Light Dark Matter

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Kenji Kadota IBS Center for Theoretical Physics of the Universe (CTPU) Institute for Basic Science, Korea

- > Two concrete examples
 - ✓ Sterile neutrino DM

Production mechanism

✓ Axion(-like) Particle

Radio (SKA-like) survey

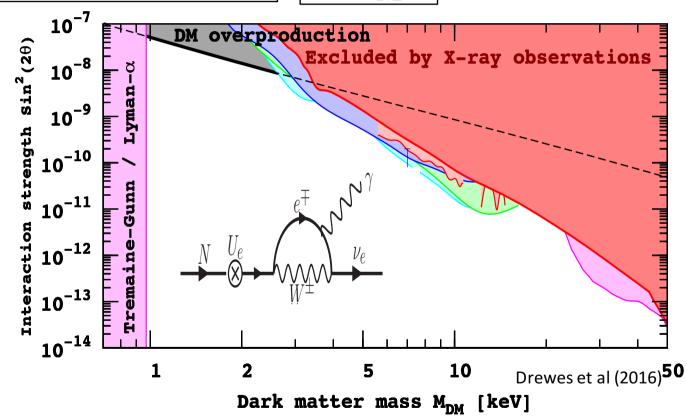
Conclusion

A concrete example for the warm dark matter: Sterile Neutrinos

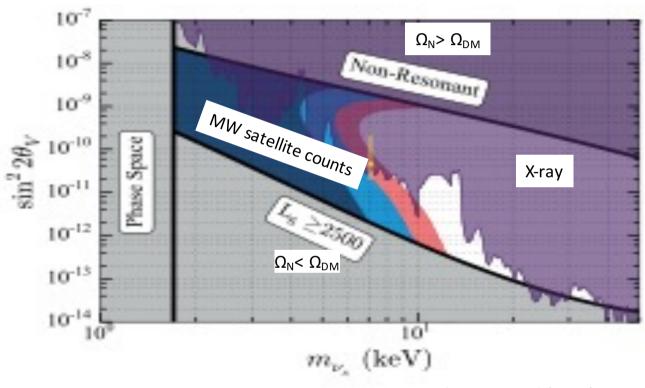
Dodelson-Widrow mechanism: Thermal active neutrinos conversion to sterile neutrinos

$$L = -yNLH - \frac{1}{2}MNN$$

 $\theta = \frac{y\langle H \rangle}{M}$



Production from (active-sterile) neutrino oscillation



Cherry, Horiuch (2017)

DM constraints heavily depend on the production mechanism!

- 1) Active-Sterile neutrino oscillation (e.g. Dodelson-Widrow)
- 2) Active-Sterile neutrino oscillation with the resonance (e.g. Shi-Fuller)
- 3) Decay of a heavier particle, Thermal freeze-out, variable mixing angle, ... (e.g. Kusenko, Petraki, Asaka, Shaposhnikov, Merle, Schneider ,Berlin, Hooper,...)
- 4) Sterile-sterile oscillation! (KK and Kaneta (2018))

Also the left-handed neutrino masses via the seesaw mechanism!

$$egin{align} \mathcal{L} &= \mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{SM}} + \mathcal{L}_{N}, \ \mathcal{L}_{N} &= \overline{
u}_{R} i \partial \!\!\!/
u_{R} - \left[
u_{R}^{c \, T} y_{
u} L H - rac{1}{2}
u_{R}^{c \, T} \mathcal{M}_{N}
u_{R}^{c} + h.c.
ight] \ &\Omega_{N1} h^{2} \propto \sin^{2} 2 heta_{N} M_{1} (y_{
u} y_{
u}^{+})_{22} \end{aligned}$$

