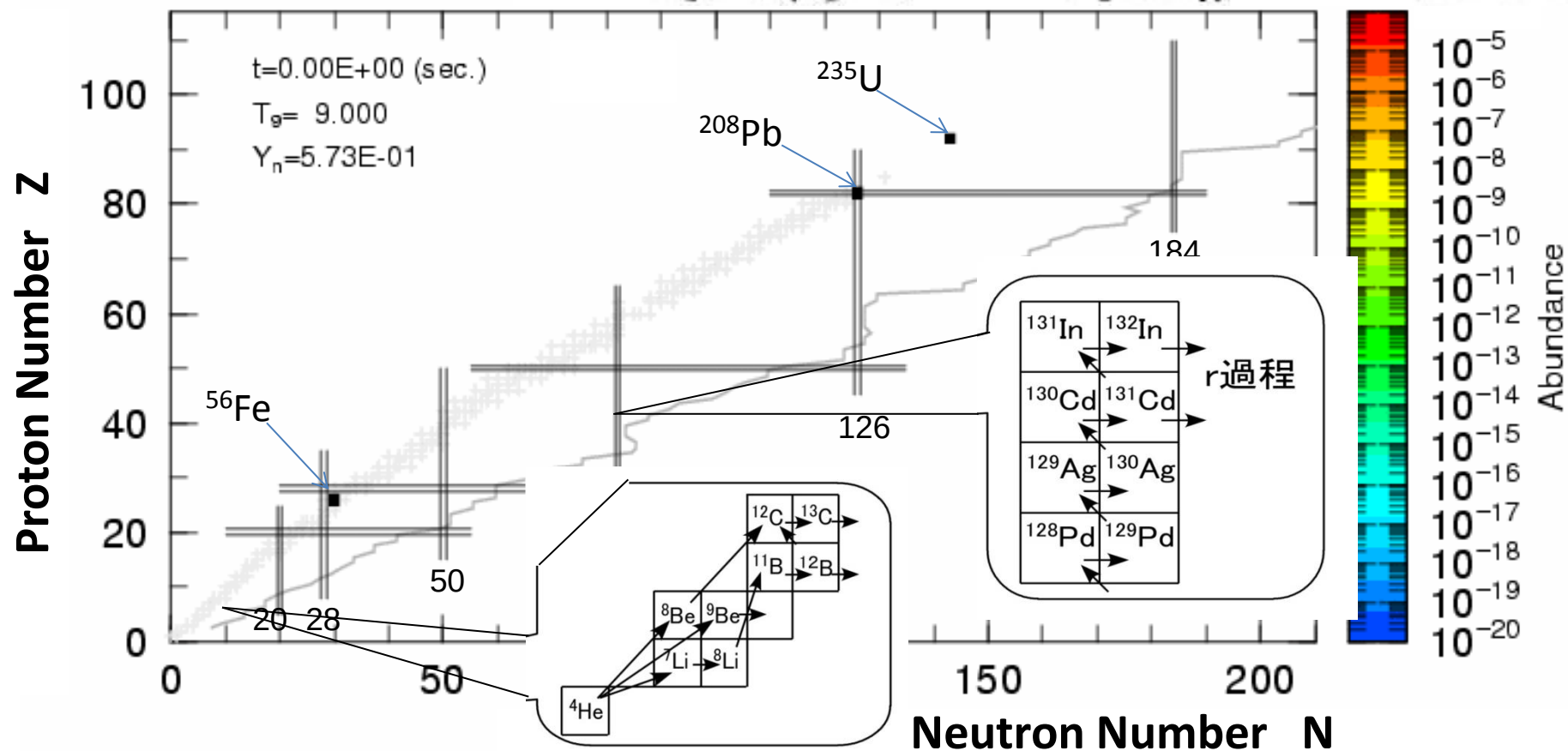
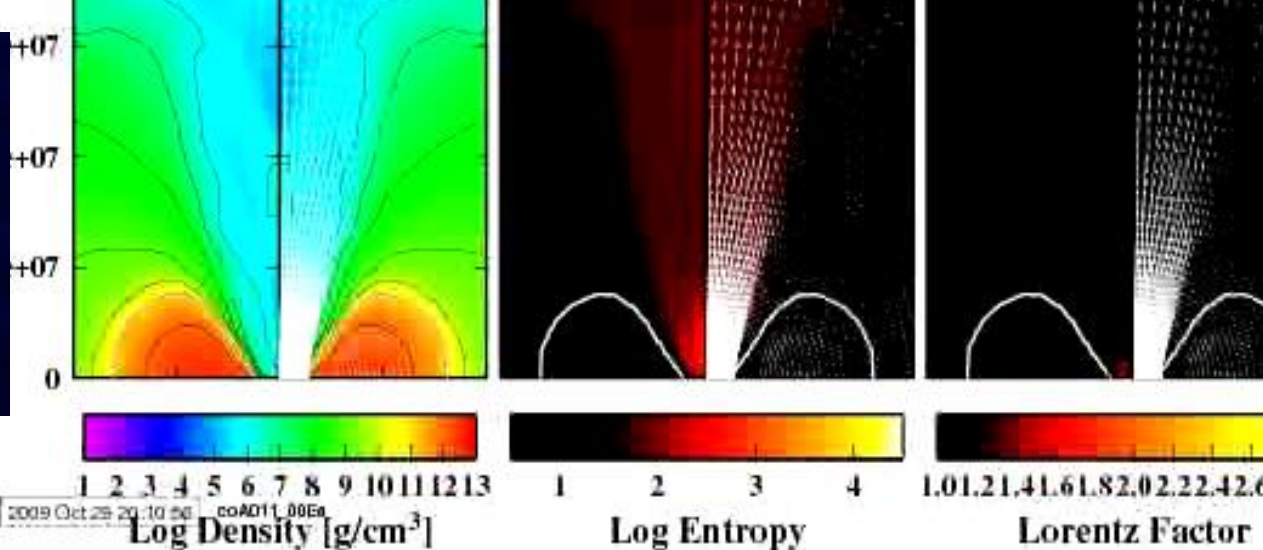
Element Genesis from Nuclear Processes in Cosmos

Burbidge², Fowler & Hoyle, Rev. Mod. Phys. 29 (1957), 547-650.

Alpher, Bethe & Gamow, Phys. Rev. 73 (1958), 803.



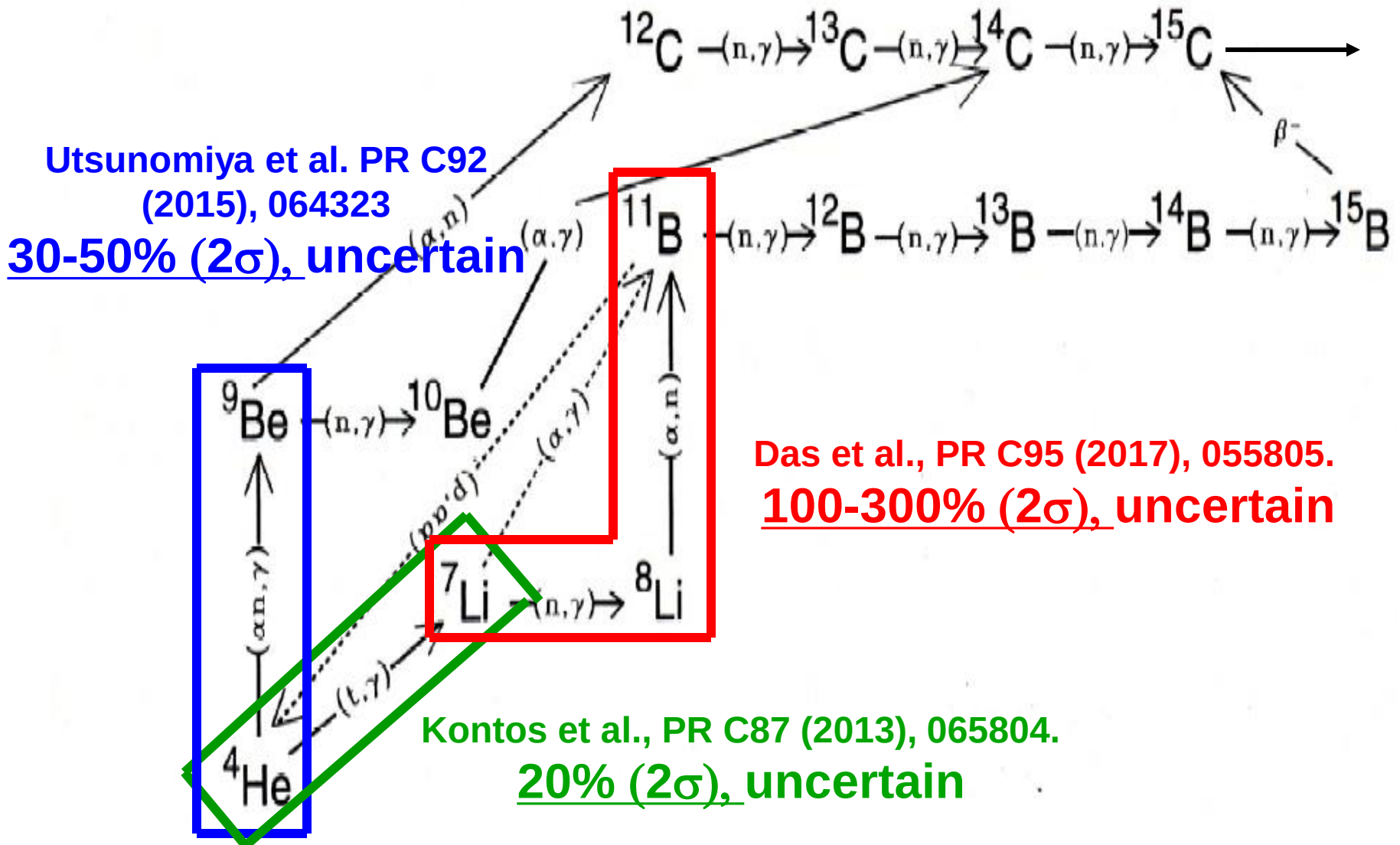
MHD-Jet Supernova



Important Reaction Flows, affecting R-Process

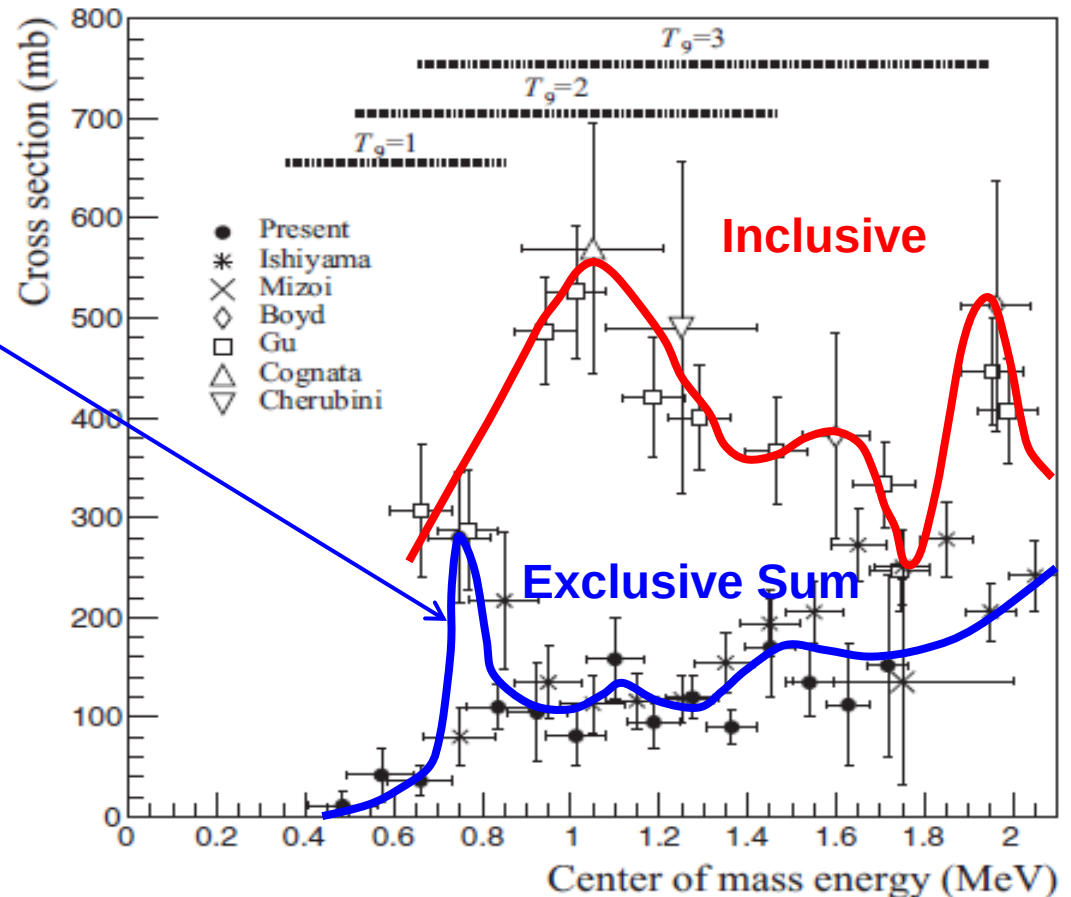
Factor x2 change could lead to 10^{1-2} difference in r-elements !

