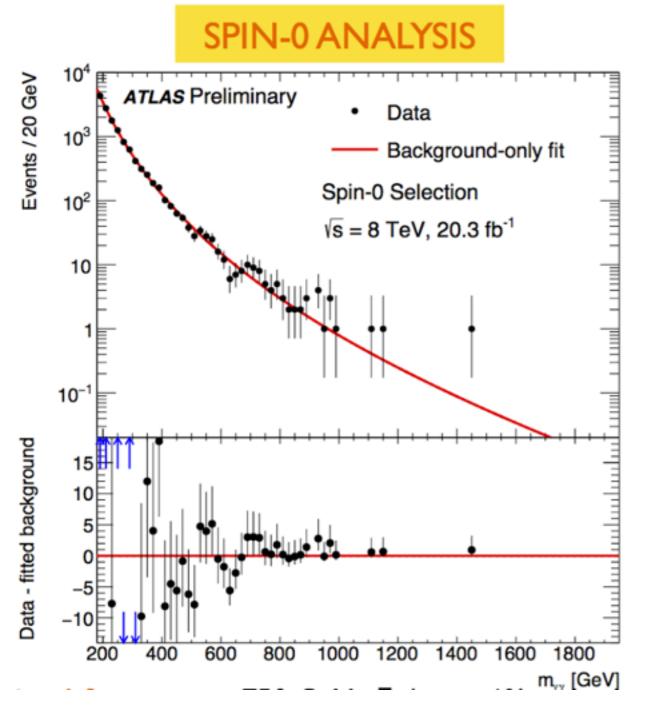
Glue to light signal of a new particle

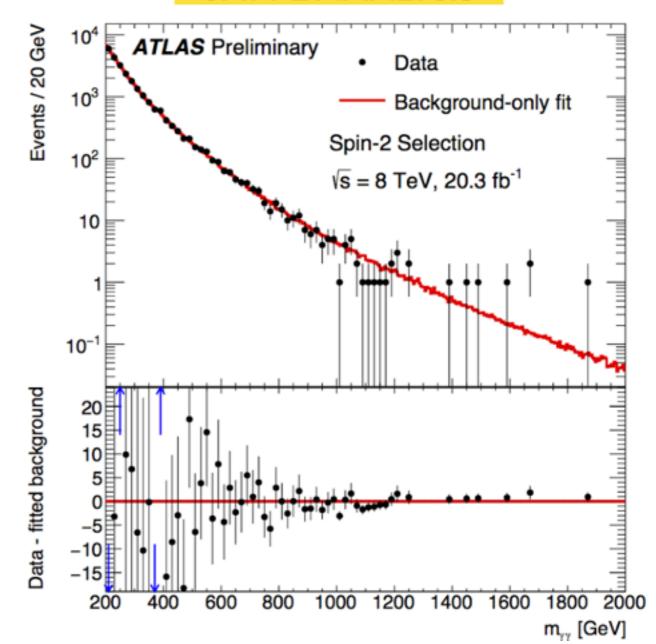
IBS-SNU joint workshop on particle physics & KimFest May 4, 2016

Hyung Do Kim (Seoul National University) with Dongjin Chway, Radovan Dermisek, Tae Hyun Jung

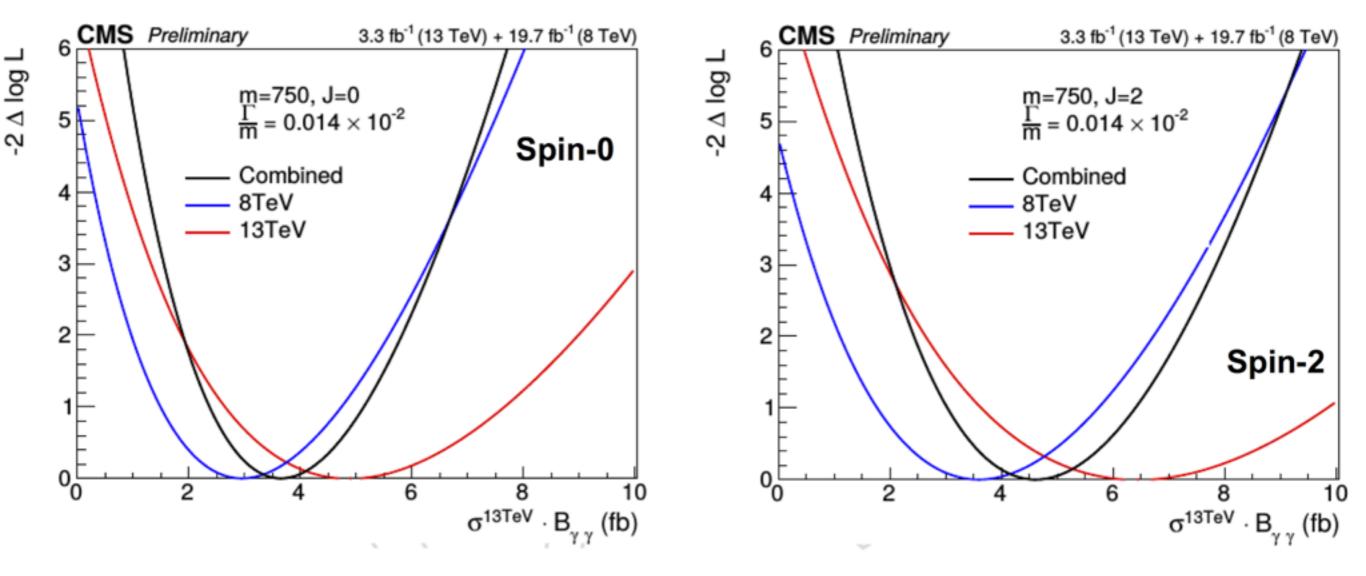
arXiv: 1512.08221
replaced version on May 1
(resummation near the threshold added)



SPIN-2 ANALYSIS



Excess of events from 700 ~ 800 GeV (a few 10s events)



ATLAS: 4.7 sigma CMS: 3.4 sigma

$$\Gamma(S \to gg) \sim 1 GeV$$

$$\Gamma(S \to \gamma \gamma) \sim 1 MeV$$

$$\sigma(gg \to S \to \gamma\gamma) \sim 5 \text{ fb}$$

$$\frac{\lambda}{M_S} \sim \frac{1}{300 \text{ GeV}}$$

Is it possible to have the width >> GeV?

Pros and Cons: Signal of New Physics?

