

SND@LHC

SCATTERING AND NEUTRINO DETECTOR AT LHC

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GNU

ON BEHALF OF SND@LHC COLLABORATION



Outline

- Introduction
- SND@LHC
- Analyses & Results
- Conclusion

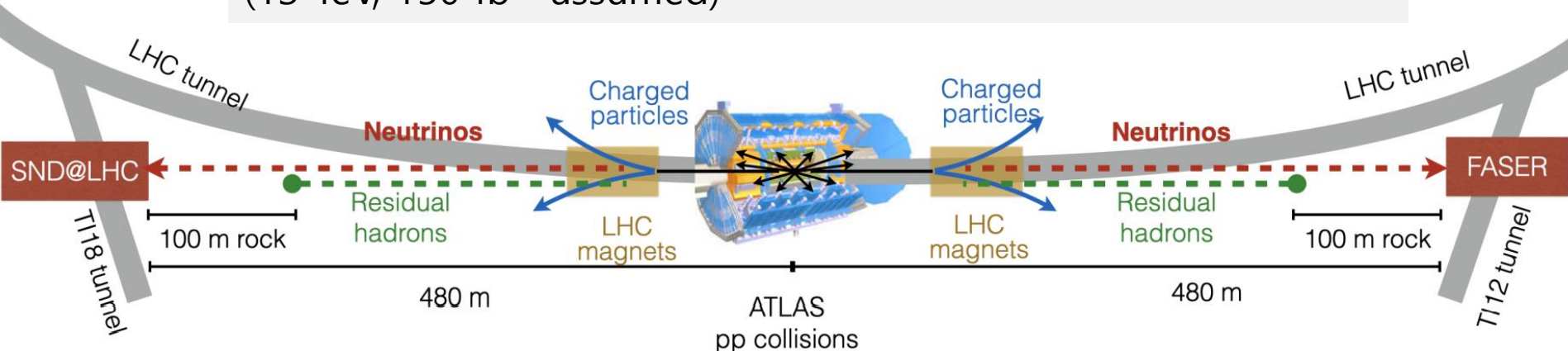
Introduction

Forward Experiments at the LHC

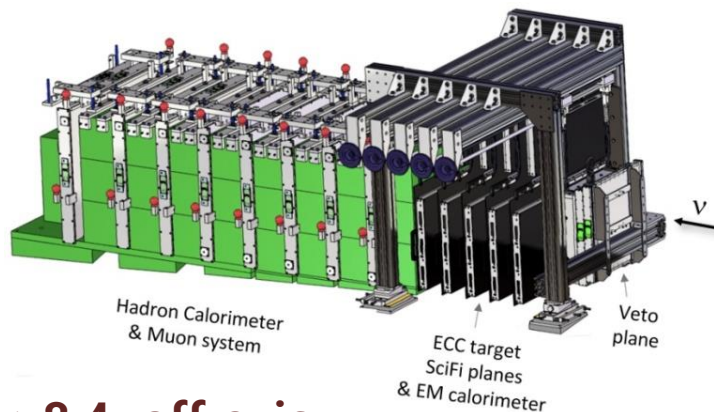
Physics in the Forward Region

10^{16} inelastic pp scattering events for LHC Run 3

$10^{17} \pi^0$, $10^{16} \eta$, $10^{15} D$, $10^{13} B$, ... expected for each hemisphere
(13 TeV, 150 fb^{-1} assumed)