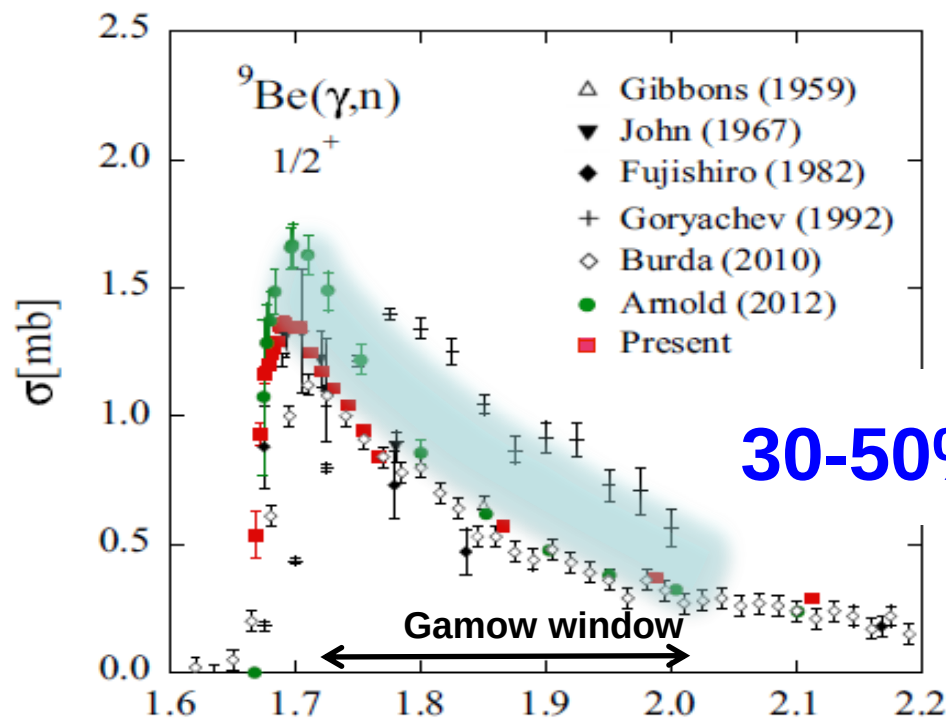
Kim et al., (2017), on-going project at RAON/RISP/IBS.





- ◇ Boyd et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 68 (1992), 1283.
- △ LaCognata et al., Phys. Lett. B664 (2008), 157.
- Gu et al., Phys. Lett. B343 (1995), 31.
- * Ishiyama et al., Phys. Lett. B640 (2006), 82.
Hashimoto et al., Phys. Lett. B674 (2009), 276.
- [Das, et al., Phys. Rev. C95 \(2017\), 055805.](#)



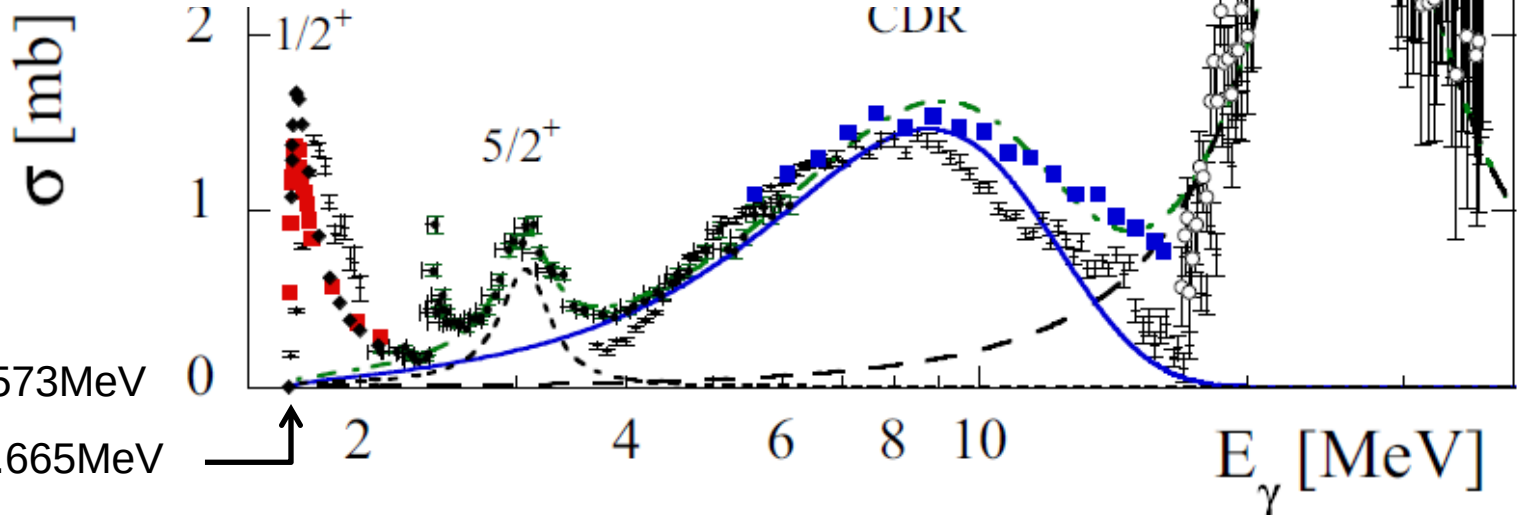


${}^9\text{Be}(\gamma, n)2\alpha$

Utsunomiya et al.,
PRC92 (2015), 064323.

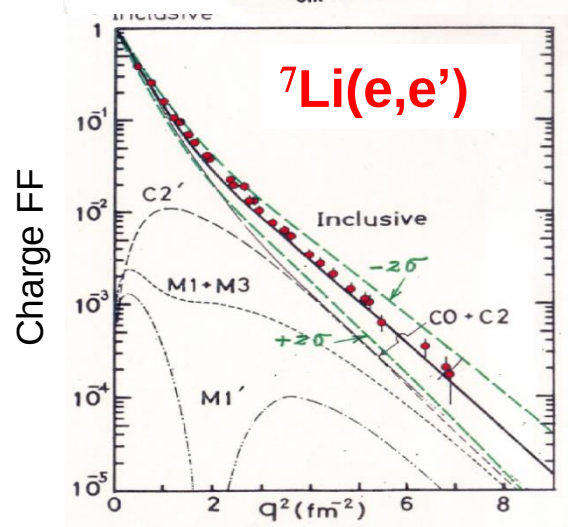
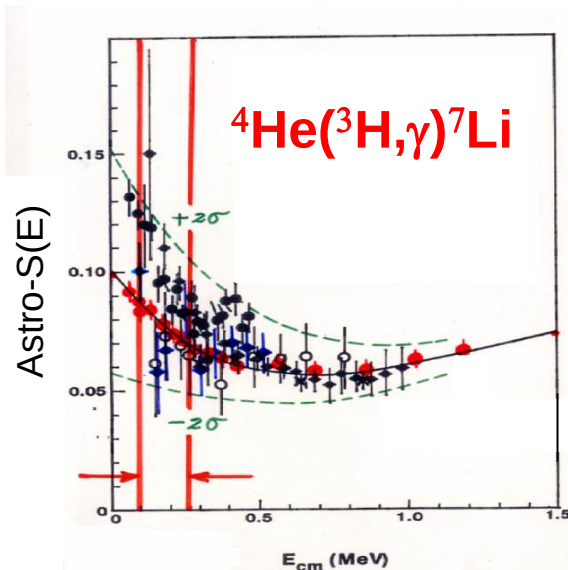
30-50% (2σ), uncertain !

**$1/2^+$ resonance is not expected
from nucl. structure theory !**



${}^4\text{He}({}^3\text{He},\gamma){}^7\text{Be}$

Charge Conjugation ${}^7\text{Be}$ and ${}^7\text{Li}$

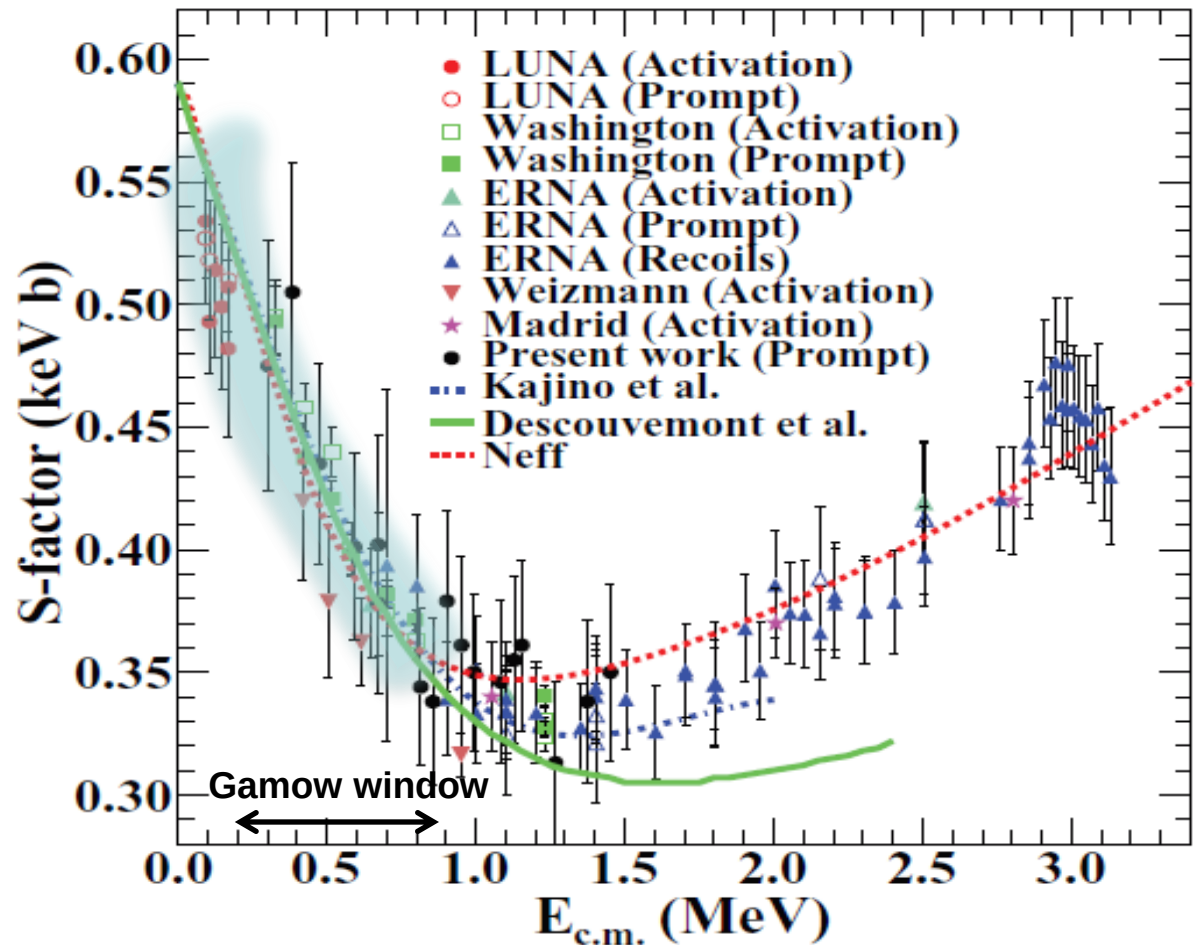


E.G. Adelberger, Rev. Mod. Phys. 83 (2011), 195.

5% (1σ), uncertain !

