## 2019 Summer School on Cosmology and Particle Physics

Monday, 22 July 2019 - Friday, 26 July 2019

**CTPU PTC** 

# **Scientific Programme**

#### <span style="font-size:20px">Lectures</span>

<span style="font-size:16px">Higgs Physics </span>

<span style="color:rgb(34,34,34); font-family:arial,helvetica,sans-serif; font-size:small">Higgs Physics</span> 1: The subject is Lorentz invariance and basic Quantum Field Theory.

<span style="color:rgb(34,34,34); font-family:arial,helvetica,sans-serif; font-size:small">Higgs Physics</span> 2: The subject is scalar field theory and Dirac equation.

<span style="color:rgb(34,34,34); font-family:arial,helvetica,sans-serif; font-size:small">Higgs Physics</span> 3: The subject is gauge theory.

<span style="color:rgb(34,34,34); font-family:arial,helvetica,sans-serif; font-size:small">Higgs Physics</span> 4: The subject is the Higgs mechanism for electroweak symmetry breaking.

<span style="color:rgb(34,34,34); font-family:arial,helvetica,sans-serif; font-size:small">Higgs Physics</span> 5: The subject is the current status of Higgs physics at the LHC.

<span style="font-size:16px">Physical Cosmology</span>

Physical cosmology 1 : The subject of this lecture is expanding universe.

Physical cosmology 2 : The subject of this lecture is master equations

Physical cosmology 3 : The subject of this lecture is the growth of density perturbation

Physical cosmology 4 : The subject of this lecture is correlation functions

Physical cosmology 5 : The subject of this lecture is beyond the Newtonian picture

<span style="font-size:16px">Standard Model and Beyond</span>

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### Particle dark matter: WIMP and beyond

Dark matter is one of the biggest mysteries of modern cosmology and particle physics. A weakly interacting massive particle (WIMP) has been a promising dark matter candidate. Electroweak-scale new physics, which explains the origin of electroweak symmetry breaking (or the naturalness problem), naturally provides a WIMP candidate with the correct relic abundance. On the other hand, the new physics scale has been pushed up to TeV by the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) experiment, leaving the naturalness problem unsolved. It requires new theoretical reasoning for a WIMP and may even motivate us to look for a beyond WIMP candidate. I will overview the current status of WIMP dark matter and beyond.

#### <span style="font-family:arial,helvetica,sans-serif">Composite Particles</span>

Is the Higgs really an elementary scalar particle (the first and only found so far)? How can we test this? And why is the weak scale so much smaller than the Planck scale? Composite Higgs models are Standard Model extensions which try to address these questions. This seminar provides a brief introduction of the main ideas and concepts behind composite Higgs models, their virtues and their challenges, and a survey on the different ways of testing the models experimentally.

#### **Electroweak Baryogenesis**

Cosmic baryon asymmetry is tangible evidence that calls for new physics. While a lot of baryogenesis scenarios have been proposed so far, electroweak baryogenesis (EWBG) is the 1st scenario that we can verify wth on-going and near-future experiments. If this scenario is true, discovery is just around corner.

In this talk, I will start by giving a brief review of EWBG and talk about current status. Then I will

discuss EWBG possibility in a general two-Higgs doublet model and its phenological consequences. If I have time, I will also refer to thorny theoretical problems that exist in any EWBG scenarios.