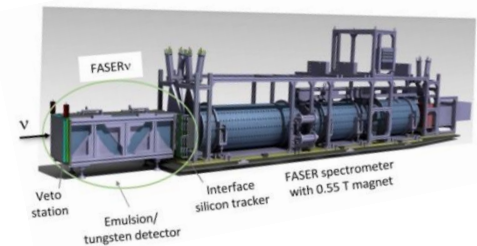


SND@LHC



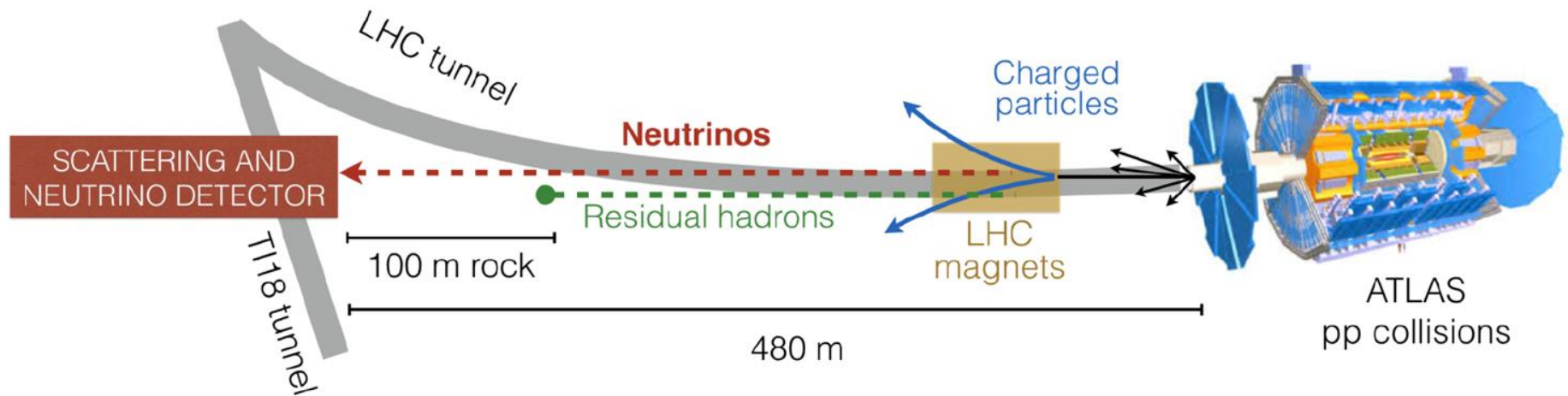
$7.2 < \eta < 8.4$, off-axis

FASER & FASERv



$\eta > 8.8$
on-axis₄

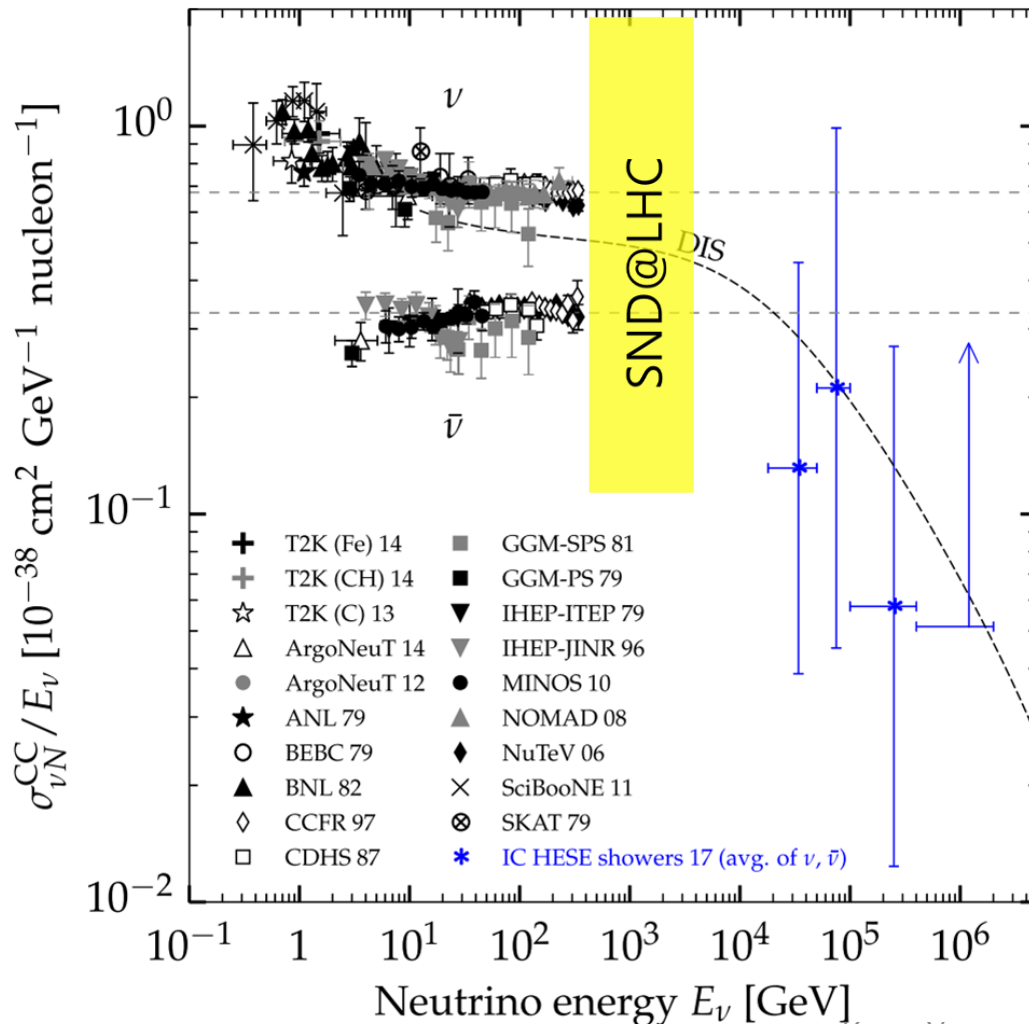
The SND@LHC



- 480 m away from the ATLAS interaction point (IP1)
- Located in the TI18 tunnel, former positron transfer line to LEP
- Shielded by 100 m rock
- LHC magnet deflects charged particles
- Neutrinos and (if exist) feebly interacting particles (FIPs) arrive at the detector

Neutrinos at the LHC

PRL 122 (2019) 041101

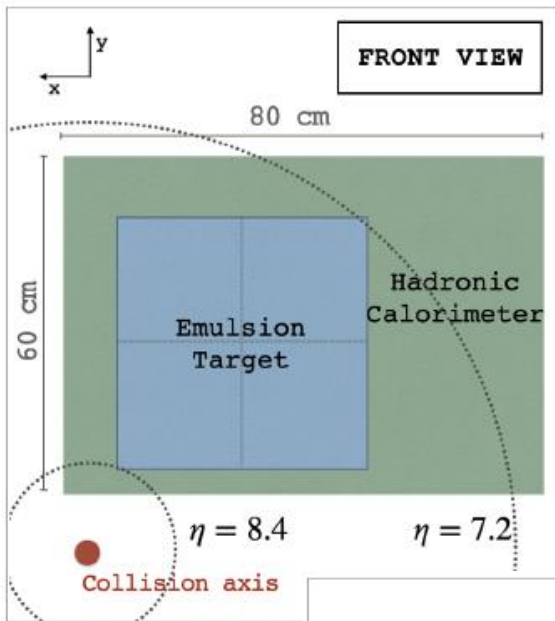


The LHC neutrinos are interesting because...

- First observation of the collider neutrinos
- High energy neutrinos of not explored region, 300 GeV ~ a few TeV
- Large fluxes in the forward region
- All the 3 flavour neutrinos can be observed.

