Contribution ID: 13 Type: not specified

The physics potential of the SHiP experiment at CERN

Wednesday, 13 July 2016 09:30 (50 minutes)

SHIP is a new general purpose fixed target facility, whose Technical Proposal has been recently reviewed by the CERN SPS Committee, who recommended that the experiment proceeds further to a Comprehensive Design phase. In its initial phase, the 400GeV proton beam extracted from the SPS will be dumped on a heavy target with the aim of integrating 2×10^{20} pot in 5 years. A dedicated detector, based on a long vacuum tank followed by a spectrometer and particle identification detectors, will allow probing a variety of models with light long-lived exotic particles and masses below O(10) GeV/ c^2 . The main focus will be the physics of the so-called Hidden Portals, i.e. search for Dark Photons, Light scalars and pseudo-scalars, and Heavy Neutrinos. The sensitivity to Heavy Neutrinos will allow for the first time to probe, in the mass range between the kaon and the charm meson mass, a coupling range for which Baryogenesis and active neutrino masses could also be explained.

Another dedicated detector will allow the study of neutrino cross-sections and angular distributions. ν_{τ} deep inelastic scattering cross sections will be measured with a statistics 1000 times larger than currently available, with the extraction of the F_4 and F_5 structure functions, never measured so far and allow for new tests of lepton non-universality with sensitivity to BSM physics. This second detector will also allow direct dark matter detection produced in the decay of the dark photons.

Presenter: BONIVENTO, Walter (INFN Cagliari) **Session Classification:** Morning Session 1