Pro

Con

Diphoton channel is very clean
: Repetition of Higgs discovery
: Not in ttbar, jj, II
: So many 2 sigma bumps in CMS
: Strong coupling is necessary
(cross section*Br is too big)
: No motivated BSM can explain it

We have to wait till summer or the end of the year

Independently of the result, it would be a great opportunity for postdocs and students

It can also stimulate some ideas

Physics of ambulance chasing

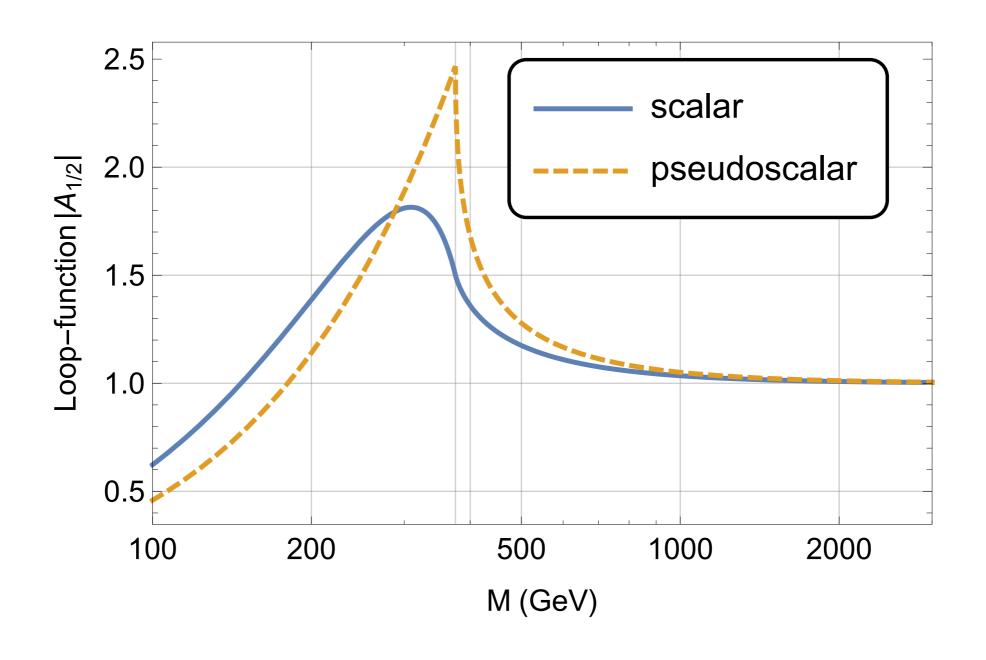


One success in 2012 Dec. : precursor of Higgs discovery

Many other failures
: Many B physics anomalies
 Tevatron W+dijet,
dimuon charge asymmetry,
 top A_FB,
 DAMA/LIBRA,
 CoGeNT,
 PAMELA,
 140 GeV Higgs (WW*)
 BICEP2

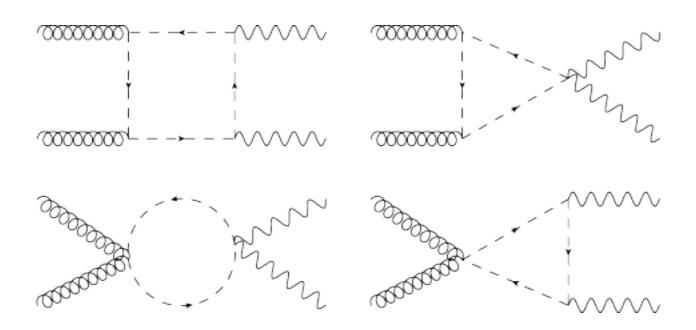


diboson to scalar amplitude from 1512.07624

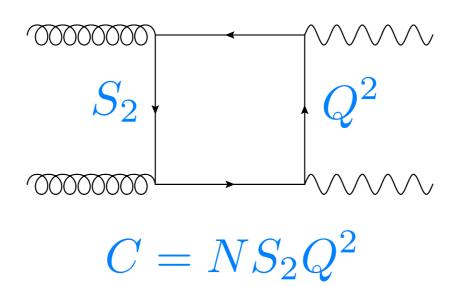


$$gg \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$$

Scalar



Fermion

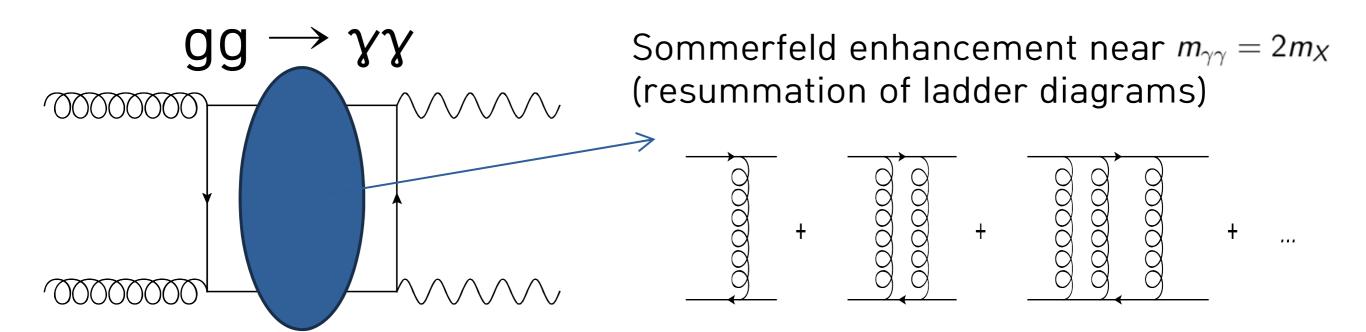


Any new colored/charged particle will contribute to the loop of $~gg
ightarrow \gamma \gamma$

Near threshold

$$\frac{\alpha_s}{v}$$
 $(\frac{\alpha_s}{v})^2$... $(\frac{\alpha_s}{v})^r$

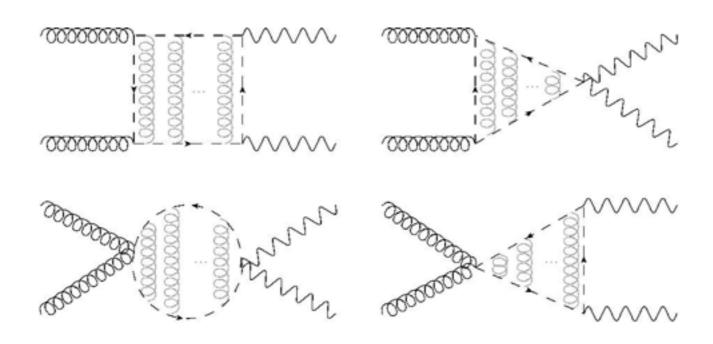
should be resummed



$$v_{\min} = \sqrt{\frac{\Gamma_X}{M_X}}$$

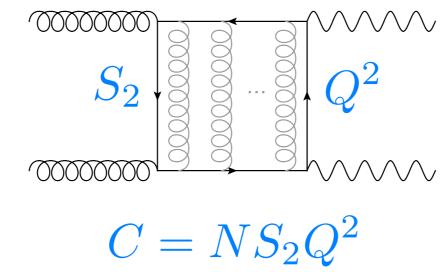
$$gg \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$$

Scalar

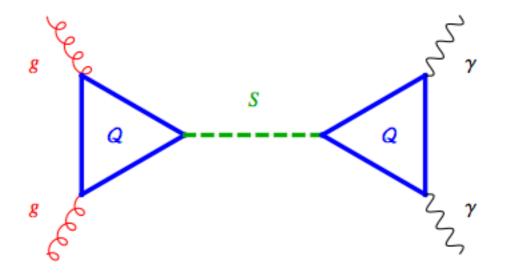


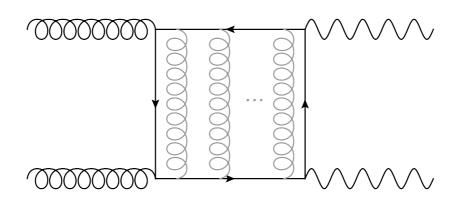
Fermion

Threshold resummation



Any new colored/charged particle will contribute to the loop of $gg o \gamma \gamma$