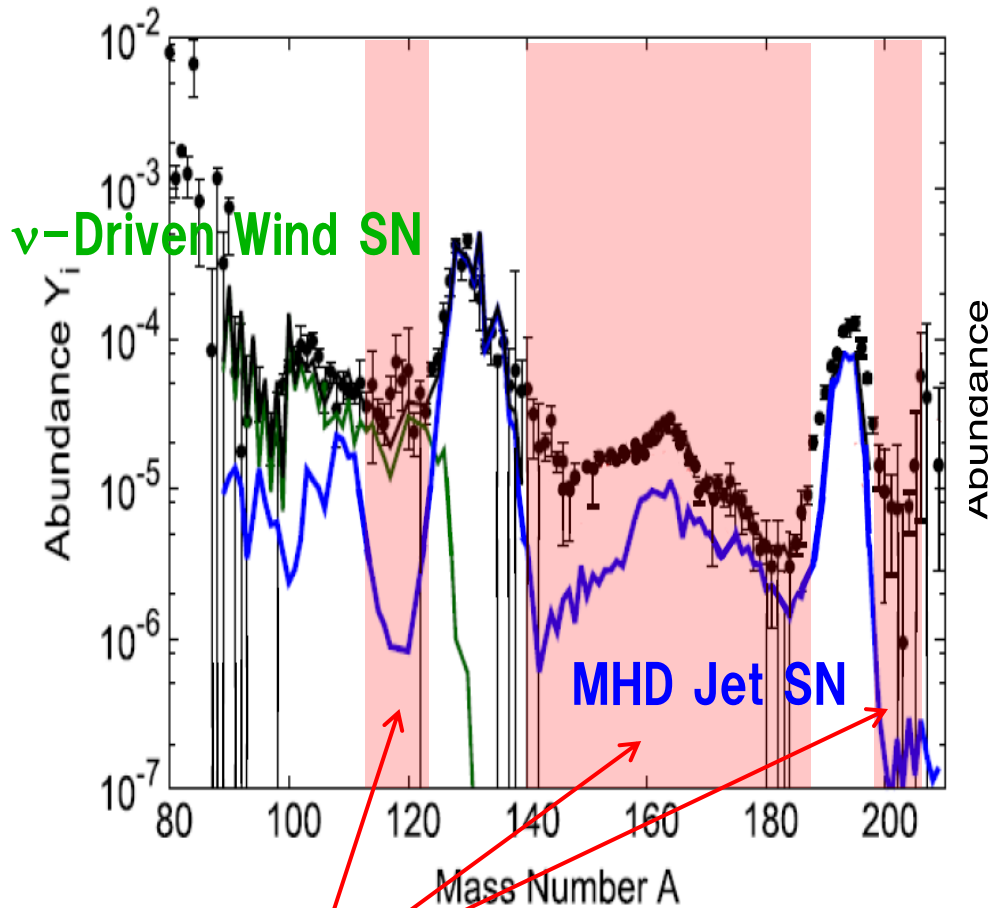
A. Kontos et al., PRC87 (2013), 065804.

20% (2σ), uncertain !

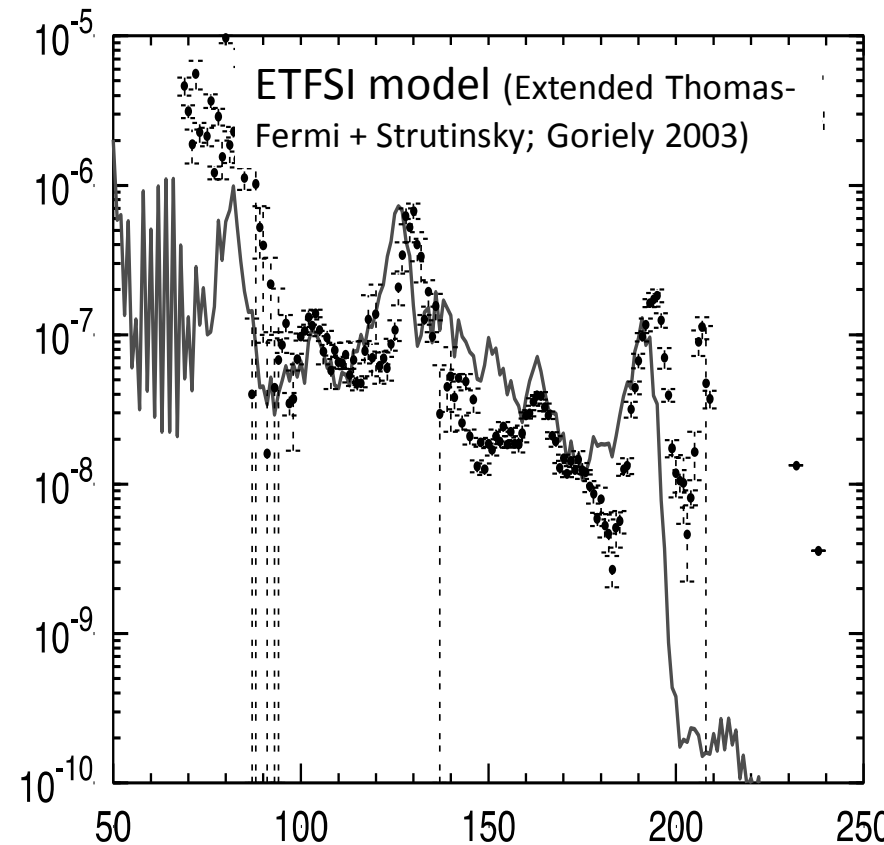


Magneto-Hydrodynamic Jets (MHDJ-SN)

S. Nishimura, et al., ApJ , 642, 410 (2006) ; T. Takiwaki, K.Kotake and K. Sato, ApJ 691, 1360 (2009); C. Winteler, et al., ApJ 750, L22 (2012).



Underproduction → Possible Solutions
PROBLEM !



Nucl. Phys. – Shell Quenching ?
or
Another Site (NSM) ?

RIKEN-RIBF : Decay Spectroscopy around $A = 100-145$

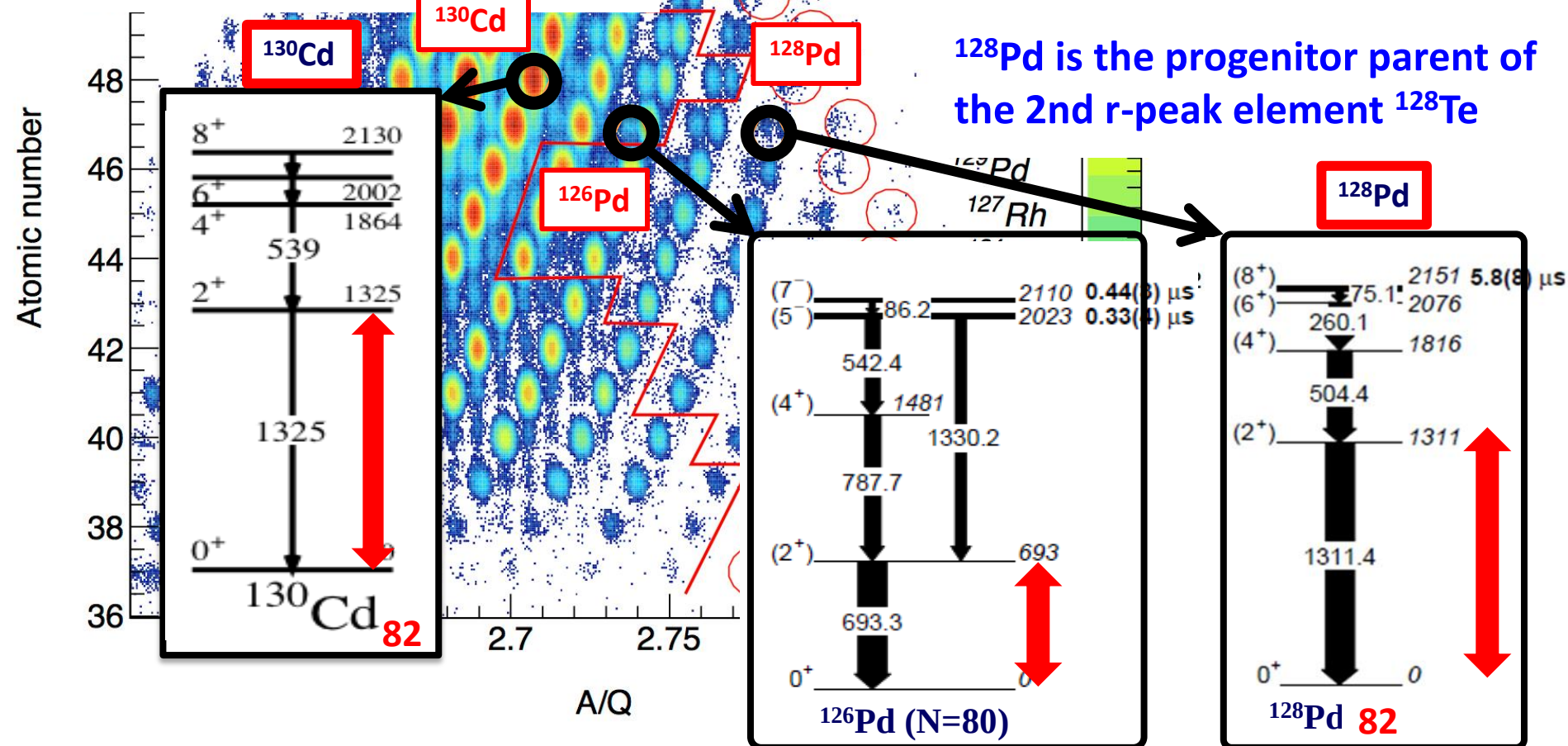
G. Lorusso et al., PRL 114 (2015), 192501.

A. Jungclaus, PRL99, (2007)

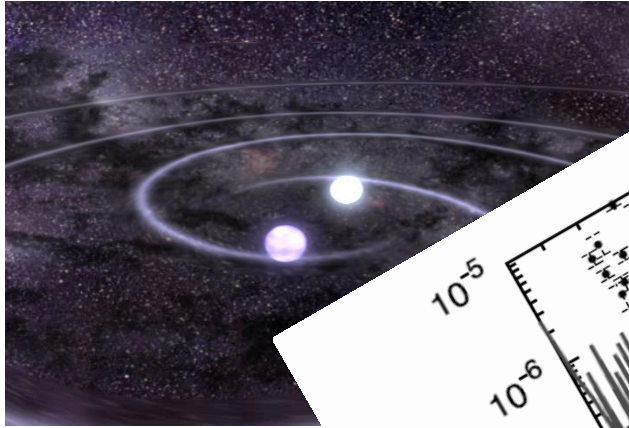
No clear evidence for shell quenching on $N=82$!

H. Watanabe et al., PRL111 (2013)

No clear evidence for shell quenching on $N=82$!



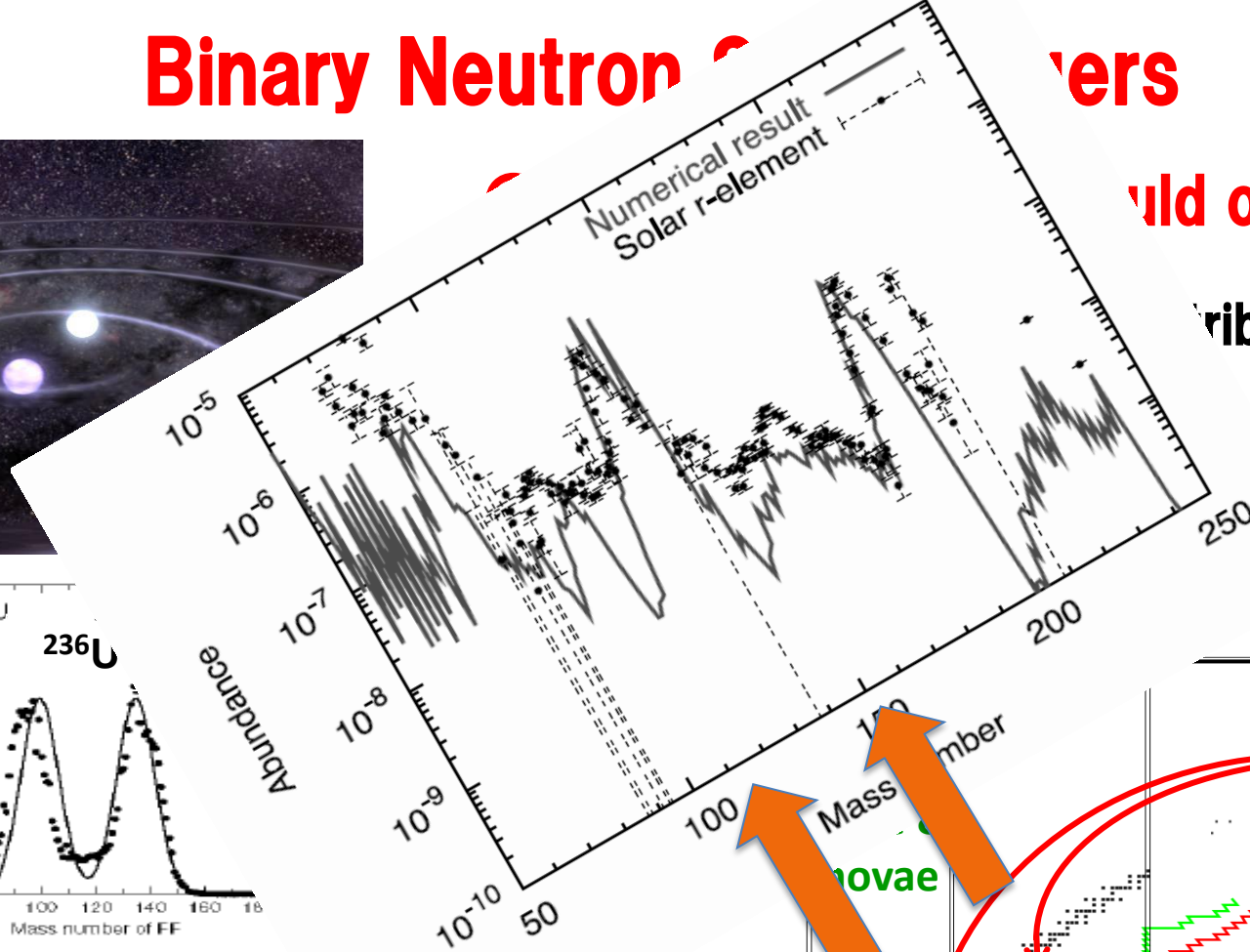
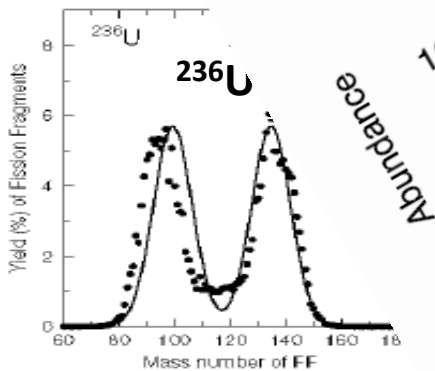
Binary Neutron Stars



could operate!