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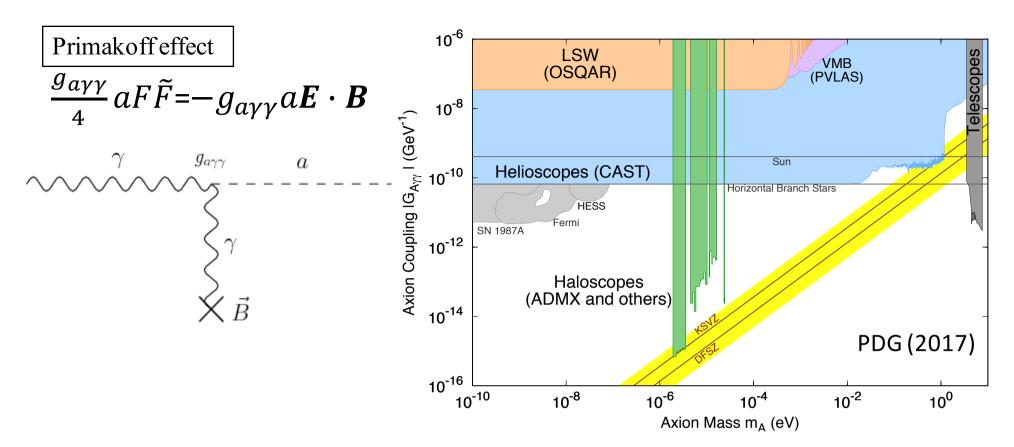
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QCD axion as a CDM candidate : mass range $\mu eV \sim meV(0.1GHz \sim 100GHz)$ Previous works: CDM axions converted into photon in the labs.

New works: How about the astrophysically sourced magnetic fields?

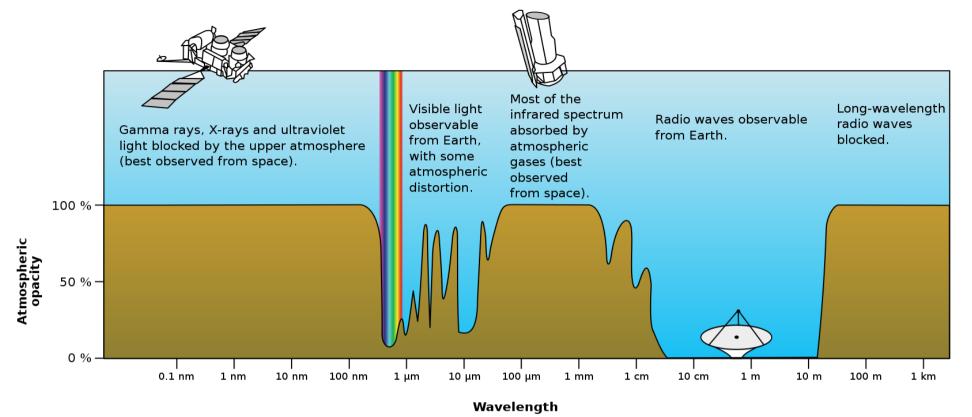
Non-resonant conversion: Kelley and Quinn (2017), Sigl (2017)

Resonant conversion: Huang, KK, Sekiguchi and Tashiro (2018), Hook, Kahn, Safdi and Sun (2018)

Line-like radio signal for non-relativistic axion conversion:

$$f \sim \frac{m_a}{2\pi} \sim 240 \left(\frac{m_a}{\mu eV}\right) MHz$$

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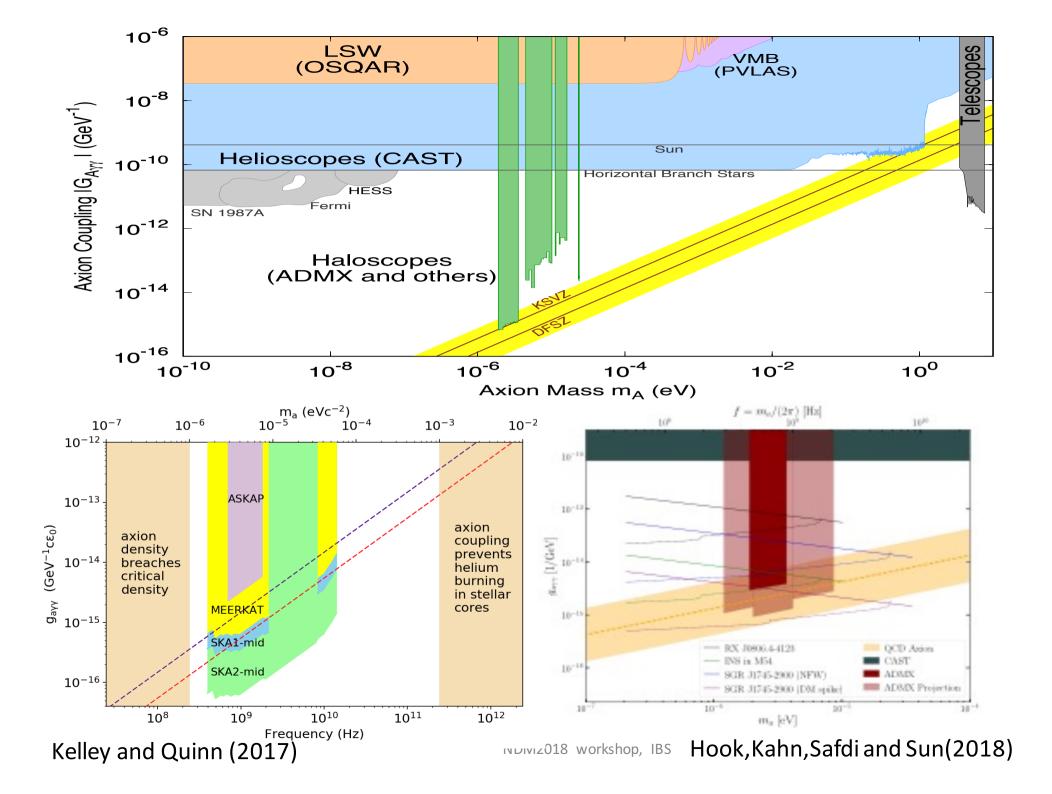


Australia: SKA low: 50-350 MHz

Africa: SKA mid: 350 MHz-14GHz

Axion mass: $0.2 \sim 60 \,\mu eV$

QCD axion as a CDM candidate : Mass $\mu eV \sim meV(0.1GHz \sim 100GHz)$



Model: ALP (Axion-like particles) i.e. Ultra-light scalars

Ultra-light mass:

$$m_u \sim H_0 \sim 10^{-33} eV$$

$$m_u \sim 10^{-22} eV$$

$$m_u \sim 10^{-22} eV - 10^{-10} eV$$

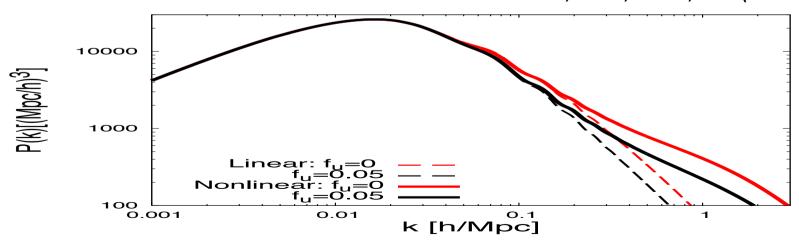
DE (Barbieri et al (2005),...)

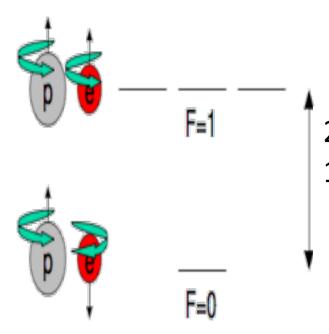
Fuzzy DM (Hu (2000),...)

String axiverse (Arvanitaki et al (2009),...)