750onium

In the small width limit of the particle X, the bound state production and decay applies

$$\Gamma_X < \alpha^3(E_b) M_X$$
 life time of X $$ formation time of the bound state

X should live long enough to form a bound state

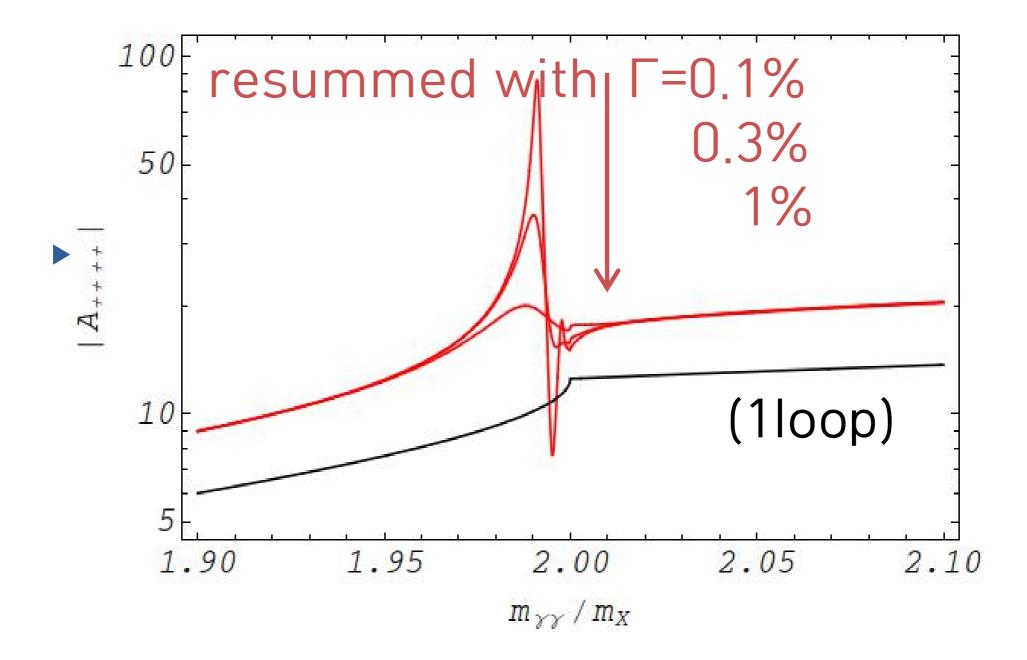
Bohr radius velocity

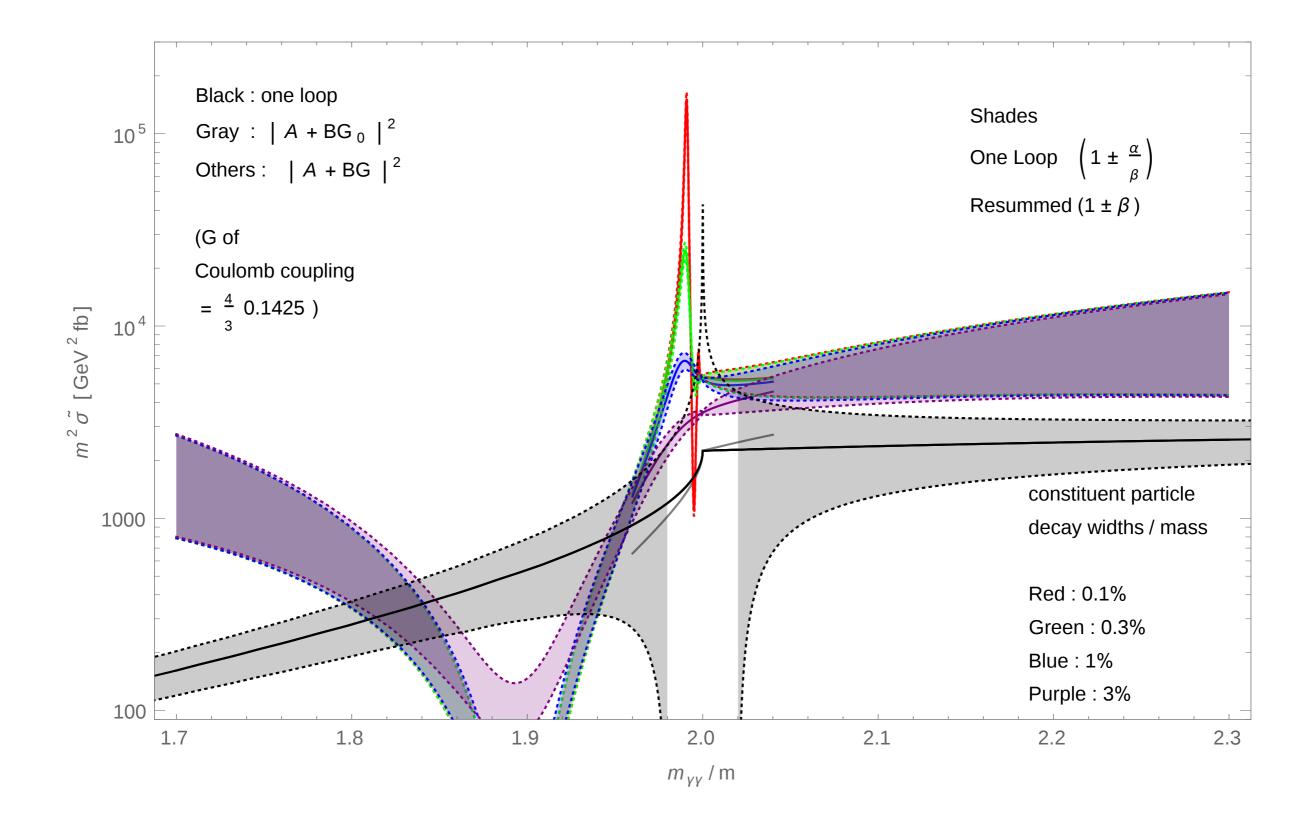
$$r_b = \frac{1}{M_X \alpha_S(E_b)} \qquad \qquad v = \alpha_S(E_b)$$

$$\left(\frac{\nabla^2}{m} + V(r) - E\right) G(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}'; E) = \delta(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}').$$