SND@LHC

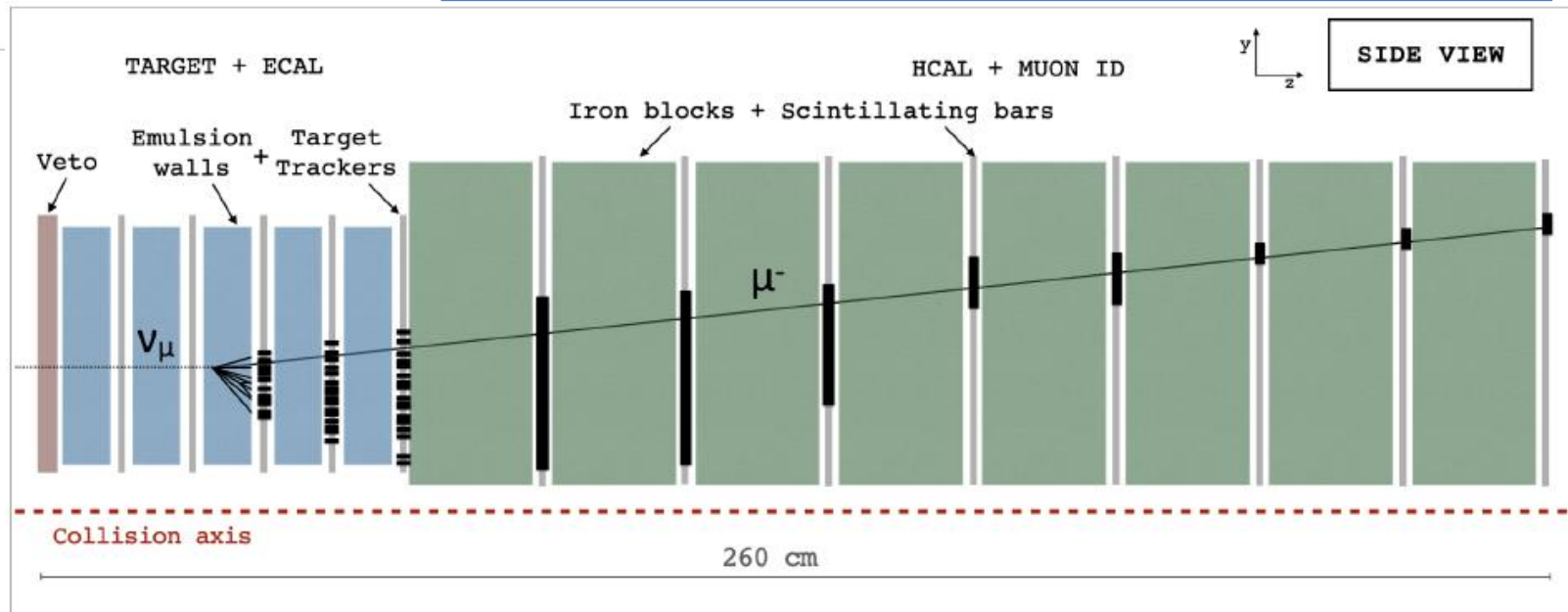
The SND@LHC Detector



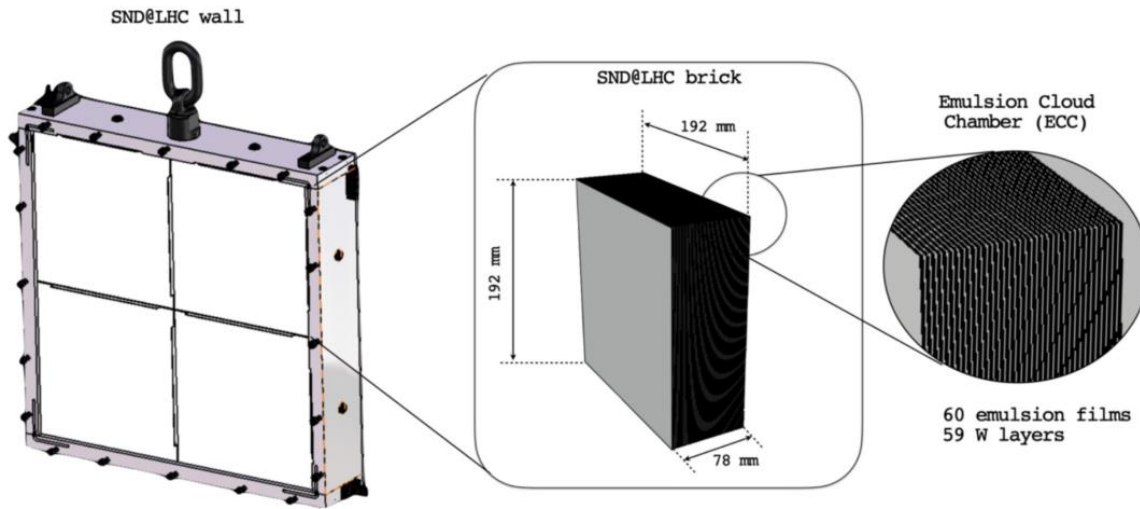
Hybrid detector optimised for the identification of all three neutrino flavours and the FIPs

- Veto plane
- Vertex detector and EM calorimeter ($\sim 40 X_0$) : ECC and SciFi
- Hadron calorimeter and muon system ($\sim 10 \lambda$)

Detector paper : arXiv 2210.02784 to appear on JINST

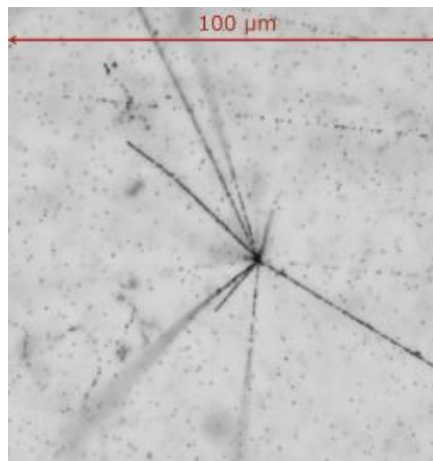
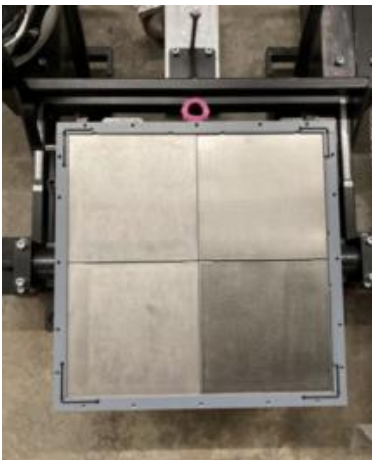


Emulsion Cloud Chamber

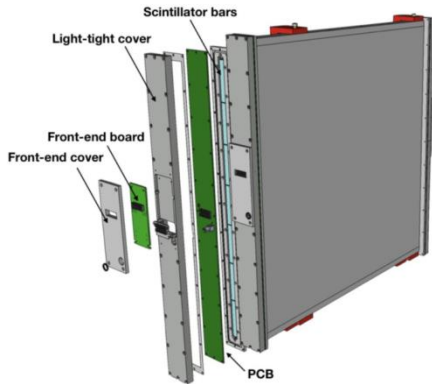


Emulsion target

- Emulsion cloud chamber (ECC) brick consists of 60 emulsion films interleaved with 59 tungsten plates
- Total tungsten mass 830 kg
- 5 walls x 4 bricks x 60 emulsion films
- Replaced every 20 fb⁻¹



Other Detector Components



Veto system

- Tags incoming charged particles and consists of 2 planes with 7 Sci bars

SciFi detector

- Scintillating Fiber detectors interface emulsion with electronic detectors for position prediction and timing of outgoing particles.
- Electromagnetic calorimetry