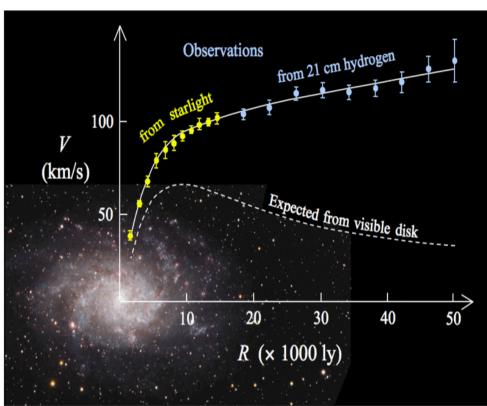
$$\begin{aligned} m_u, f_u &= \Omega_u / \Omega_m \sim O(0.01) \\ m_u &\leq H(t) : \rho_u = const \\ m_u &> H(t) : \rho_u \propto 1 / a^3 \end{aligned}$$

KK, Mao, Ichiki, Silk (2014)





21 cm signals 1420 MHz



Stellar Light Distribution 21 cm HI Distribution Kenji Kadota (IBS) NDM2018 Workshop, IBS

Brief History of Universe

Years since the Big Bang

> ~300000 (z~1000)

Dark Ages

~100 million (z~20-40)

Reionization

~1 billion (z~6)

~13 billion

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← Big Bang:

the Universe is filled with ionized gas

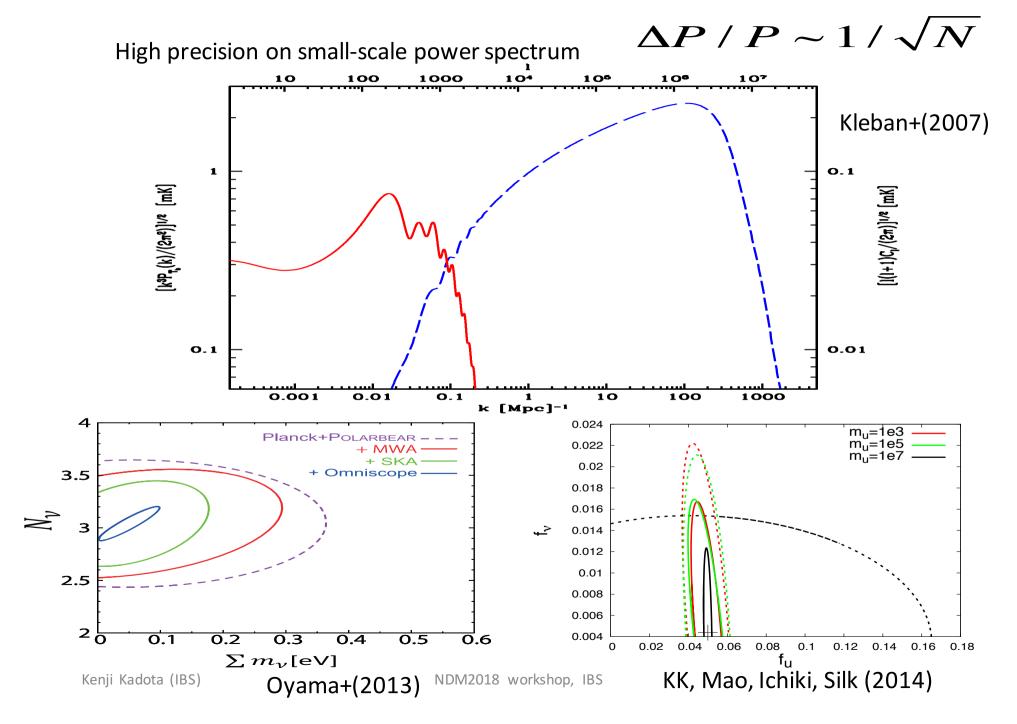
← Recombination: The gas cools and becomes neutral

 \leftarrow The first structures begin to form.

Reionization starts (z ~12)

← Reionization is complete

← Today's structures
NDM2018 workshop, IBS



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Let us be open minded.

Can go beyond the electroweak scale dark matter mass range.

Can go beyond CDM paradigm in LambdaCDM.

Many production mechanisms, many detection methods.