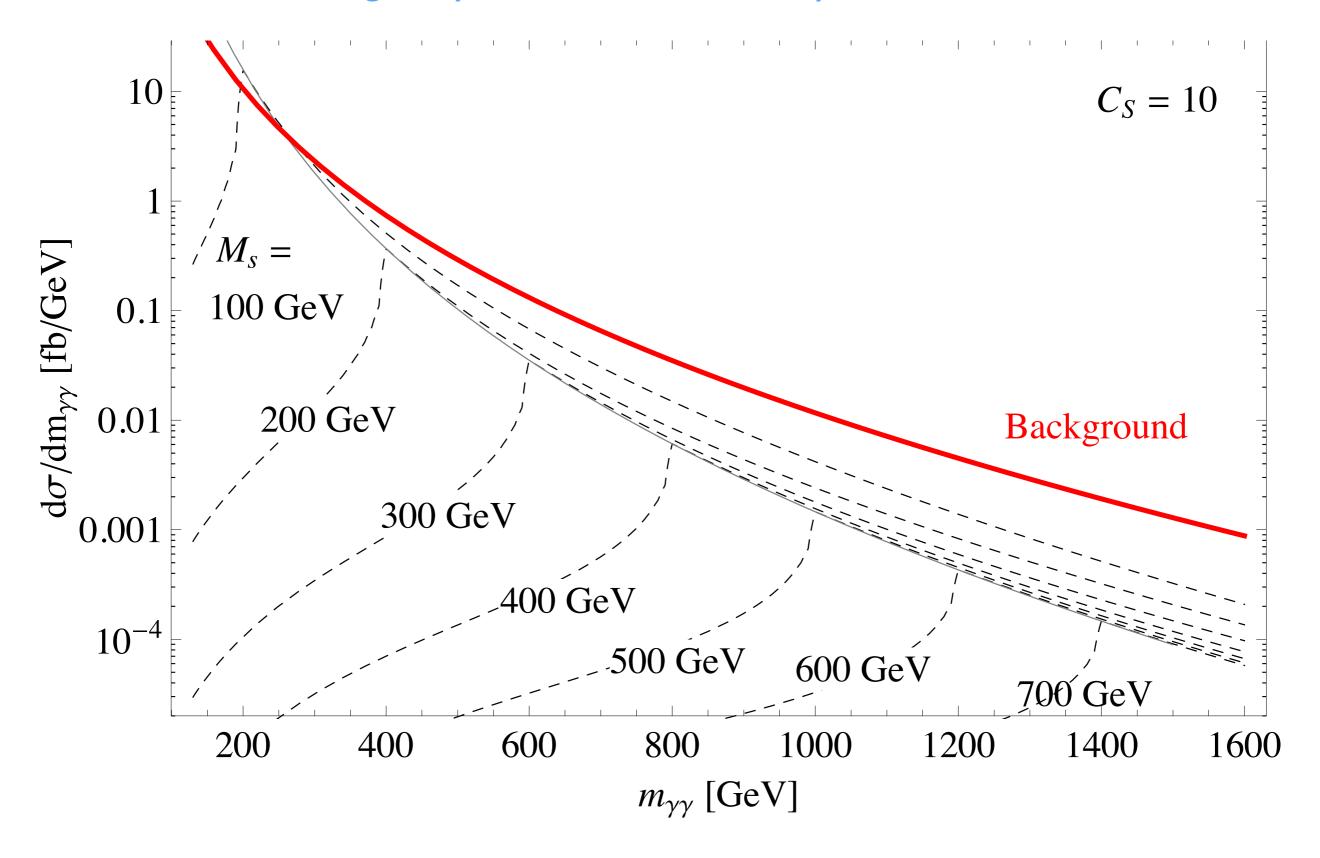
$$V(r) = -YC_2(X) \frac{\alpha_S(\bar{\mu})}{r}$$
 (Y > I from QED resummation)

$$G(0,0;E) = \frac{m_X^2}{4\pi} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{E}{m_X} - i\epsilon} - YC_2(X)\alpha_S \ln\left(\frac{|YC_2(X)|\alpha_S}{2}\sqrt{-\frac{m_X}{E} + i\epsilon}\right) - \frac{2}{\sqrt{m_X}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{E_n}{\sqrt{(-E - i\epsilon)} - \text{sign}} \right)$$