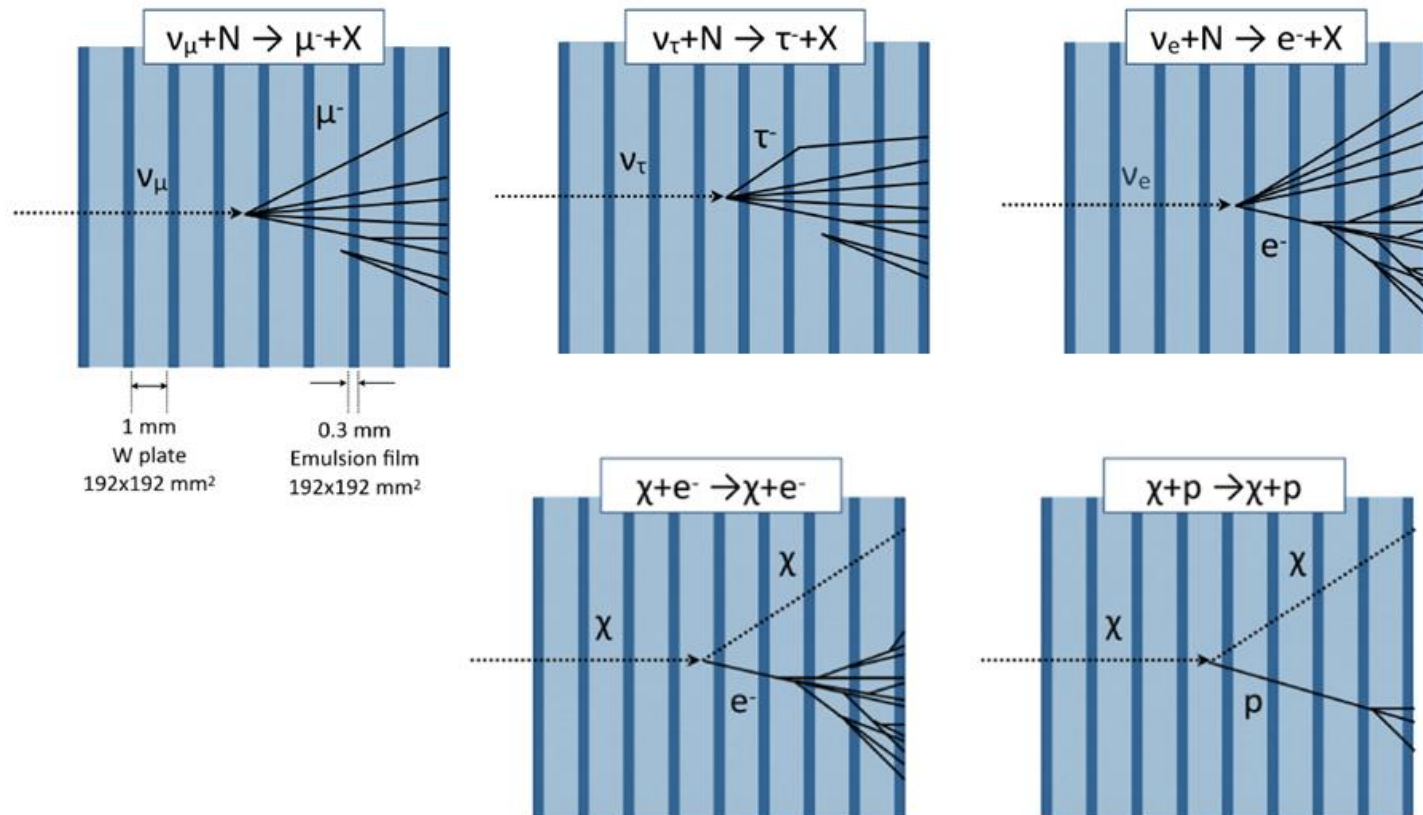
Hadronic calorimeter and muon system

- Upstream : 5 stations of Fe blocks with 10 Sci bars for hadronic calorimetry
- Downstream : 3 stations with 60 horizontal and 60 vertical Sci bars for muon tagging

Physics Cases

- Measurement of the ν production cross section
- Measurement of the forward charm production
- Neutrino induced charm production
- **Lepton flavor universality test** in neutrino interactions
- Measurement of the NC/CC ratio
- Direct search for **FIP** through their scattering

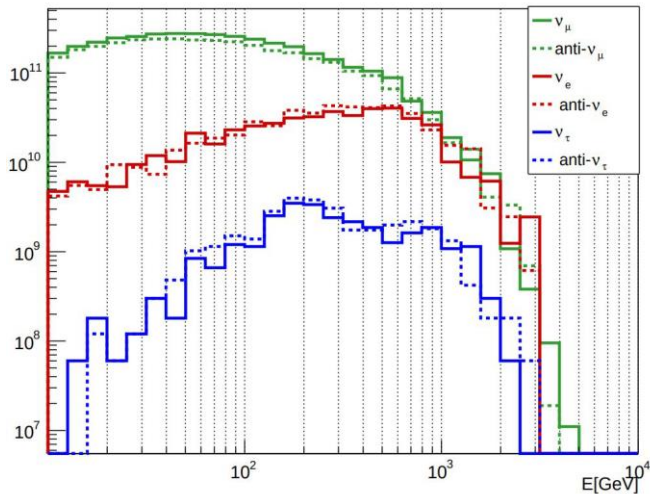
Physics Cases – Event Topology



Identification of all three neutrino flavours and FIPs by event topologies in the ECC brick

Physics Cases – Neutrino Production

Incoming Neutrinos to SND

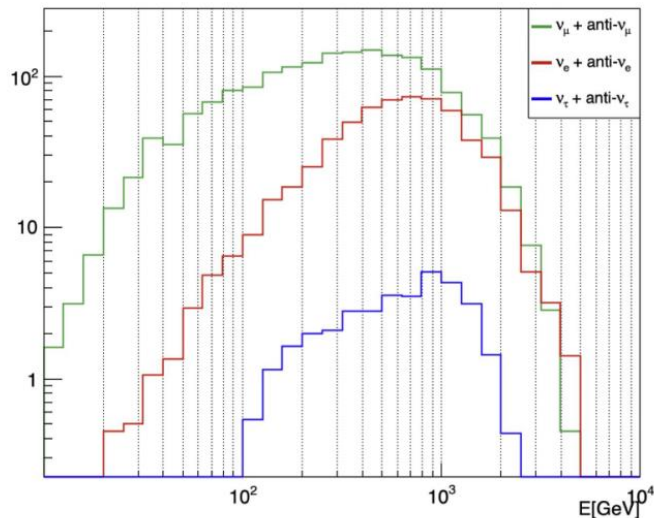


Measurement of $\sigma(pp \rightarrow \nu X)$

- $\nu_\mu + \bar{\nu}_\mu$ charged-current: 1447
- $\nu_e + \bar{\nu}_e$ charged-current: 450
- $\nu_\tau + \bar{\nu}_\tau$ charged-current: 34

Estimated from
290 fb⁻¹ in LHC Run 3
Angular acceptance $7.2 < \eta < 8.4$

Neutrino interactions in SND



Flavour	Neutrinos in acceptance		CC neutrino interactions		NC neutrino interactions	
	$\langle E \rangle$ [GeV]	Yield	$\langle E \rangle$ [GeV]	Yield	$\langle E \rangle$ [GeV]	Yield
ν_μ	120	3.4×10^{12}	450	1028	480	310
$\bar{\nu}_\mu$	125	3.0×10^{12}	480	419	480	157
ν_e	300	4.0×10^{11}	760	292	720	88
$\bar{\nu}_e$	230	4.4×10^{11}	680	158	720	58
ν_τ	400	2.8×10^{10}	740	23	740	8
$\bar{\nu}_\tau$	380	3.1×10^{10}	740	11	740	5
TOT		7.3×10^{12}		1930		625

Timeline

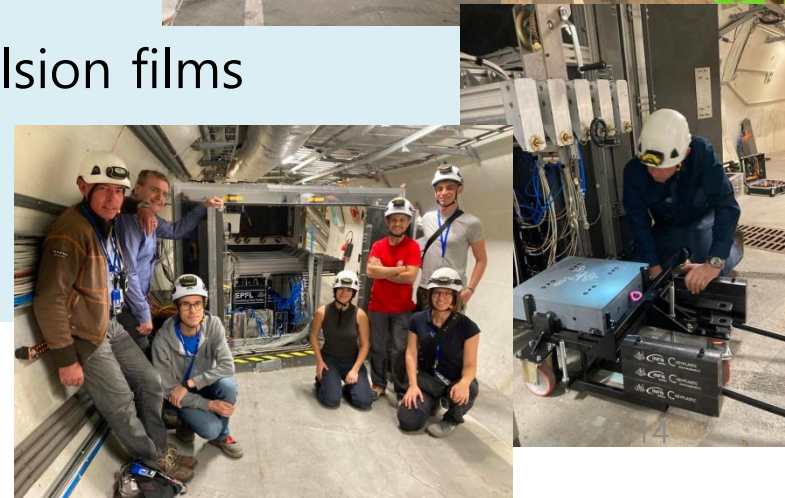
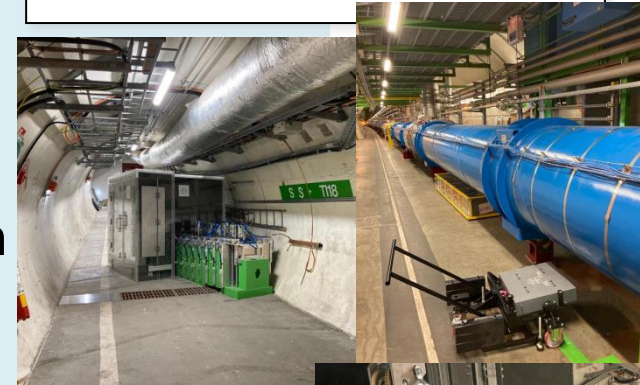
Scattering and Neutrino Detector at
the LHC