distribution

Paris, France, (2007)



Fission Region

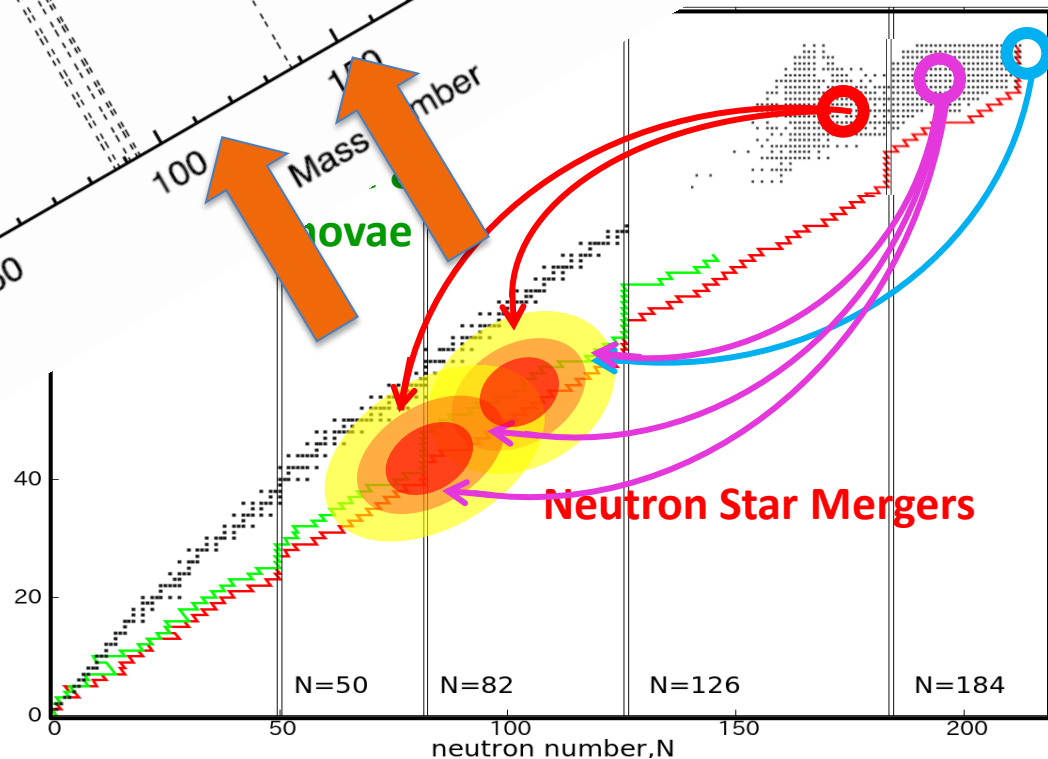
Bimodal or Trimodal

$$f(A, A_p) = \sum_{A_i} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} W_i \exp\left(-\frac{(A - A_i)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$

$$A_H = (1 + \alpha)(A_p - N_{loss})/2$$

$$A_L = (1 - \alpha)(A_p - N_{loss})/2$$

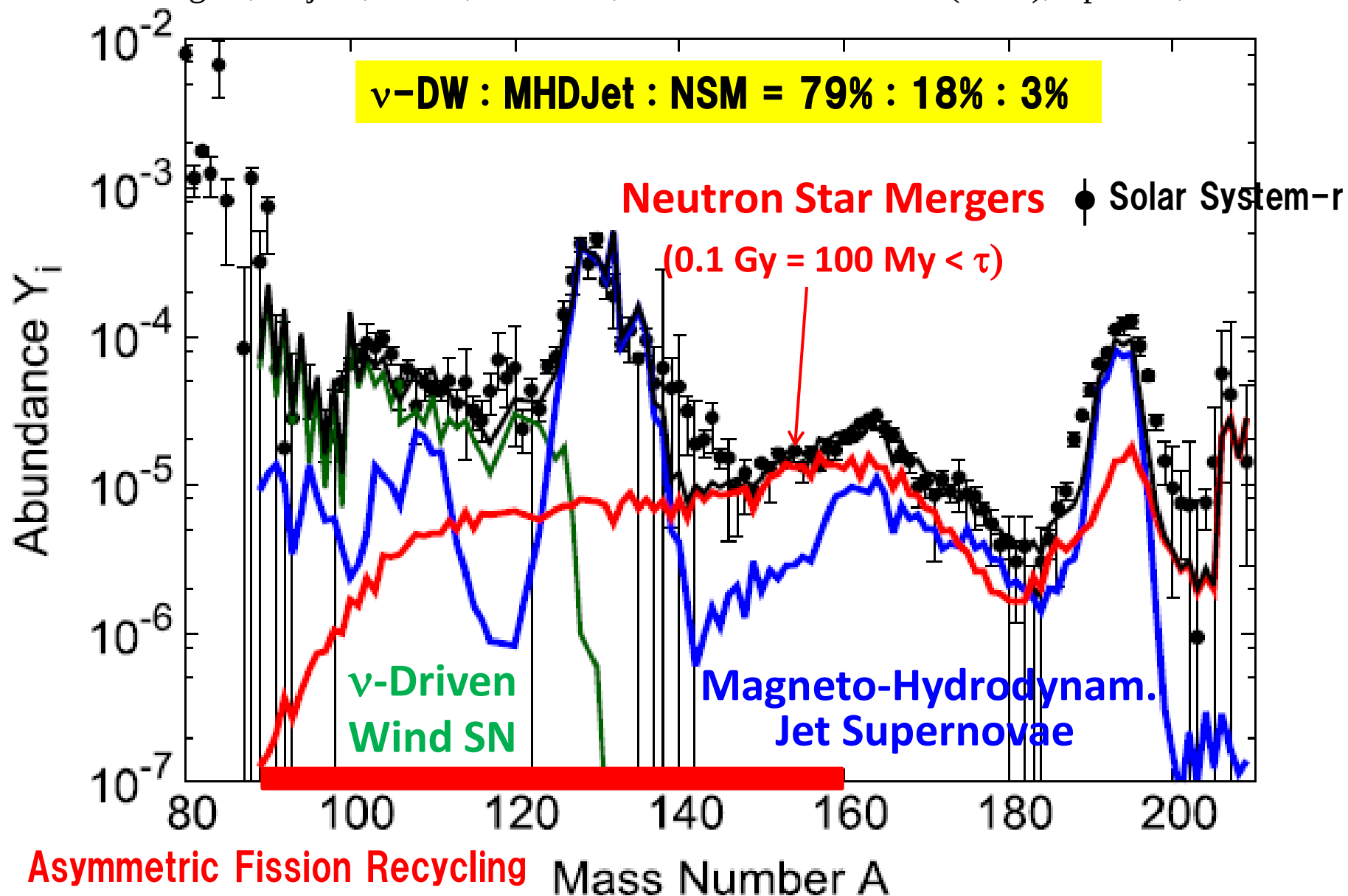
$$A_M = (A_H + A_L)/2.$$



Solar System r-Process Abundance

Present $t = 13.8\text{Gy}$

Shibagaki, Kajino, Chiba, Mathews, Nishimura & Lorusso (2016), ApJ 816, 79.



Observed Galactic event rates !

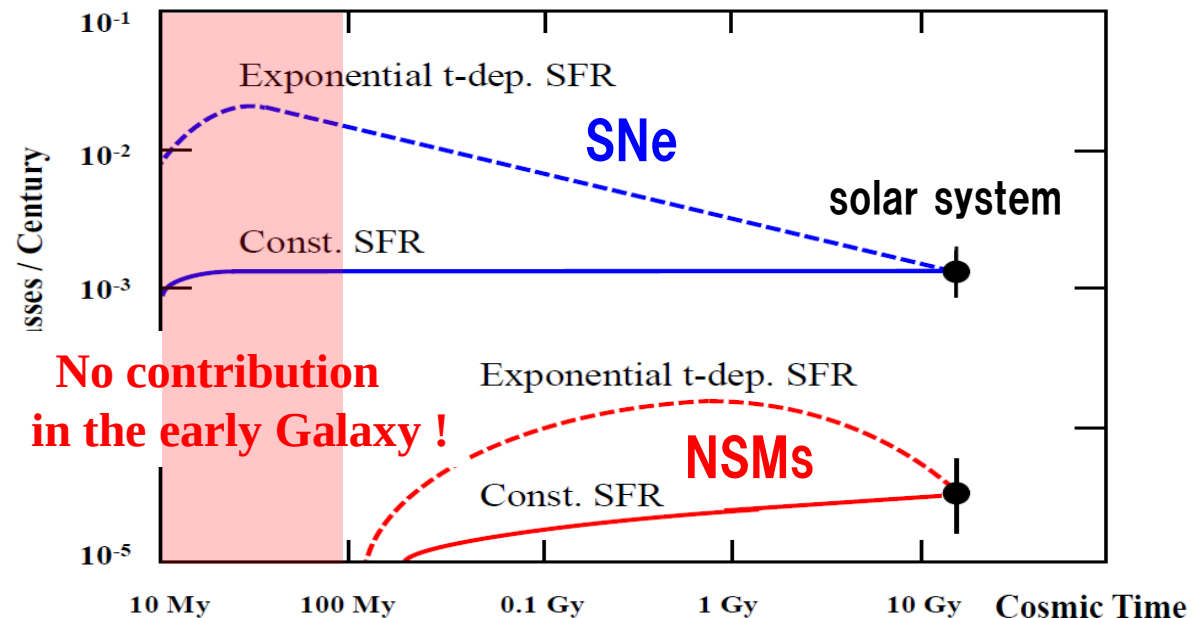
Ejected Mass [Msun] x Event Rate [/Galaxy/Century]			
vSN (Weak r)	=	7.4×10^{-4}	x $(1.9 \pm 1.1)^a$
MHD Jet SNe	=	0.6×10^{-2}	x $((0.03 \pm 0.02) \times (1.9 \pm 1.1))^b$
Binary NSMs	=	$(2 \pm 1) \times 10^{-2}$	x $(1-28) \times 10^{-3}^c$
Observations	a	1.9 ± 1.1	Diehl, et al., Nature 439, 45 (2006).
	b	0.03 ± 0.02	Winteler, et al., ApJ 750, L22 (2012).
Obs. Estimate	c	$(1-28) \times 10^{-3}$	Kalogera, et al., ApJ 614, L137 (2004).

Event rates

including Binary Evolution

Kajino & Mathews, Rep. Prog. Phys. **80** (2017) 08490;
Mathews & Kajino, (1987).