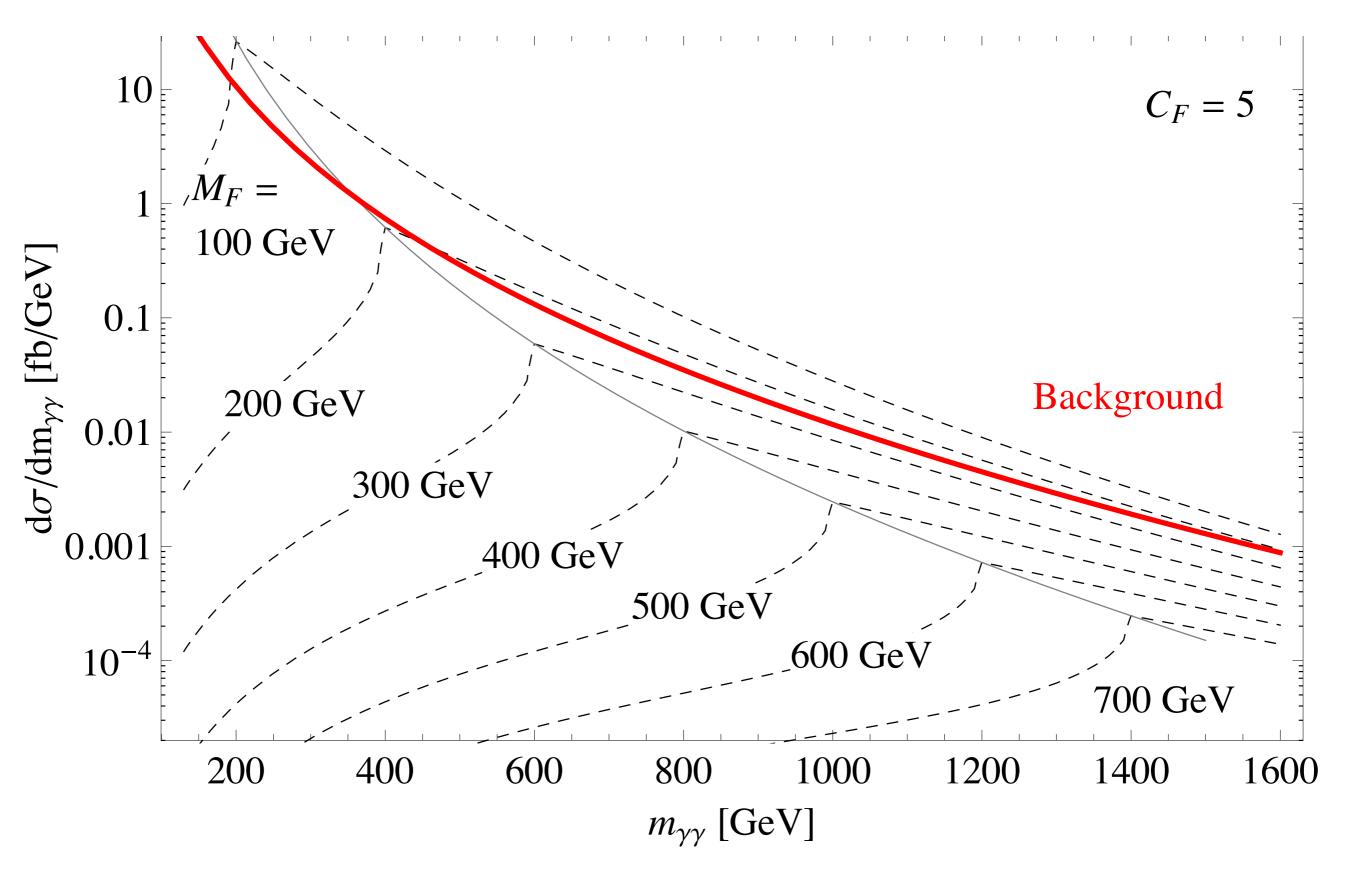




In the following analysis, selection efficiency is assumed to be 100%

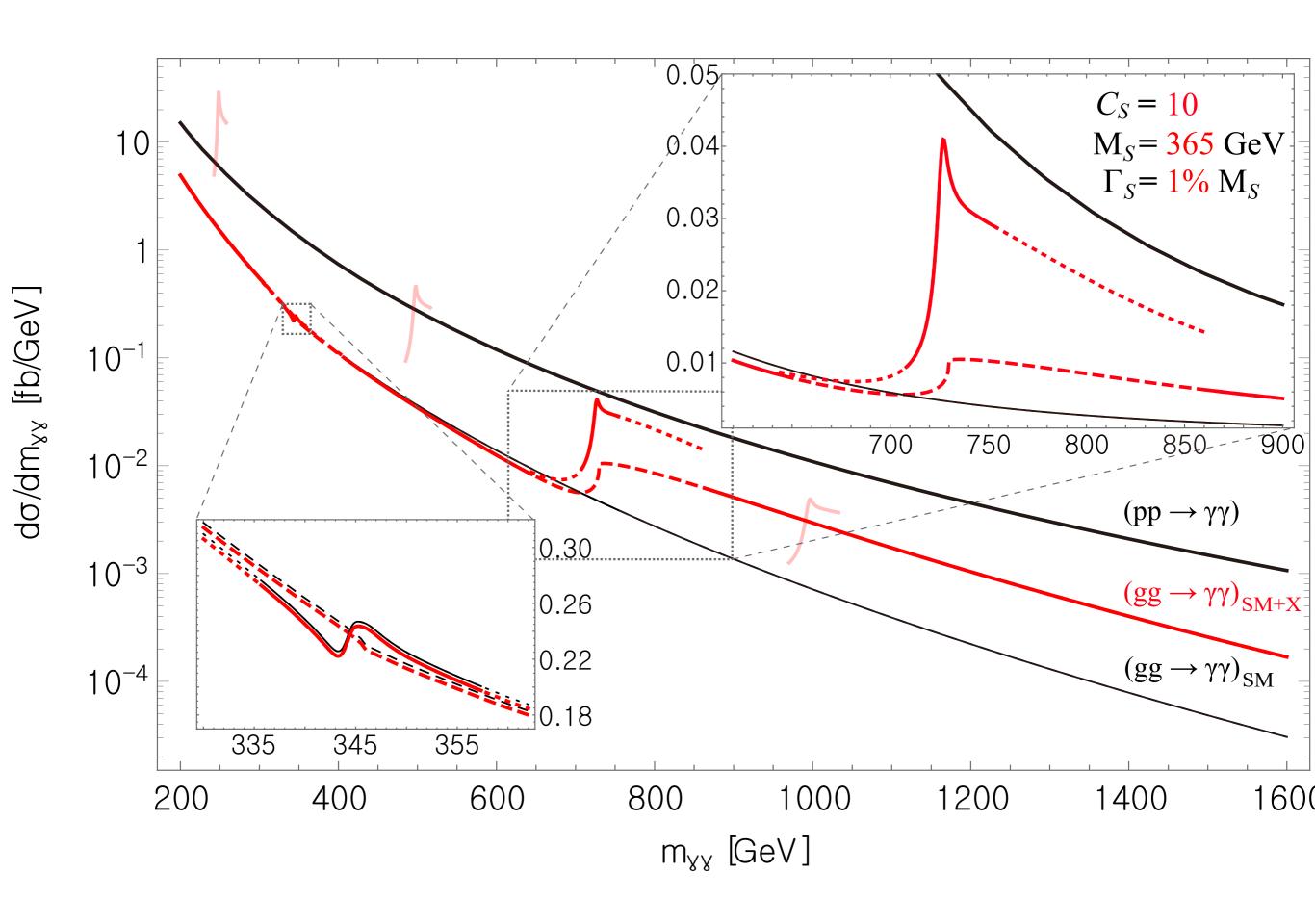


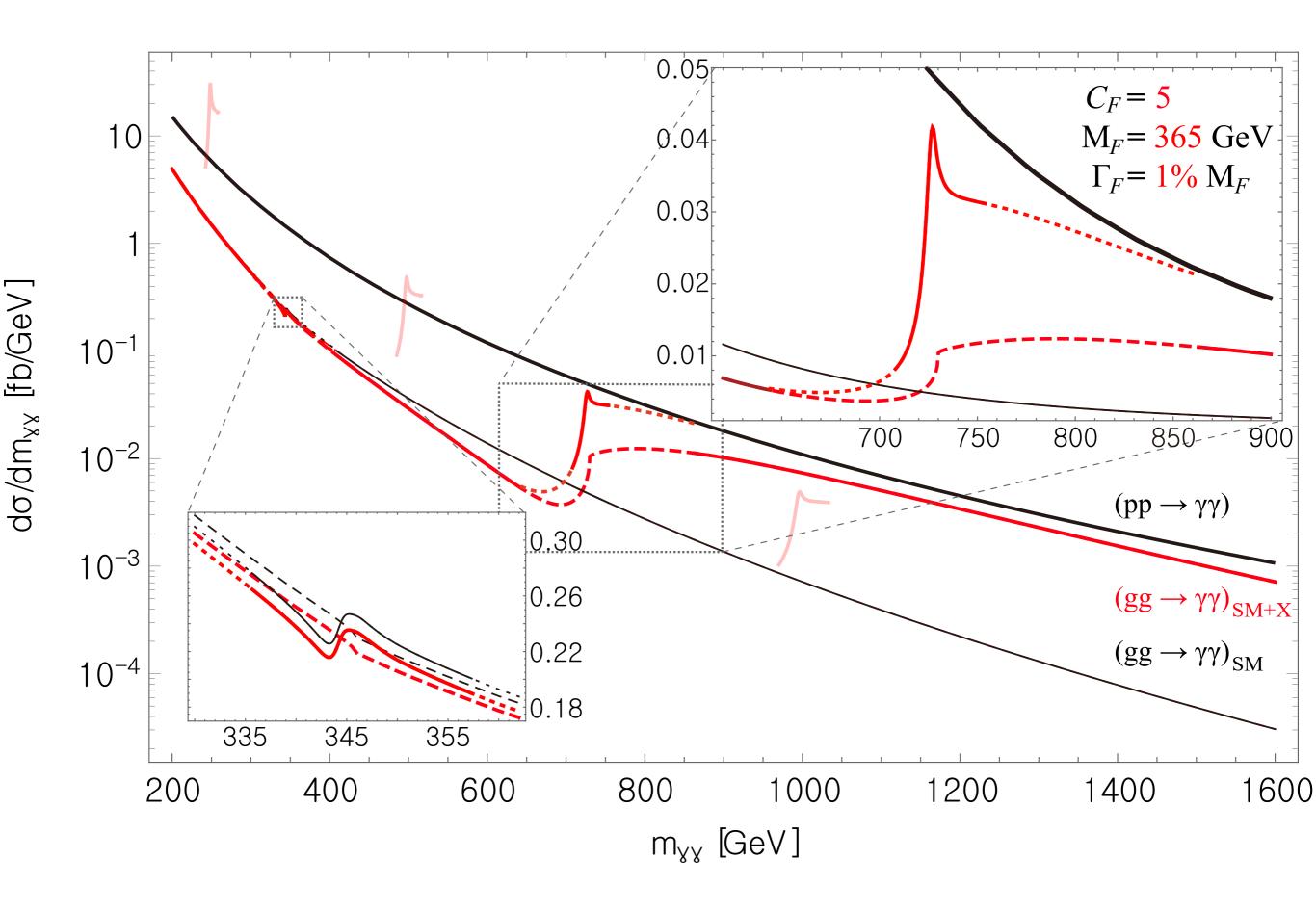
Signal cross section as a function of the loop particle (scalar) mass