Letter of Intent

TECHNICAL PROPOSAL

SND@LHC

Aug. 27 th , 2020	Letter of Intent
Jan. 22 nd , 2021	Technical Proposal
March, 2021	Approval by CERN RB
August, 2021	Infrastructure
Oct.13 th , 2021	Detector construction completion
December, 2021	Detector installation in T118
Apr. 7 th , 2022	Installation of the first emulsion films
July, 5 th , 2022	First 13.6 TeV collisions
July, 26 th , 2022	Full target installation

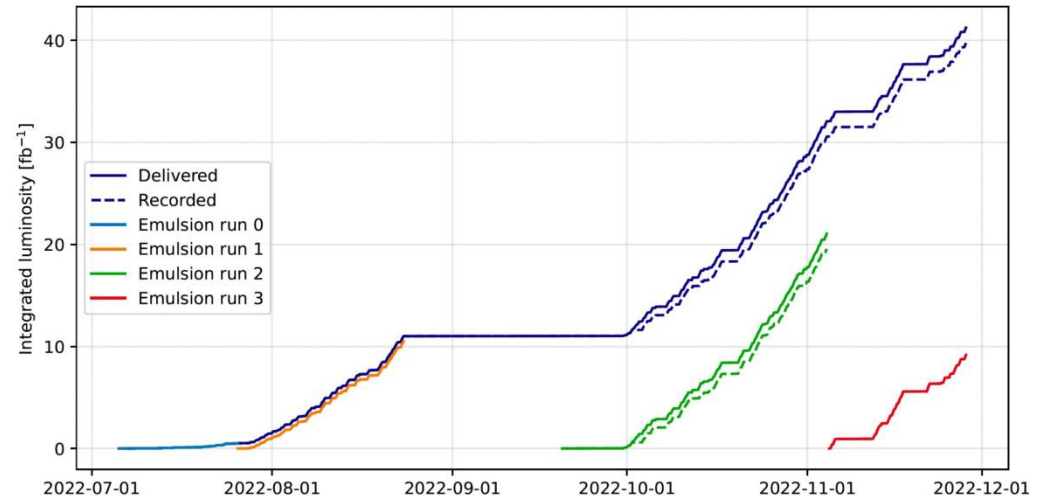


Analyses & Results

Data taking in 2022

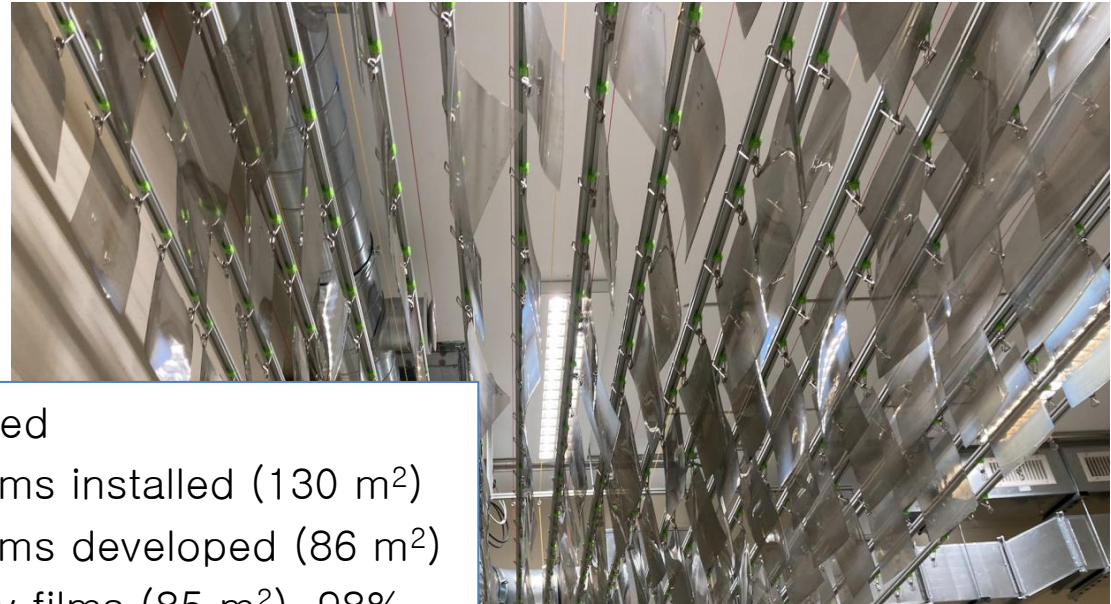
Run3 in 2022

41.25 fb⁻¹ delivered
39.74 fb⁻¹ recorded (96%)

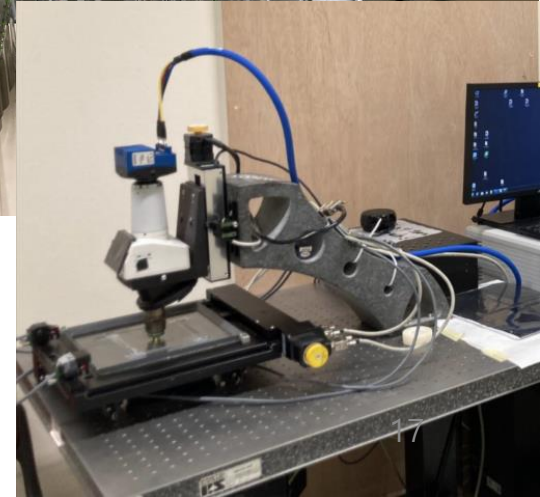


2022													INSTRUMENTED TARGET MASS	INTEGRATED LUMINOSITY
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec		
EMULSION RUN0													39 kg	0.5 fb ⁻¹
EMULSION RUN1													807 kg	10.5 fb ⁻¹
EMULSION RUN2													784 kg	21.1 fb ⁻¹
EMULSION RUN3													792 kg	9.2 fb ⁻¹