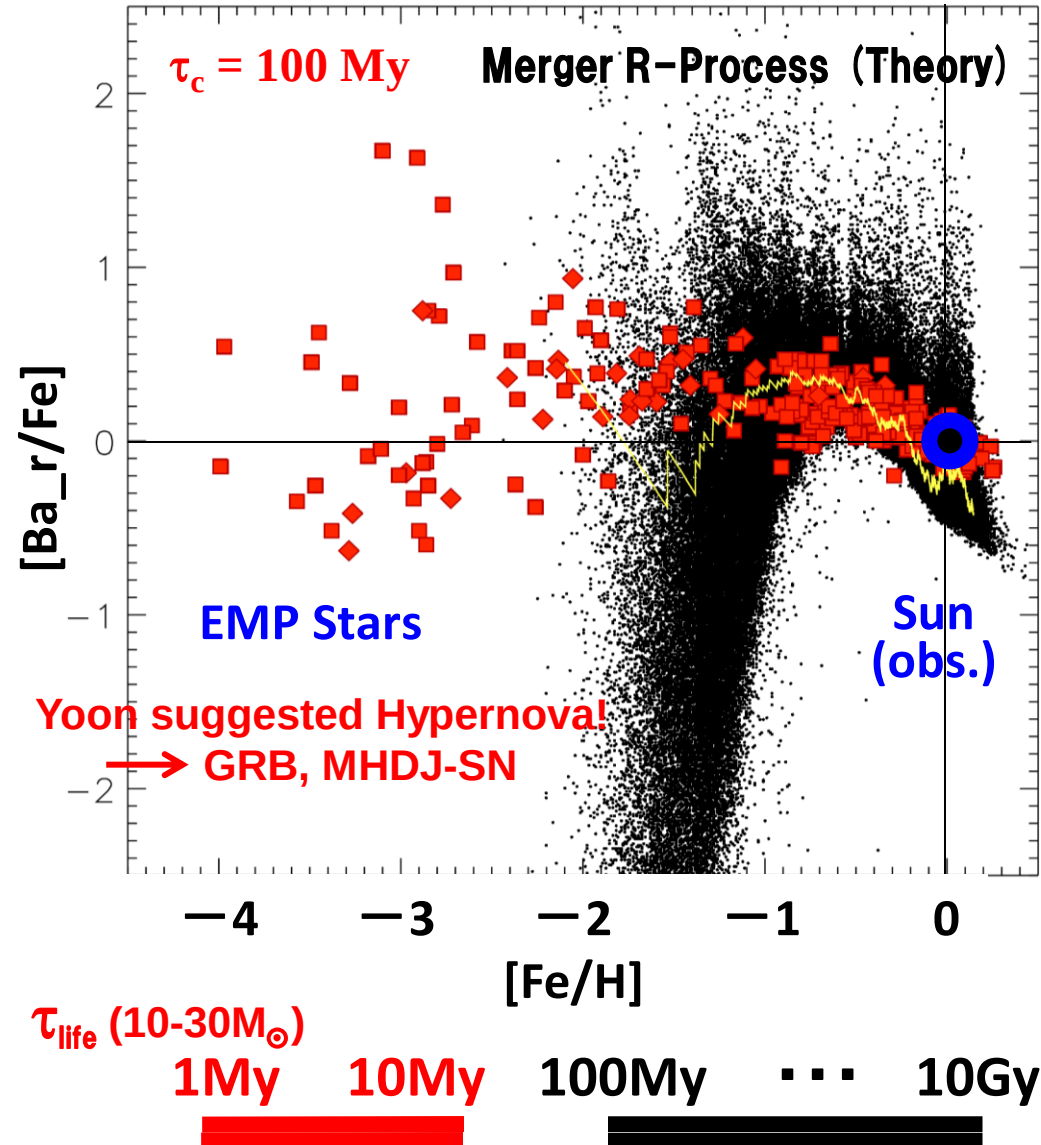
Time Scale Problem in Neutron Star Mergers



Time Scale Problem

Argast, et al., A&A 416 (2004), 997,

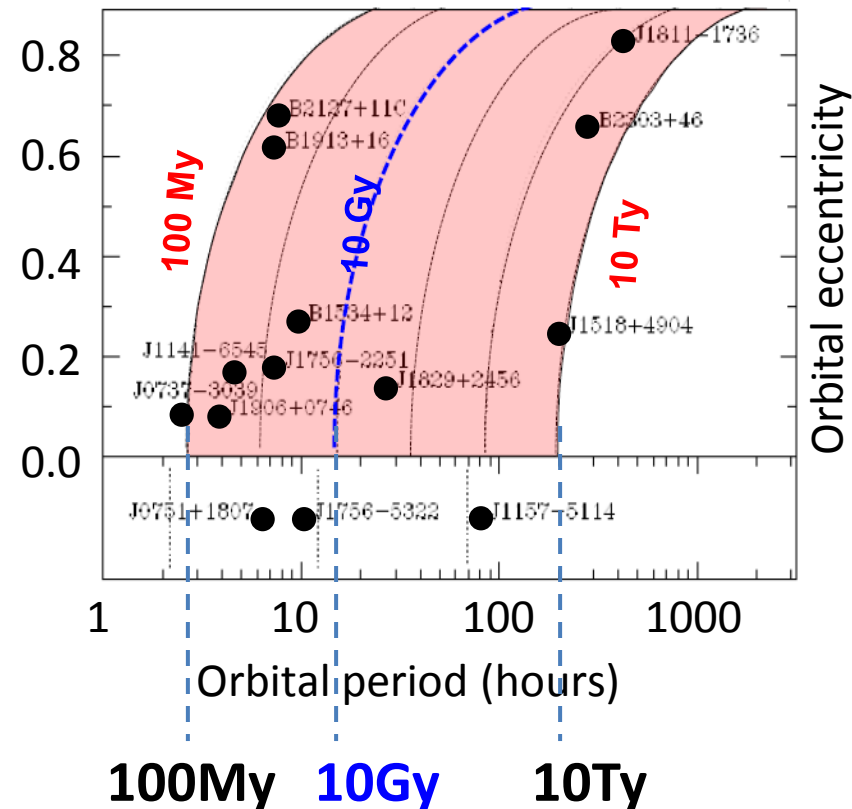
Wehmeyer et al., MNRAS, 452 (2015), 1970.



Binary merger process, too slow
for GW radiation: $100\text{My} < \tau_c$

$$\tau_c \simeq 9.83 \times 10^6 \text{ yr} \left(\frac{P_b}{\text{hr}} \right)^{8/3} \times \left(\frac{m_1 + m_2}{M_{\odot}} \right)^{-2/3} \left(\frac{\mu}{M_{\odot}} \right)^{-1} (1 - e^2)^{7/2}$$

Lorimer, Living Rev. Rel. 11(2008), 8.

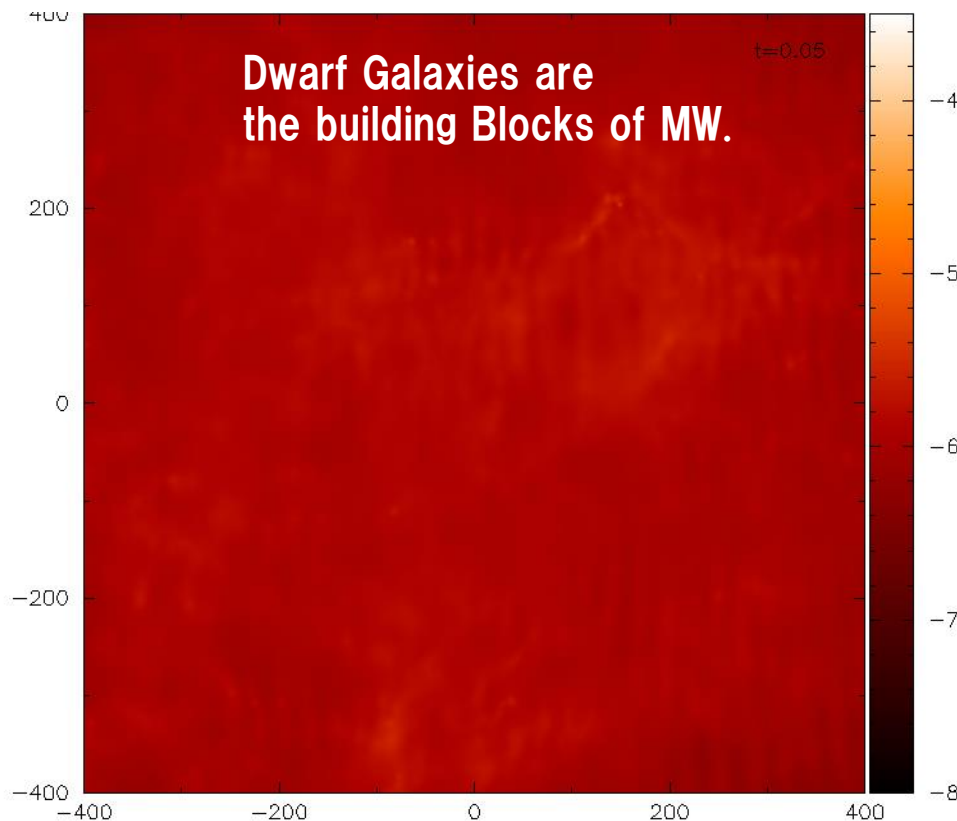


SUPERCOMPUTING of Galactic Chemo-Dynamical Evolution

Komiya & Shigeyama, ApJ 830, 10 (2016).

Mixing of r-elements between neighboring Dwarf Galaxies is limited to only 0.001–0.1% for $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] < -3.5$.

Mathews et al., MPL A29 (2014), 1430012-118.

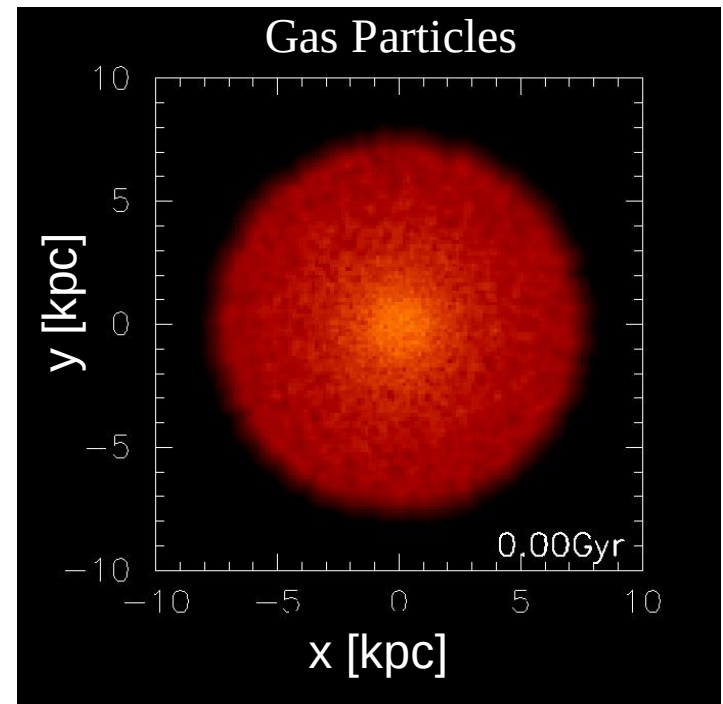


Evolution of Single Dwarf Galaxy

N-Body/SPH Simulation DM + GAS + Star
Particles with GAS-MIXING in the star
forming region.

Hirai et al., ApJ 814 (2015), 41; MNRAS 466 (2017) 2474.

$$M_{\text{tot}} = 7 \times 10^8 M_{\text{sun}}, N_i = 5 \times 10^5 \text{ particles,}$$
$$M_{\star} = 100 M_{\text{sun}}$$



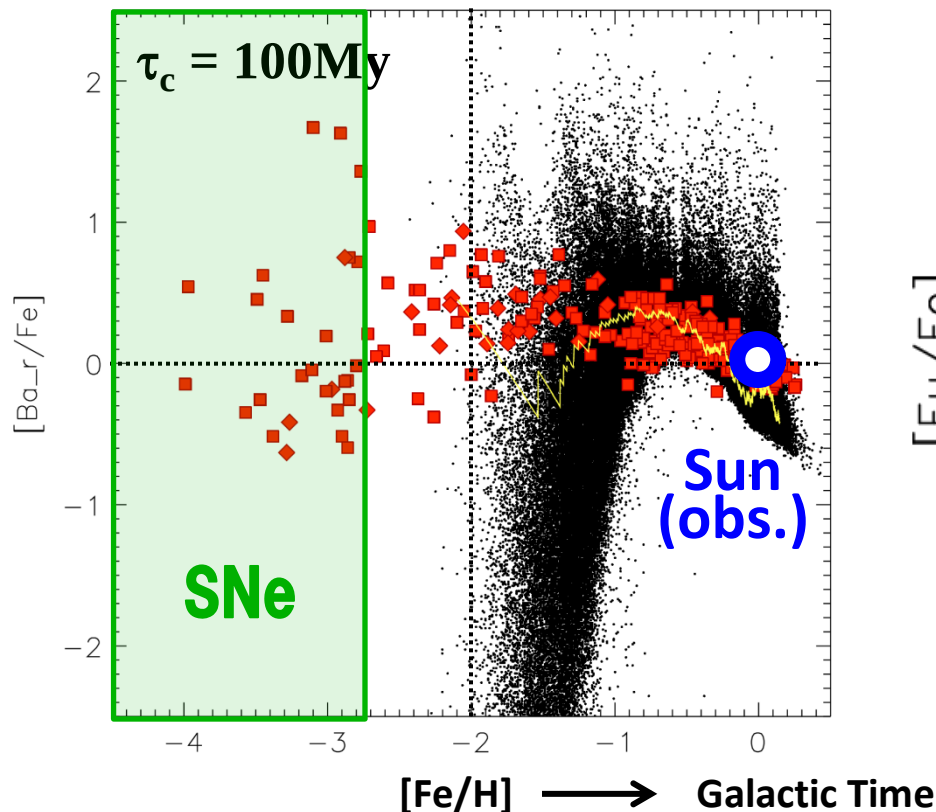
SUPERCOMPUTING of Galactic Chemo-Dynamical Evolution of Dwarf Galaxies