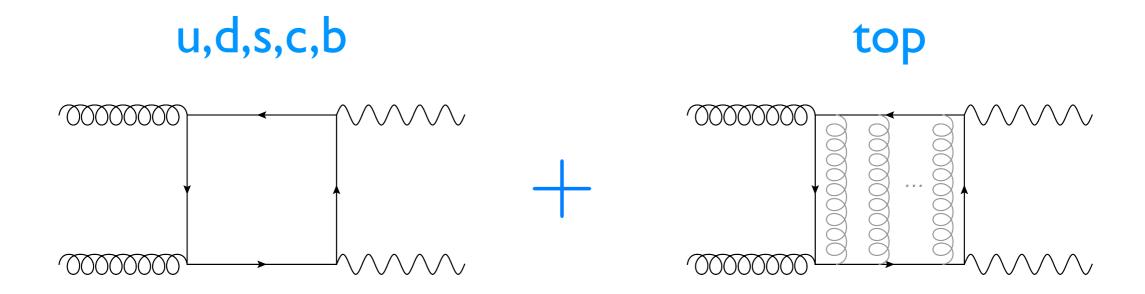


Signal cross section as a function of the loop particle (fermion) mass



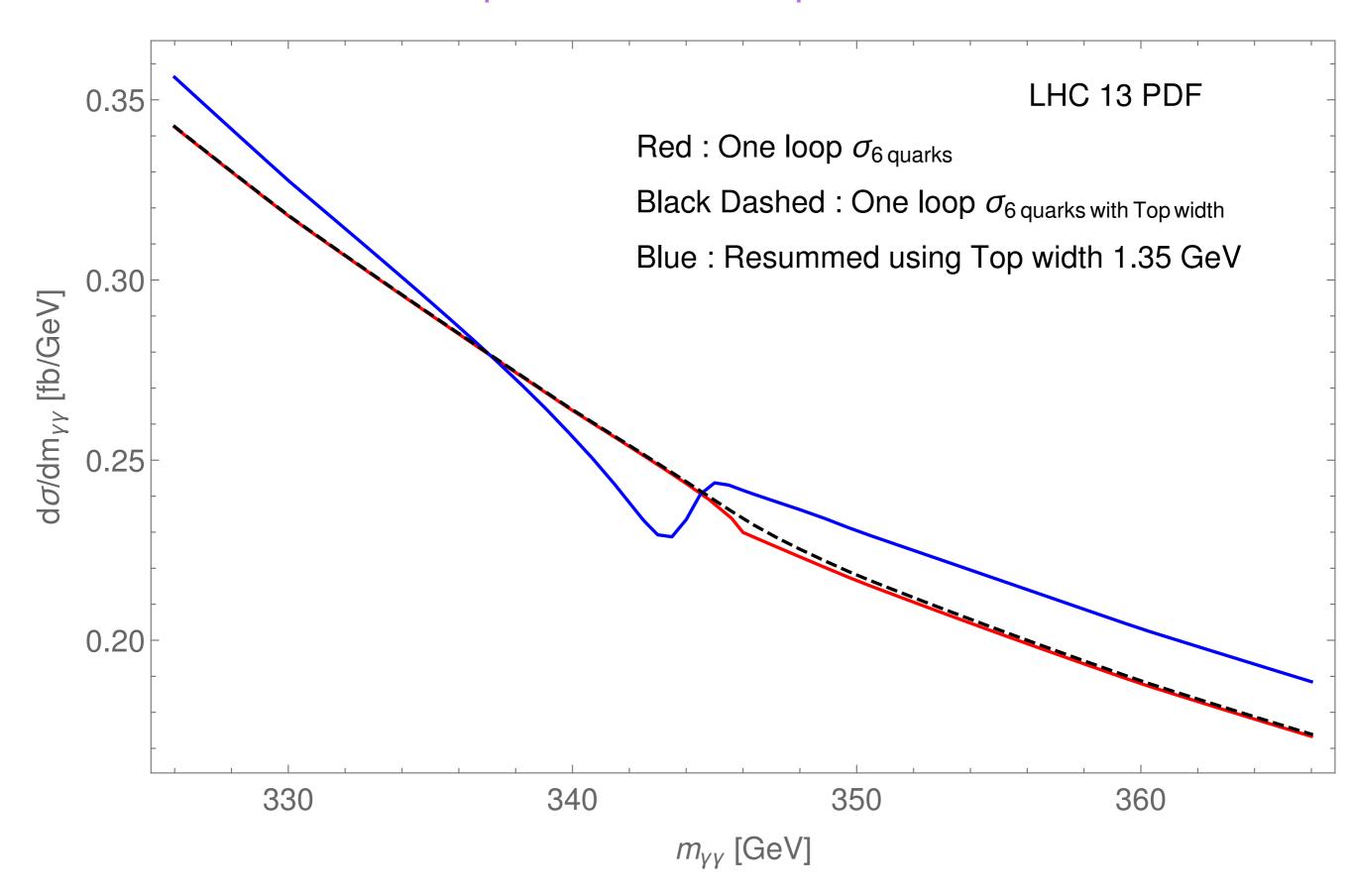




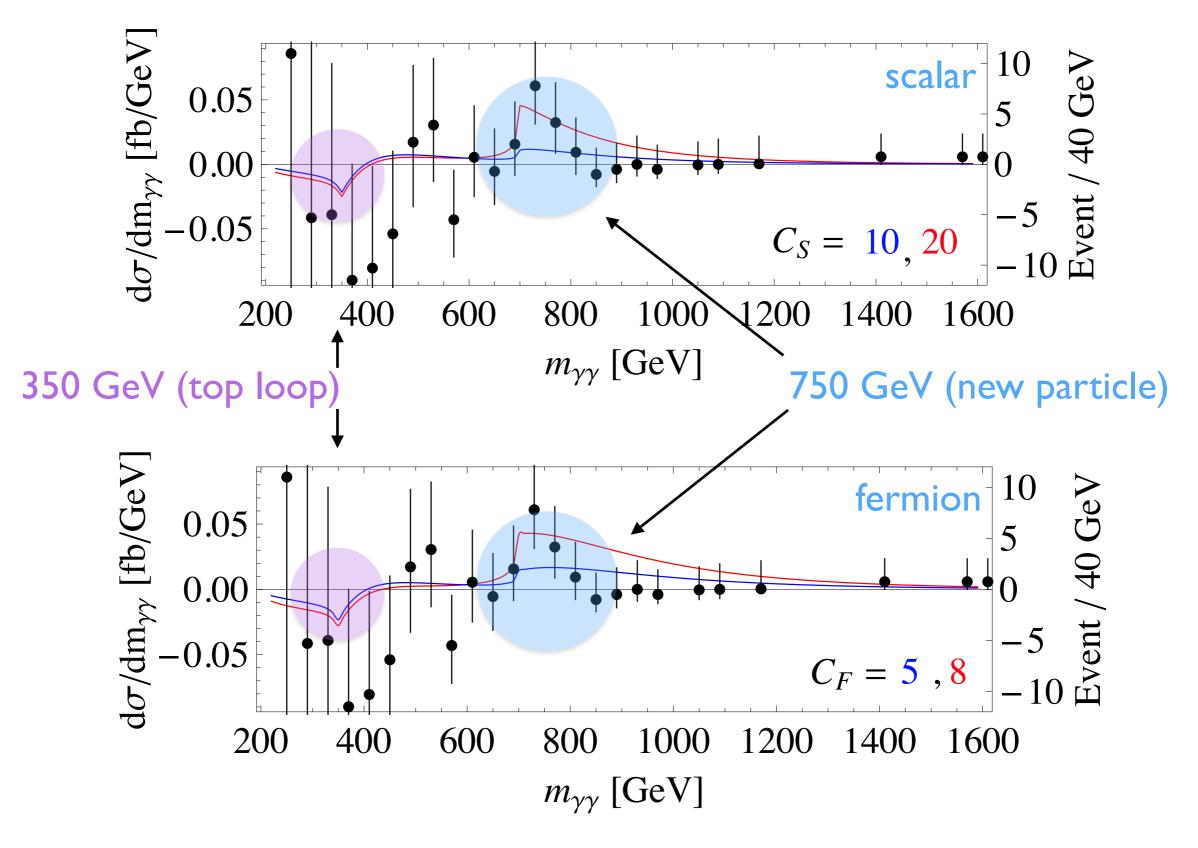