Emulsion Development & Scanning

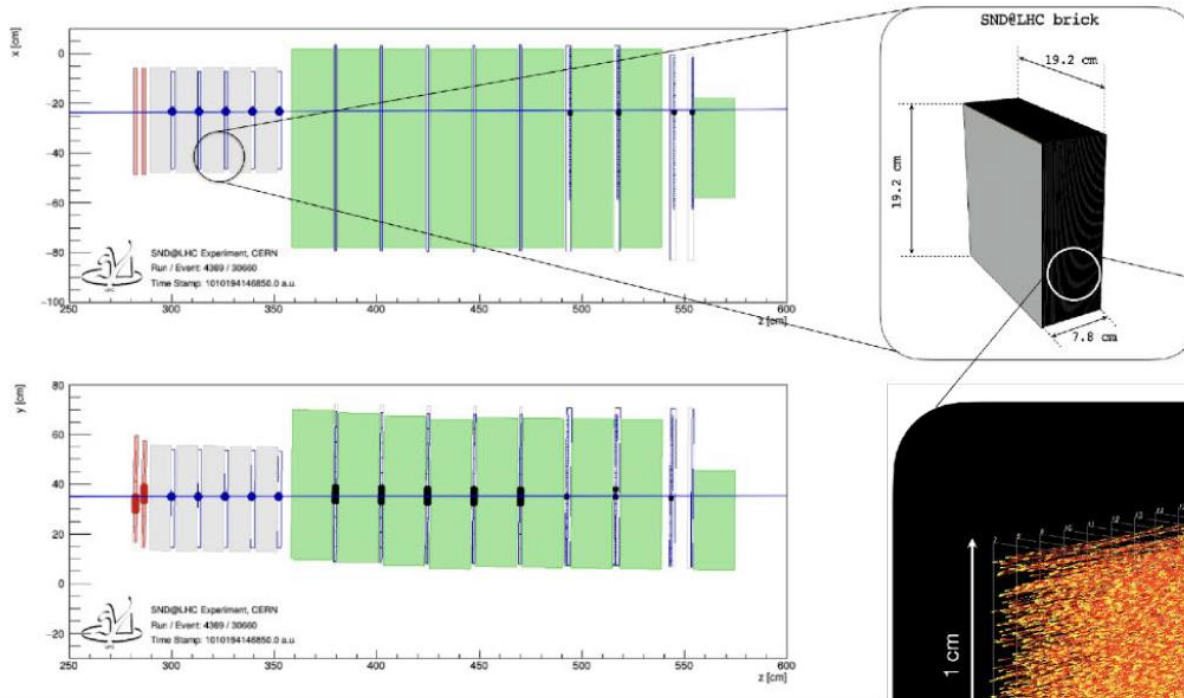


- 16 walls assembled
- 3522 emulsion films installed (130 m^2)
- 2370 emulsion films developed (86 m^2)
- 2320 good quality films (85 m^2), 98%
- 3500 L disposed chemical solutions



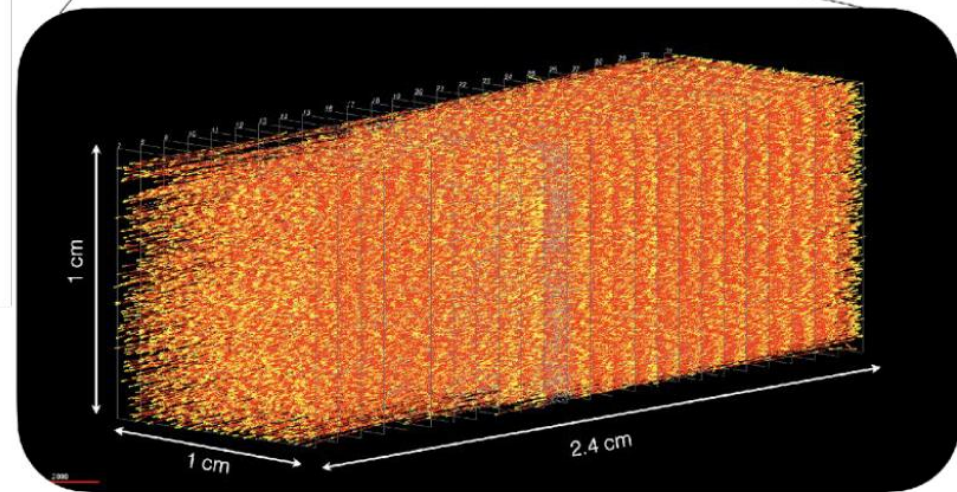
Kang Young Lee

Muon Track Reconstruction



Emulsion Reconstruction

Muon tracks in $1 \times 1 \text{ cm}^2$
Integrated in Run 0 of
 0.51 fb^{-1} (07/04-26/07)



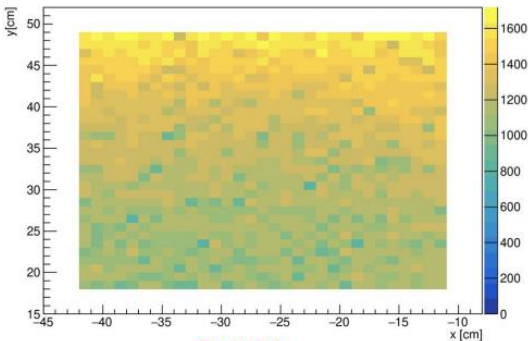
Electronic Detector Reconstruction

Muon track from pp collisions
at 13.6 TeV (06/07/2022)

Data/MC Comparison

DATA

SciFi tracks @ SciFi front face, IP1 collisions

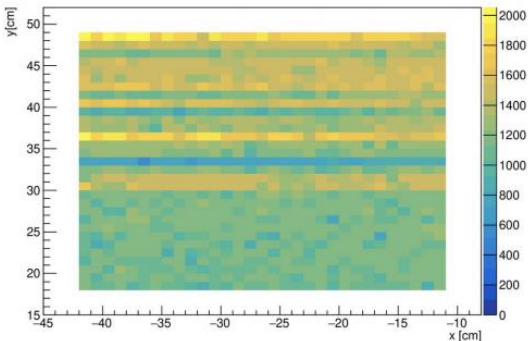


Measured muon
track rate in SciFi
(31x31 cm²):

$(1.60 \pm 0.01_{\text{stat}}) \times 10^4$
fb/cm²

DATA

DS tracks @ DS front face, IP1 collisions

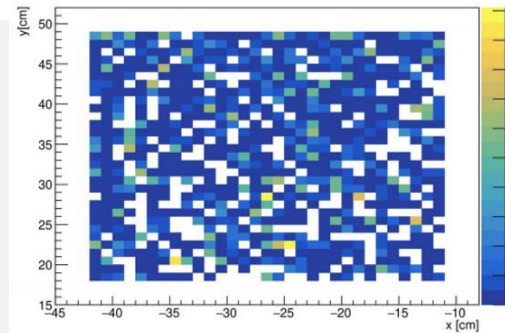


Measured muon
track rate in Muon
system (31x31 cm²):

$(1.67 \pm 0.01_{\text{stat}}) \times 10^4$
fb/cm²

MC

MC: SciFi tracks @ SciFi front face

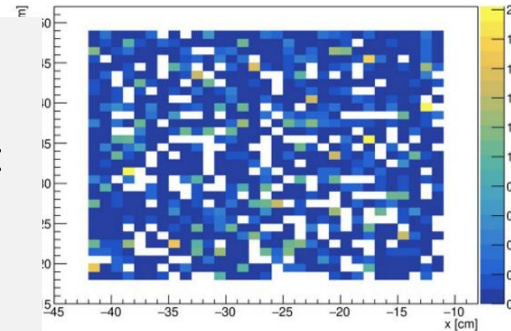


Expected muon
track rate in SciFi
(31x31 cm²):