N-Body/SPH Simulation of DM+GAS+Star Particles with GAS MIXING in star forming region.
SNe = Metals ; NSM ($\tau_c=100\text{My}$) = r-process elements. ($n_H > 100 \text{ cm}^{-3} \rightarrow \sim 10\text{--}100\text{pc}$)

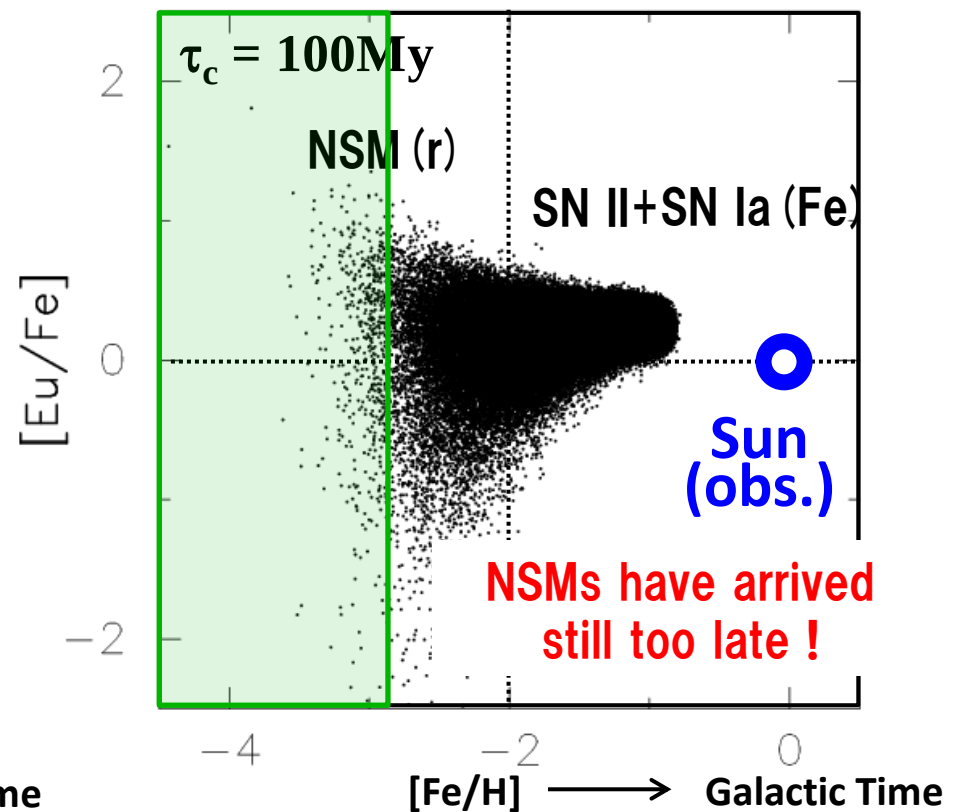
Argast, Samland, Thielemann,
Qian, A&A 416 (2004), 997.

Hirai, Ishimaru, Saitoh, Fujii, Hidaka and Kajino,
ApJ 814 (2015), 41; MNRAS 466 (2017), 2474.

Without GAS MIXING



With GAS MIXING

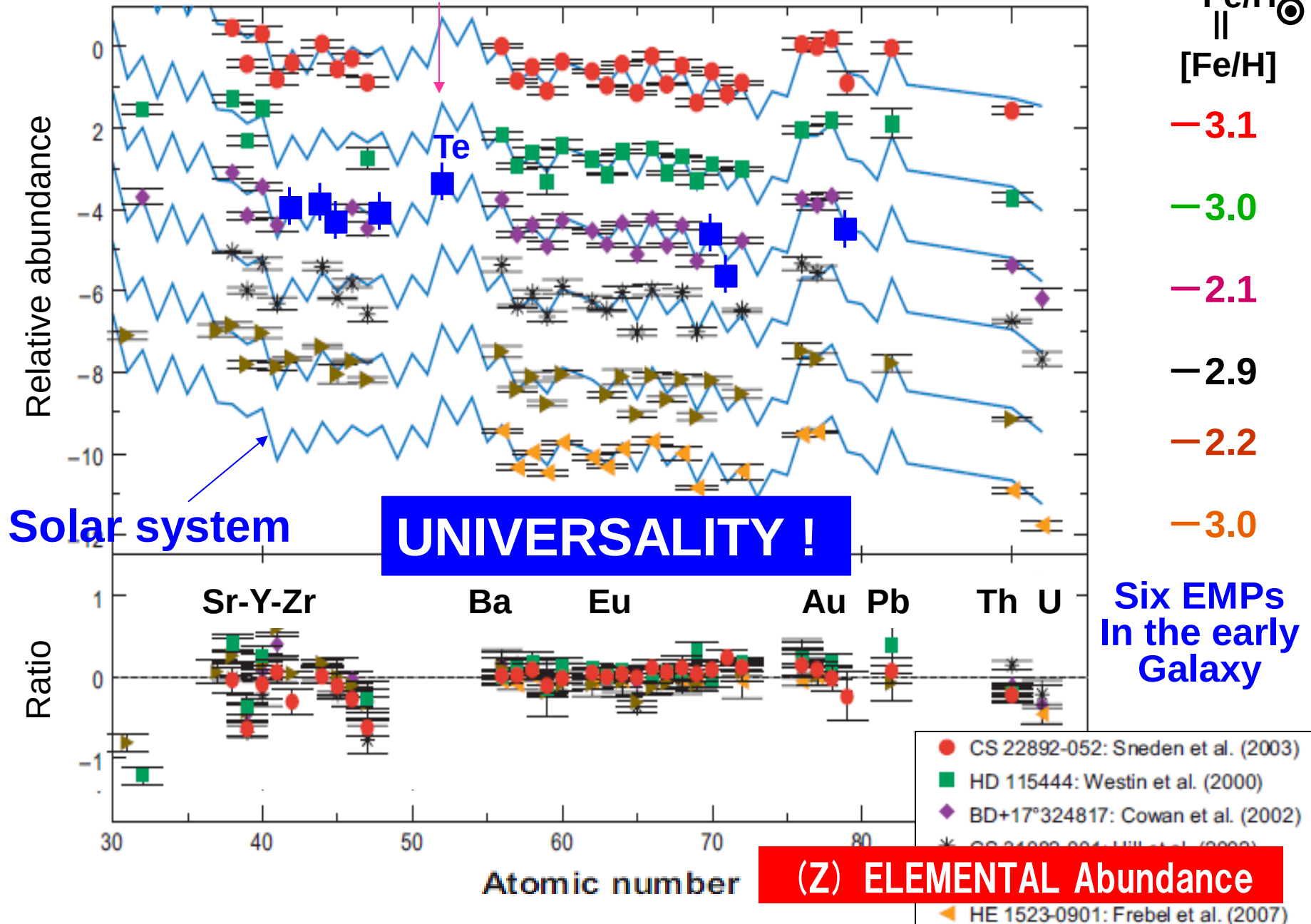


Sneden, Cowan, Gallino, ARAA 46 (2008) 241.

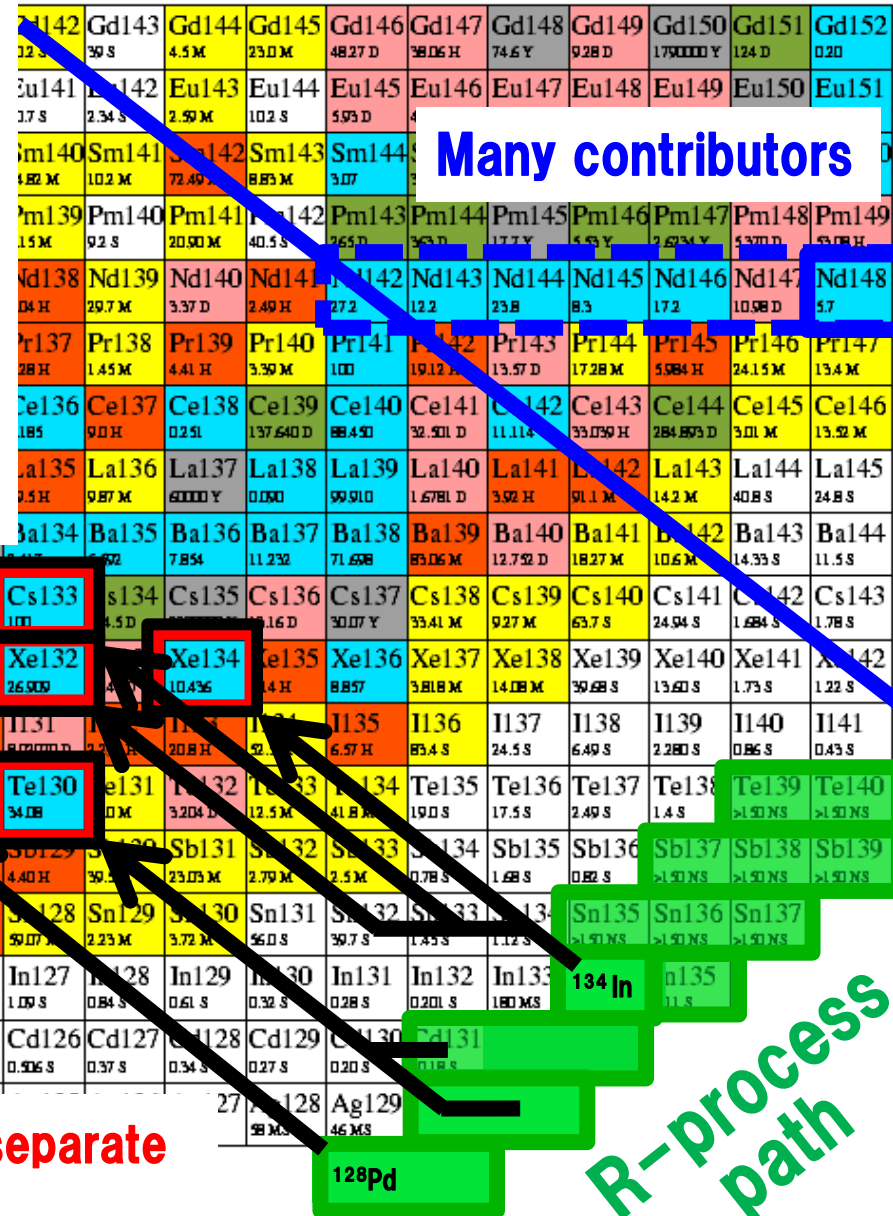
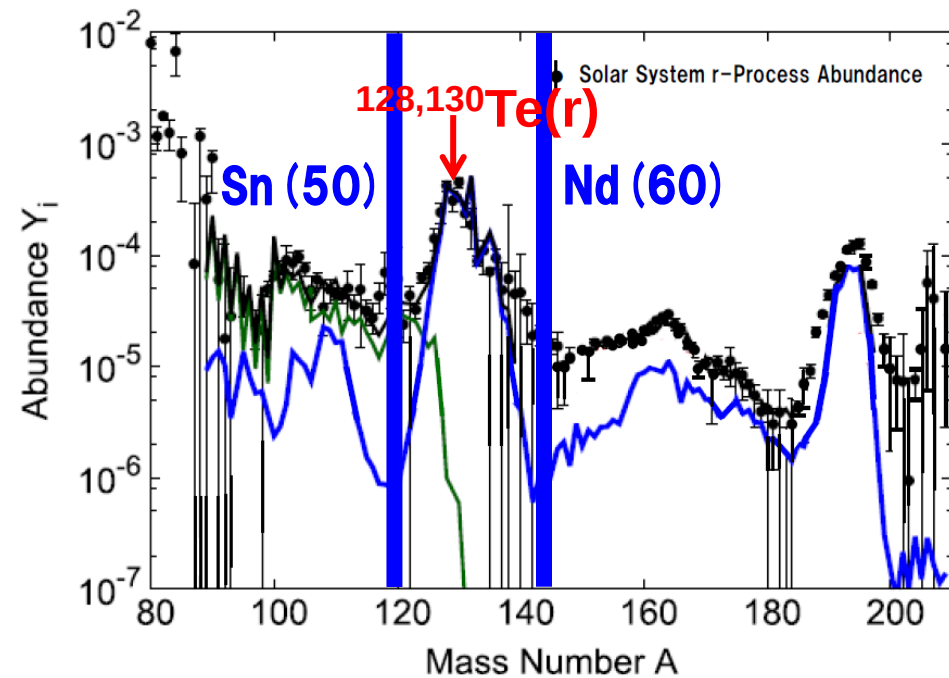
HST-obs., Roederer et al., ApJ 747 (2012) L8.