Top quark can show 2~3% effects in diphoton invariant mass at 2m_t from interference with 5 light quarks

Top threshold from diphoton

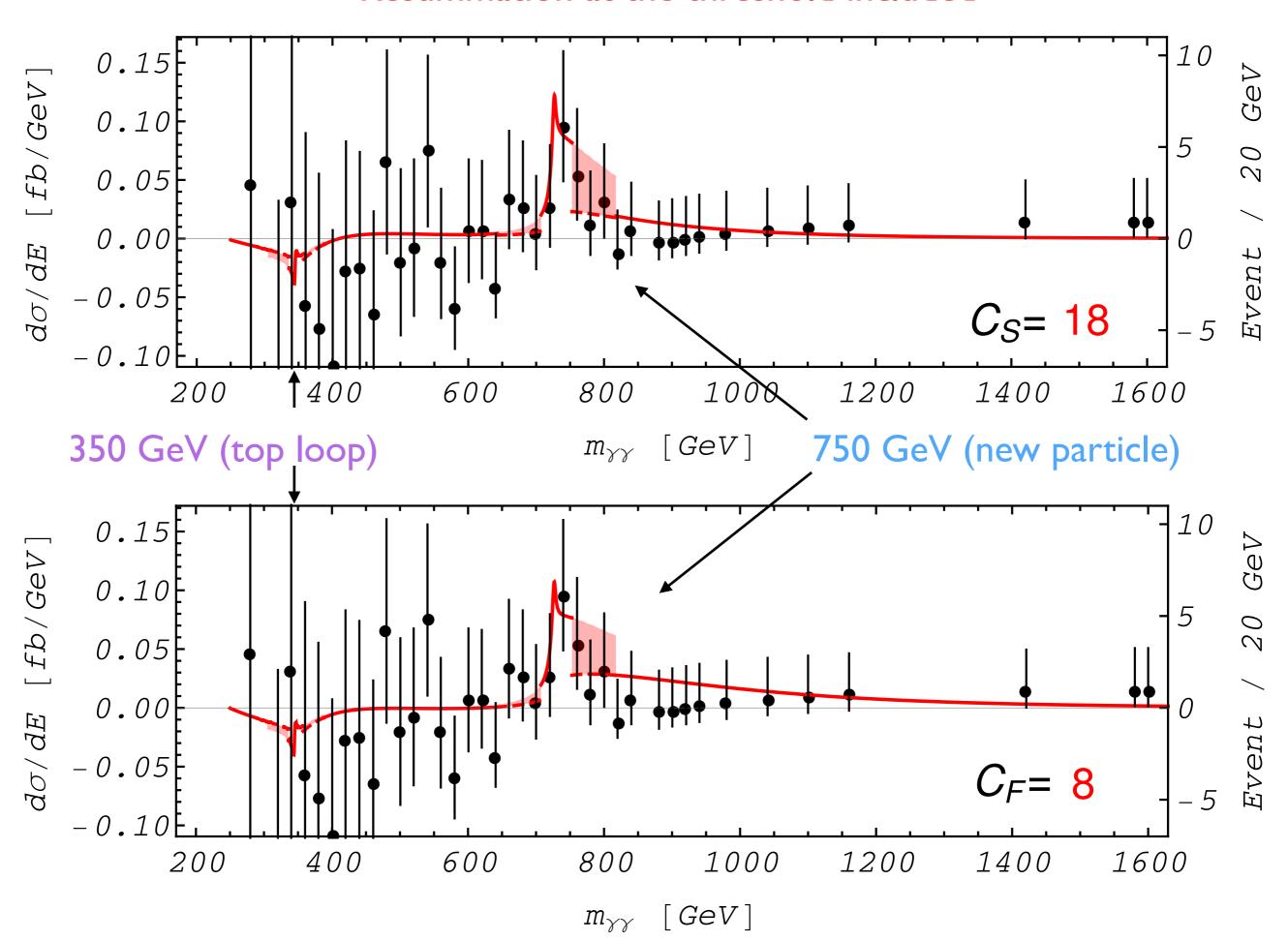


Resummation at the threshold NOT included



Best fit (red) and small color/charge (blue)