$(1.57 \pm 0.10_{\text{stat}}) \times 10^4$
fb/cm²

MC

MC: DS tracks @ DS front face



Expected muon
track rate in Muon
system (31x31 cm²):

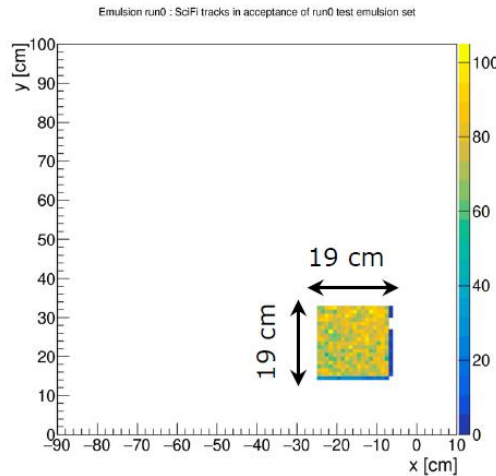
$(1.59 \pm 0.10_{\text{stat}}) \times 10^4$
fb/cm²

Muon flux from FLUKA
F. Cerutti, M.S. Gilarte
CERN-SY/STI

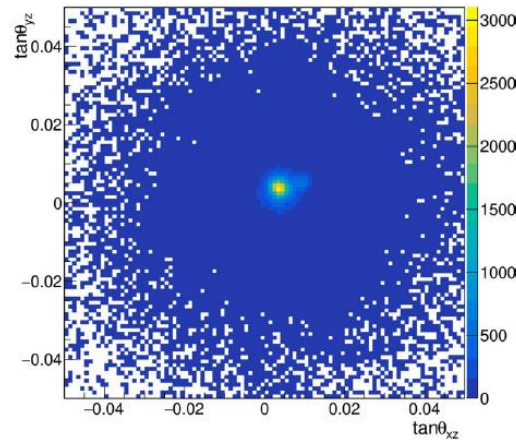
SciFi/Emulsion Comparison

SciFi

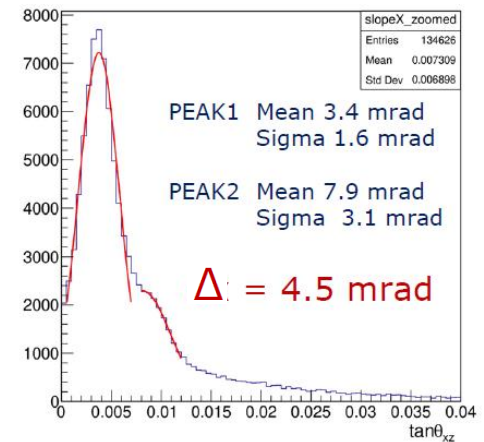
Measured rates on
BRICK1 surface
 1.6×10^4 fb/cm²



Emulsion run0 : SciFi tracks

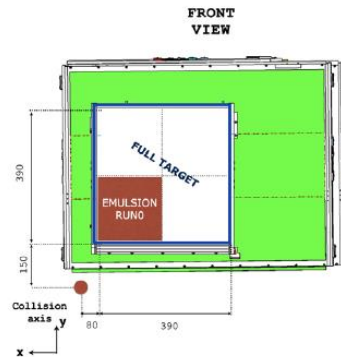


Emulsion run0 : SciFi tracks

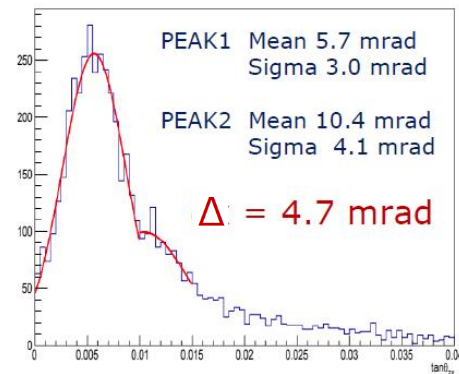
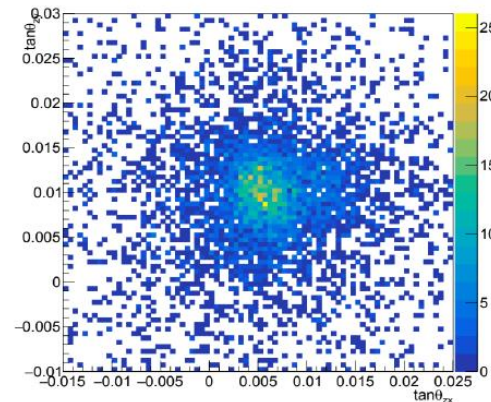


EMULSIONS

Measured rates in
BRICK1
 1.5×10^4 fb/cm²



2D angular distribution



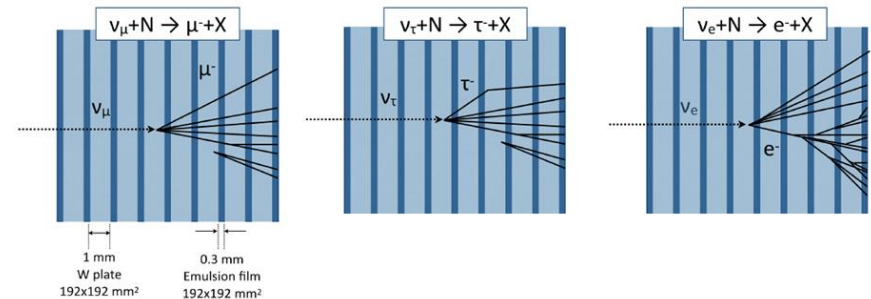
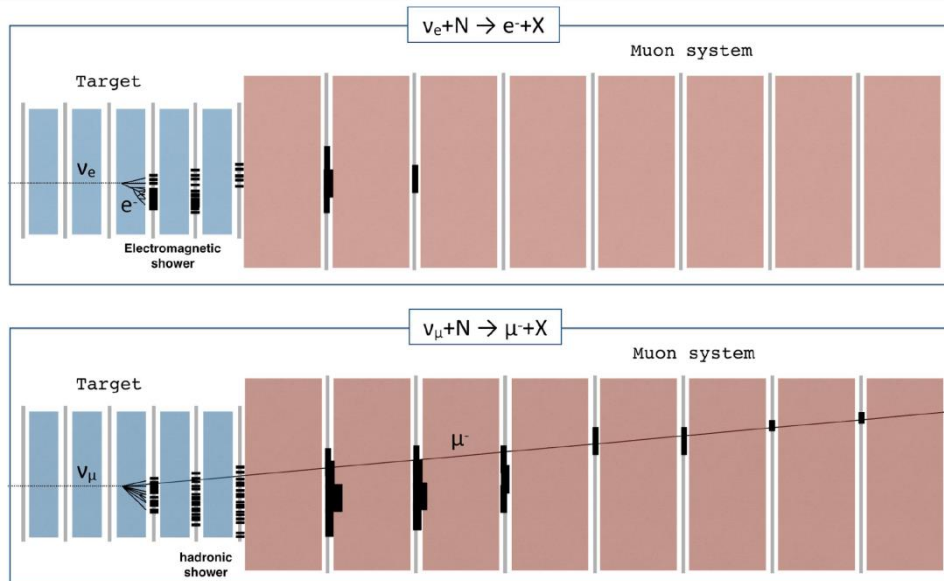
Neutrino Identification Strategy