$$\frac{t}{10^{10} \text{y}} \doteq 10^{[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]}$$

$$\text{Log} \frac{\text{Fe}/\text{H}_{\star}}{\text{Fe}/\text{H}_{\odot}}$$



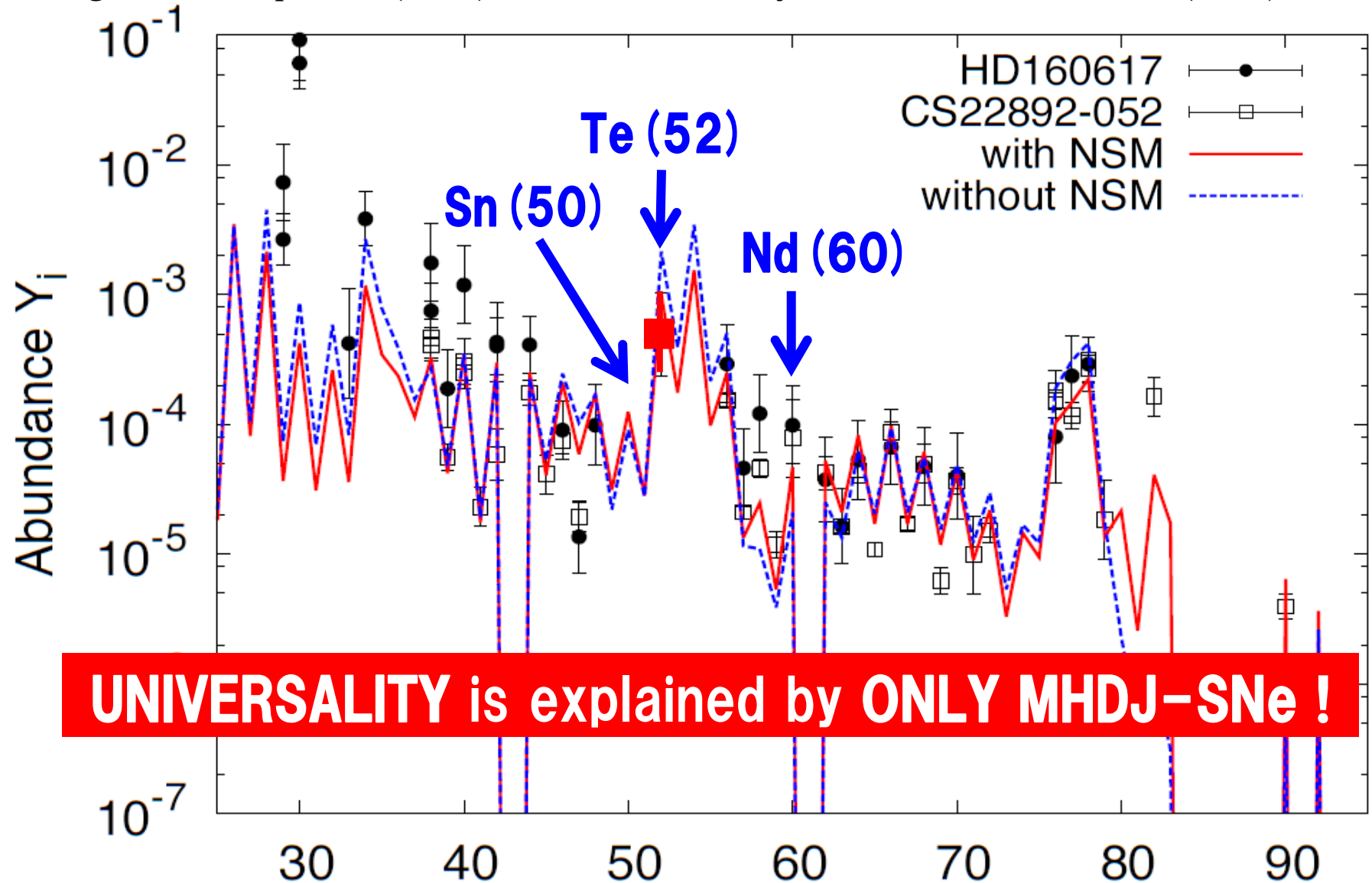
Lorusso, Nishimura, Kajino et al. (2015),
PRL 114, 192501.



UNIVERSALITY !

Early Galaxy !

Shibagaki et al., ApJ. 816 (2016),79; Mathews & Kajino & Mathews, ROPP **80** (2017) 08490.



Astron. Obs. cannot separate ISOTOPES !

Atomic Number Z

ELEMENTAL (Z)

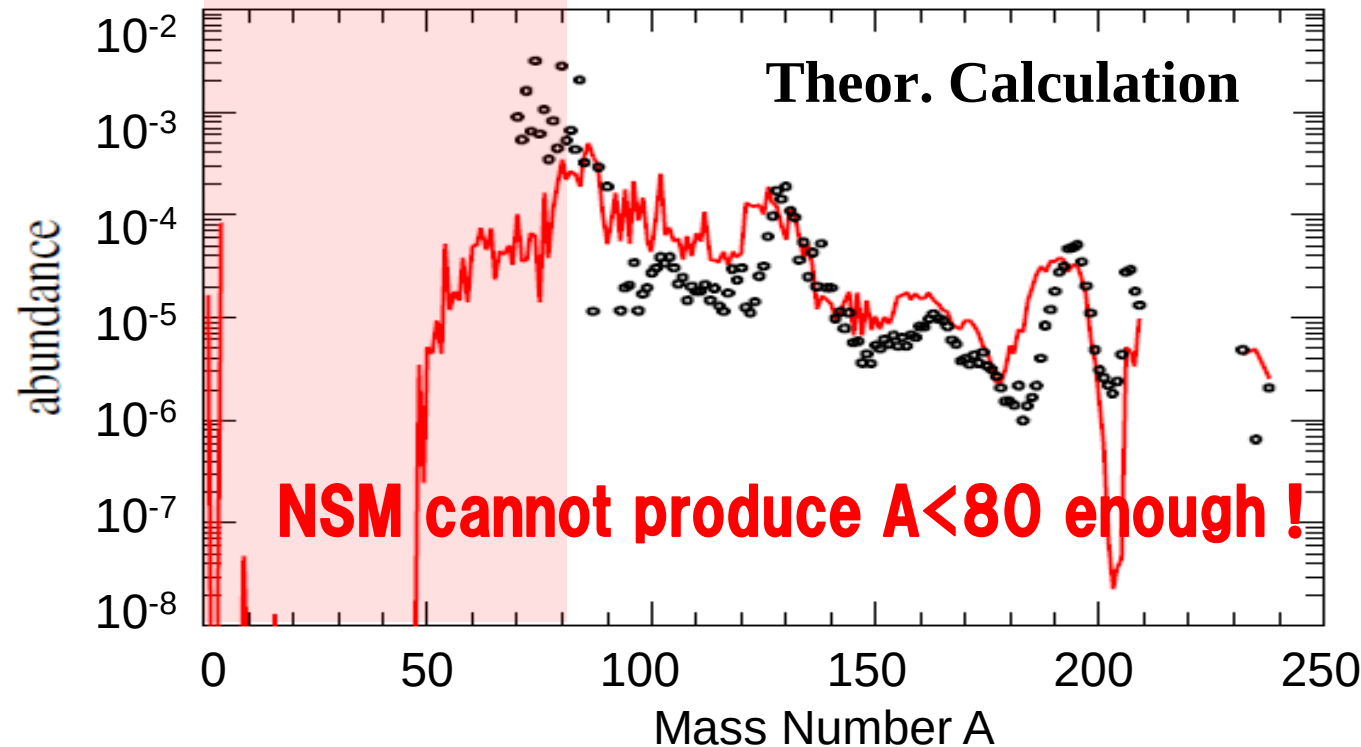
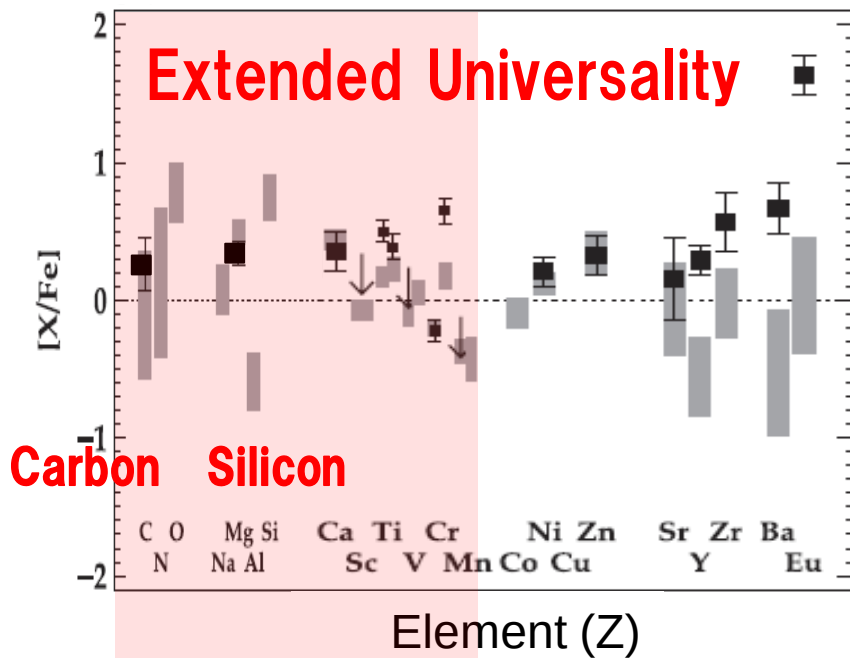
Ultra-Faint dwarf Galaxy: Ret. II

Astron. Observation

Ian U. Roederer et al., ApJ. 151 (2016), 82;
P. Ji Alexander, Anna Frebel, Anirudh Chiti,
Joshua D. Simon, Nature 531 (2016), 610.

Wanajo et al., ApJ. 789 (2014), L39.

Shibagaki et al., ApJ. 816 (2016), 79; (2017)



Goriely, et al., ApJ 738, L32 (2011); Korobkin, et al., MNRAS 426, 1940 (2012); Bauswein, et al., ApJ 773, 78 (2013); Rosswog, et al., MNRAS 430, 2585 (2013); Goriely, et al., PRL 111, 242502 (2013), (2015); Piran, et al., MNRAS 430, 2121 (2013).

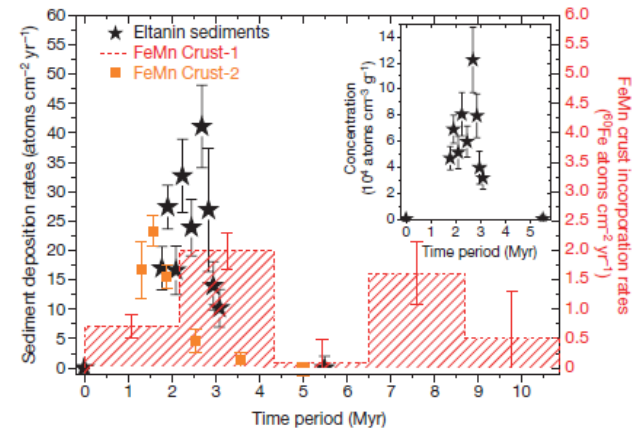
Deep Sea Sediments & EMPS points DUALITY of SN & NSM !

$^{244}\text{Pu}/^{60}\text{Fe}$ in Earth's Deep Sea Sediments $\rightarrow$ NSM/MHDJ : SNe = 1 : 100

NSM, MHDJ — ^{244}Pu (80.8 My) : Wallner et al., Nature Comm. 6 (2015), 1-9; NPA8 (2017)
 v-DW — ^{60}Fe (2.62 My) : Wallner et al. Nature 532 (2016), 69.