Resummation at the threshold included

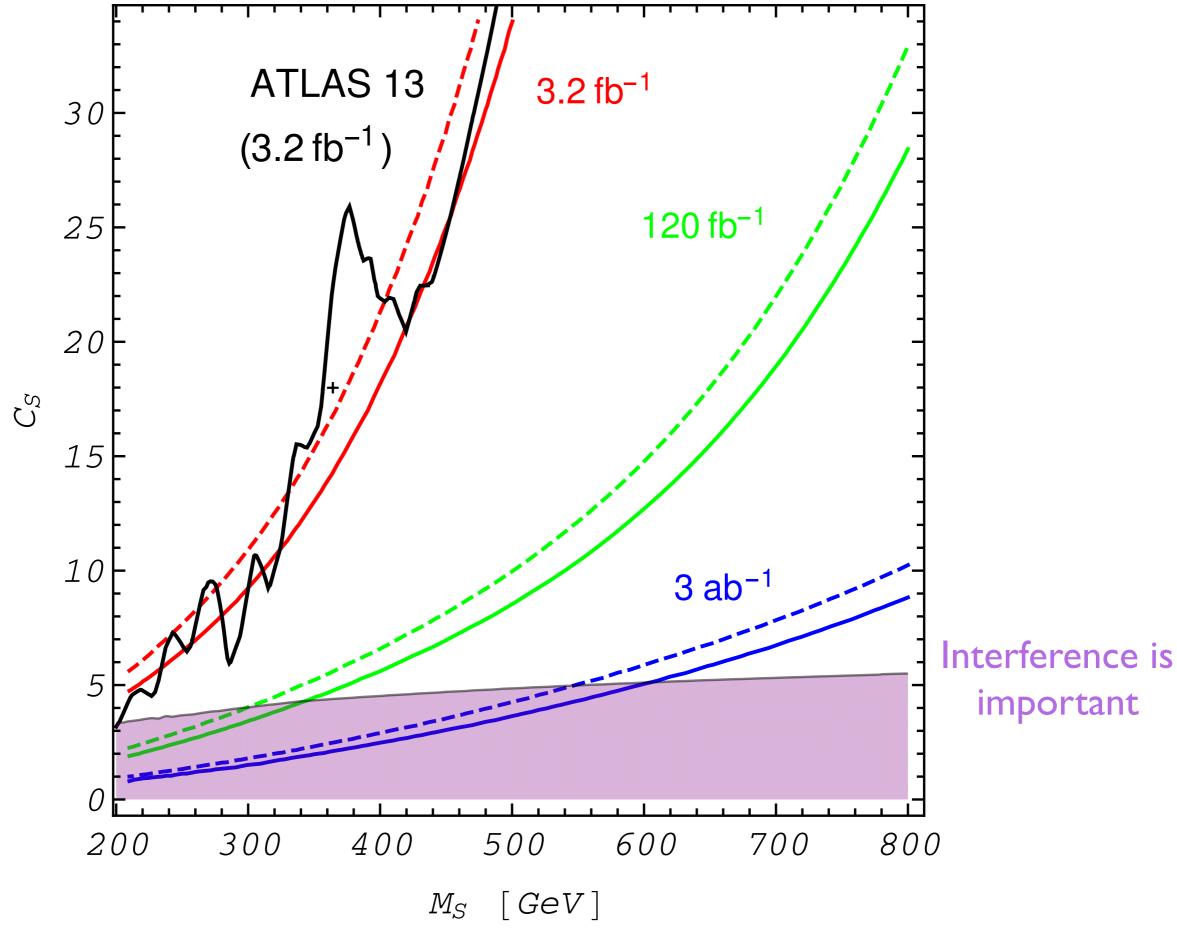


How to avoid direct detection?

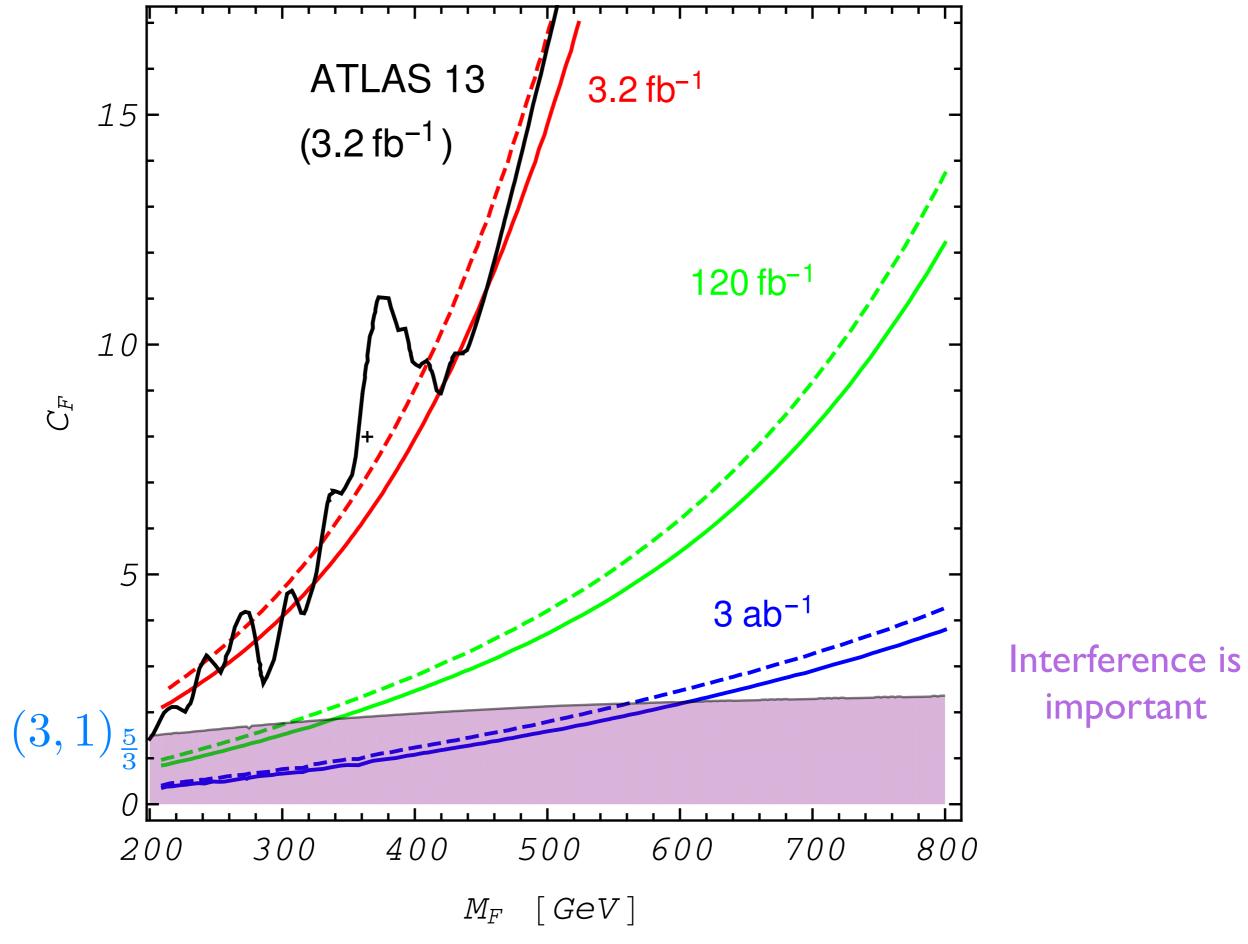
$$X(375) \rightarrow Sj \rightarrow (jj)j$$

$$X(375) \rightarrow Sj \rightarrow S'jj \rightarrow (jj)jj$$

$$X(375) \rightarrow Sj \rightarrow S'jj$$



Upper limit on C (scalar) and expected upper limit



Upper limit on C (fermion) and expected upper limit

If 750 GeV excess survives at the end of this year,

If large width survives (> 0.1% m or GeV),

greetings-day.com