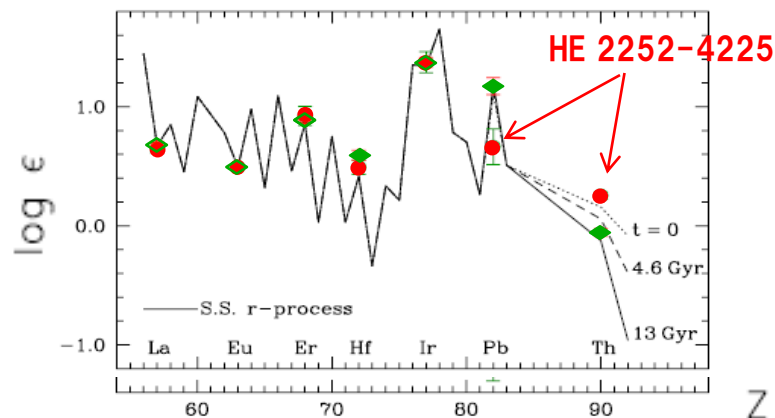


Over 25 My



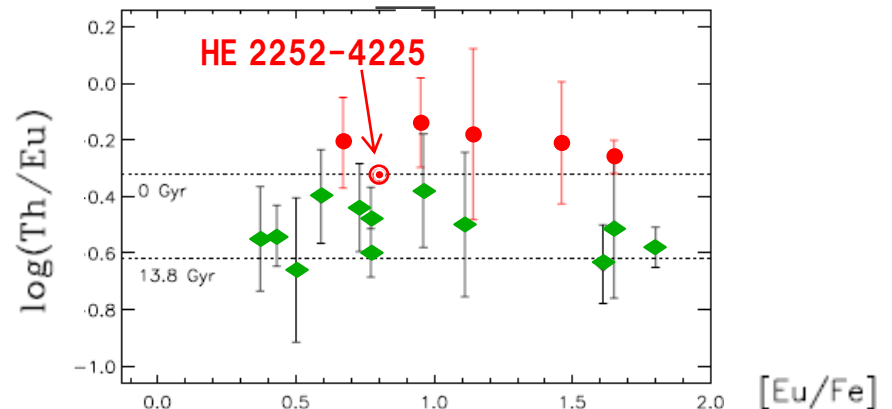
Actinide Boost EMP Stars needs “Fission–Recycling R–process in NSMs”.

Mashonkina et al. A&A 569, A43 (2014)



Roederer et al. ApJ 698, 1963 (2009)

Hill et al., arXiv:1608.07463v1



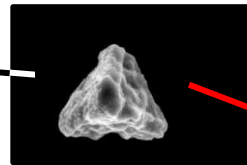
SiC X-Grain including heavy “r-process” elements, HARD to form from NSM Ejecta !

☉ Supernova Grains e.g. Murchison Meteorite

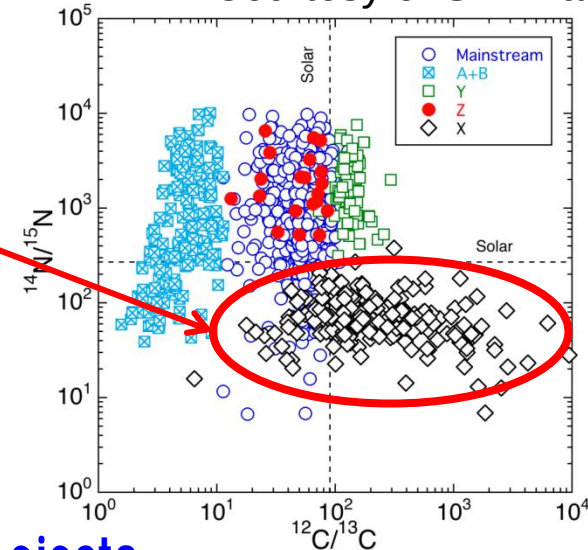
Courtesy of S. Amari



SiC X-grains



- Enhanced ^{12}C ($^{12}\text{C}/^{13}\text{C} > \text{Solar}$), Enhanced ^{28}Si
- Deficient ^{14}N ($^{14}\text{N}/^{15}\text{N} < \text{Solar}$)
- Decay of ^{26}Al ($t_{1/2}=7 \times 10^5 \text{yr}$), ^{44}Ti ($t_{1/2}=60 \text{yr}$)



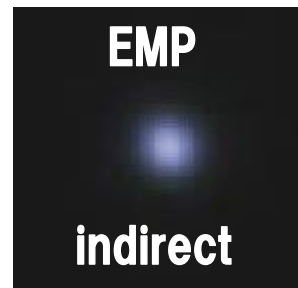
Pre-solar X-grains condense and form in SN ejecta.

■ SiC X-grain including r-elements $\longrightarrow$ NSM ? SN !

■ If extended Universality manifests in $[\text{r}/\text{C}-\text{Si}-\text{Fe}] = 0 \longrightarrow$ SN !

☉ Spectr. Astron. Obs.

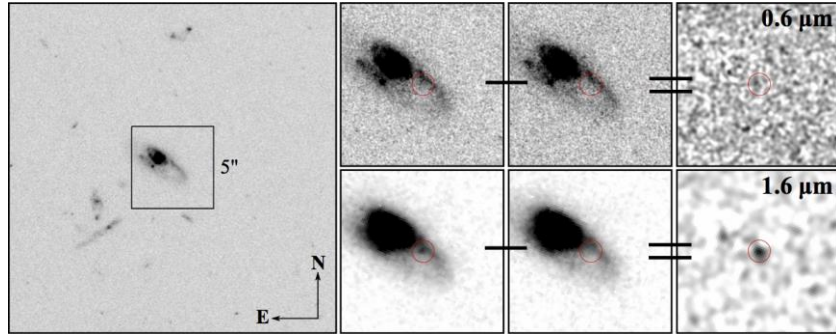
Direct detection of
C, Si & r-elements
simultaneously !



+



Another DIFFICULTY for Binary Neutron Star Mergers

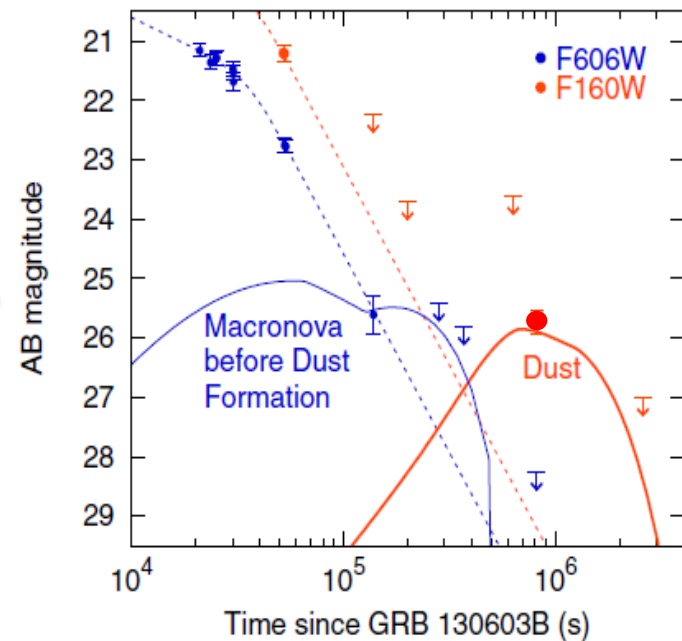
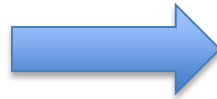
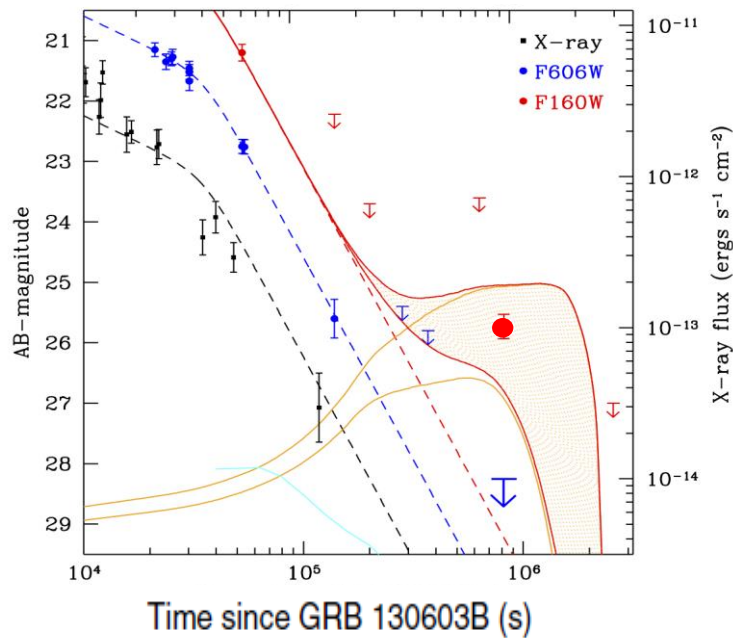


Macronova (Kilonova)

Tanvir, Levan, Fruchter, et al., Nature 500, 547 (2013)

Dust is hard to form for deficient C, Si and other lighter elements.

Takami, Nozawa & Ioka, ApJ 786, L5 (2014).

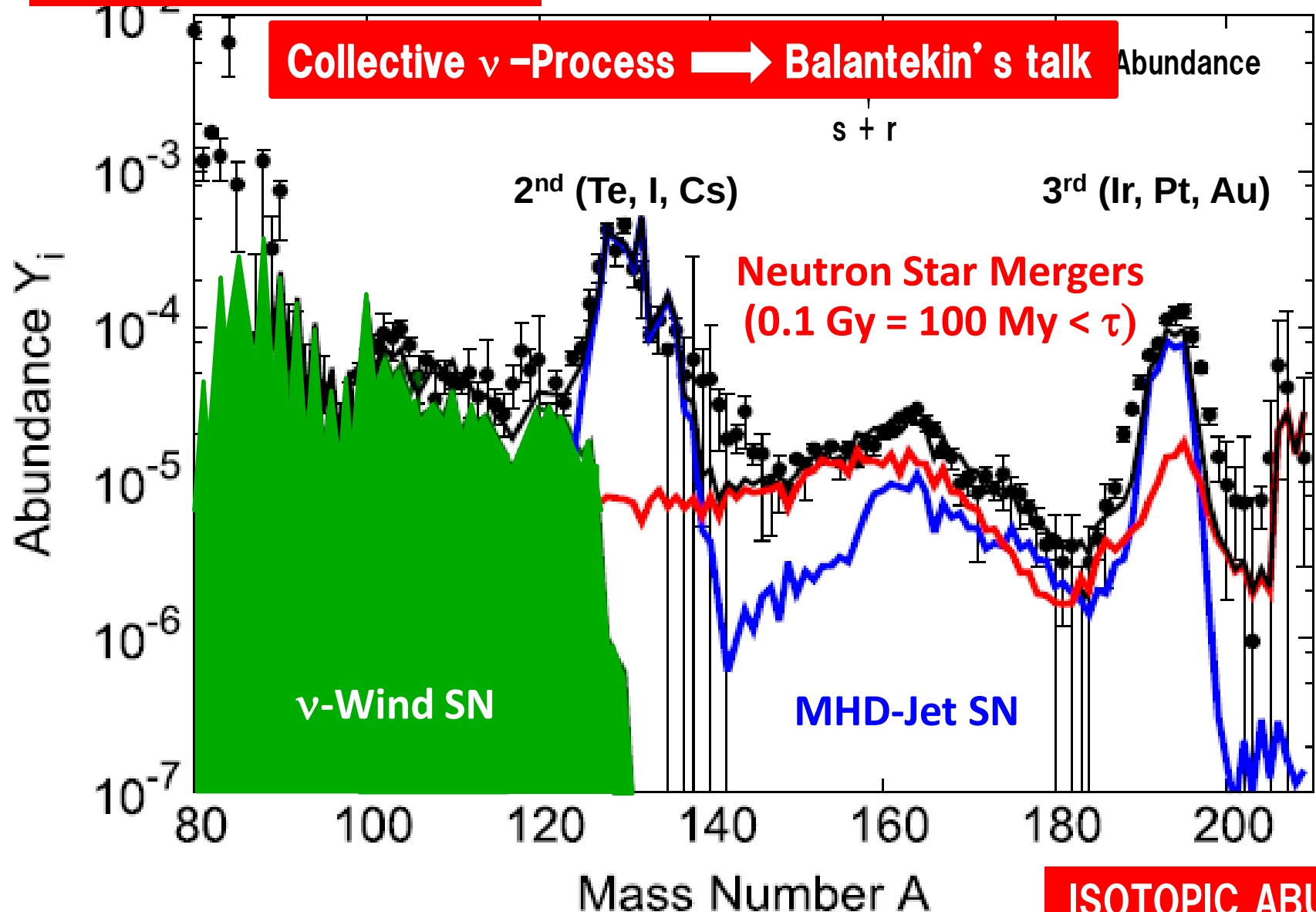


Dust formation, even more difficult when one includes “modern better (complete) opacity” table for heavy actinide elements.

New process, required ?

Mathews, Nishimura & Lorusso (2016), ApJ 816, 79.

Collective ν -Process $\longrightarrow$ Balantekin's talk



SUMMARY

Solar-system abundances of the r-process elements consists of both SNe and NSMs contributions.

- MHD-Jet SNe make the r-process peaks, but robust shock cause deficiency above and below the peaks.
- Asymmetric fission recycling in NSM r-process
- Early Universe is dominated by

Abundant r-process elements are produced in the

- **SYNERGY** among Nuclear Physics, Astrophysics & Astronomy, Cosmochemistry and Neutrino Physics takes the key to solve the mystery of heavy elements !
- $^{64}\text{Ge} (n,p) ^{64}\text{Ga}$ takes the key.
- ν in 3 flavor multi-angle Hamiltonian should be solved exactly for this new process.
- Observational evidence in astronomy or meteorite is required.