First Stage

- Identify the neutrino candidates in electronic detector data
- Tag muons in the muon system
- Measure electronic and hadronic energies in calorimeters

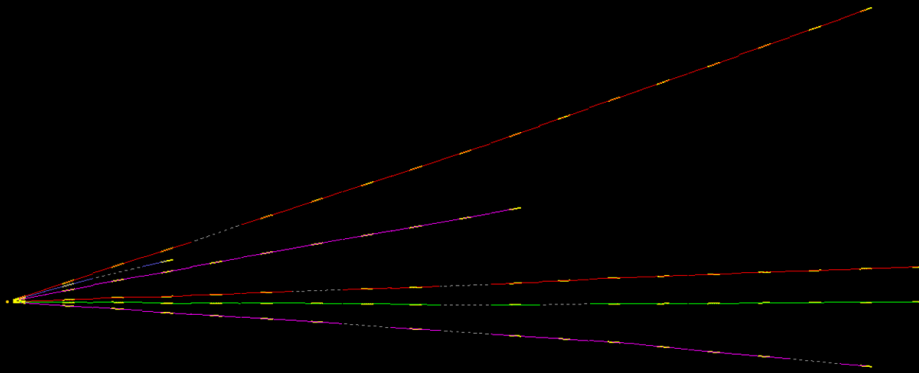
Second Stage

- Identify the neutrino candidates in emulsion data
- Tag electromagnetic showers
- Match events to electronic detector data
- Identify neutrinos of all flavours!

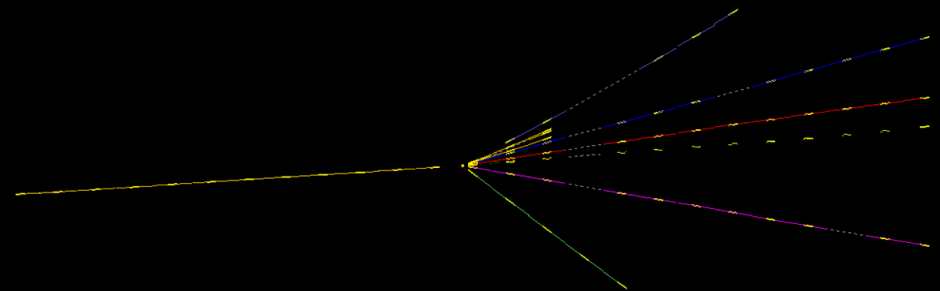


Vertex Reconstruction in Emulsion

Neutral particle interaction



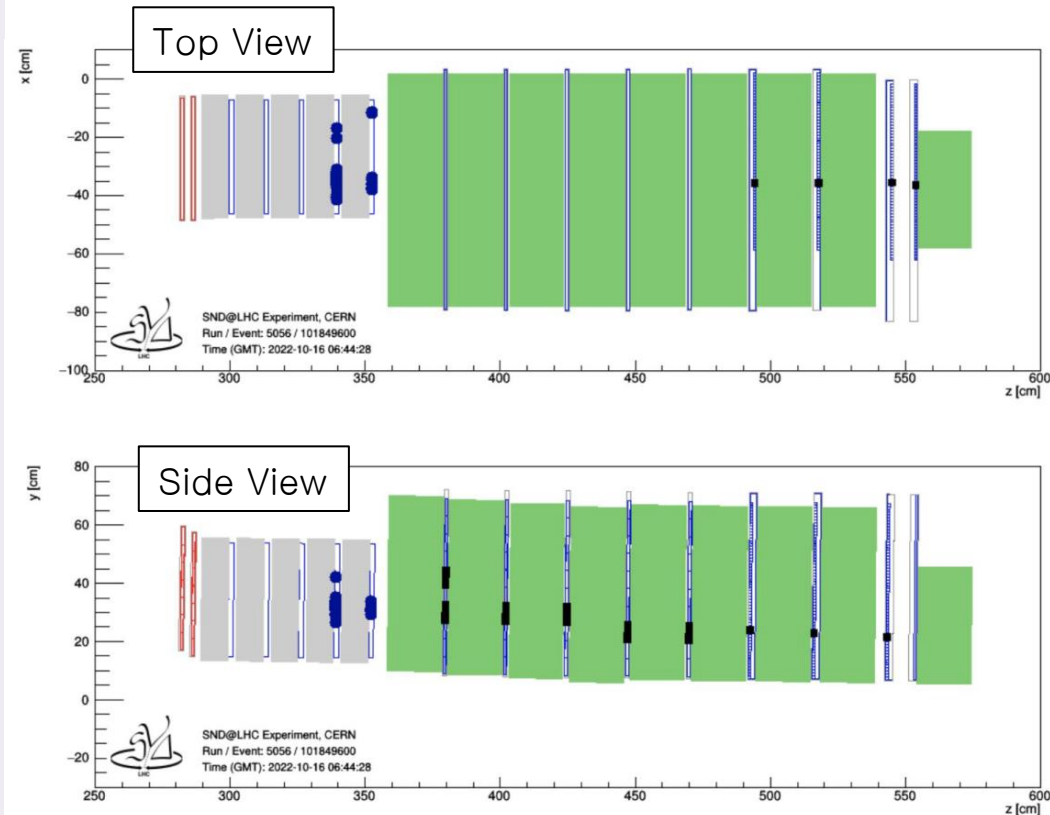
Charged particle interaction



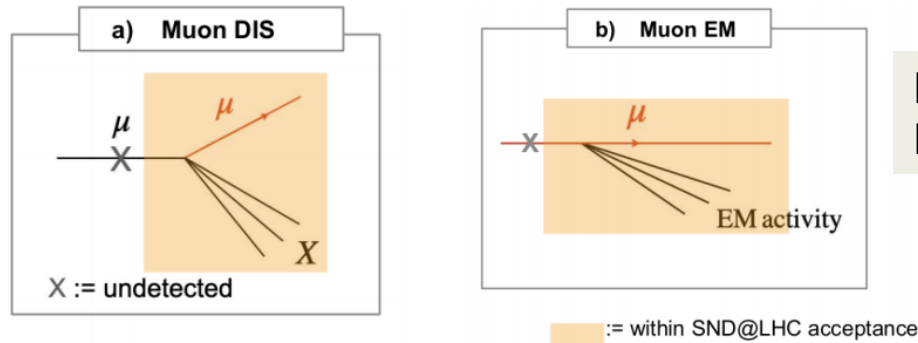
Neutrino Identification with Electronic Detectors

Neutrino selection criteria for electronic detectors

- **Fiducial volume cuts**
 - Require an event from a neutral vertex, located in the 3rd or 4th wall
 - Select fiducial cross-sectional area to reject entering backgrounds
- **Neutrino ID cuts**
 - Require large EM activity in SciFi and hadronic activity in the HCAL
 - Require timing for event produced upstream
 - Muon reconstructed and isolated in the muon system



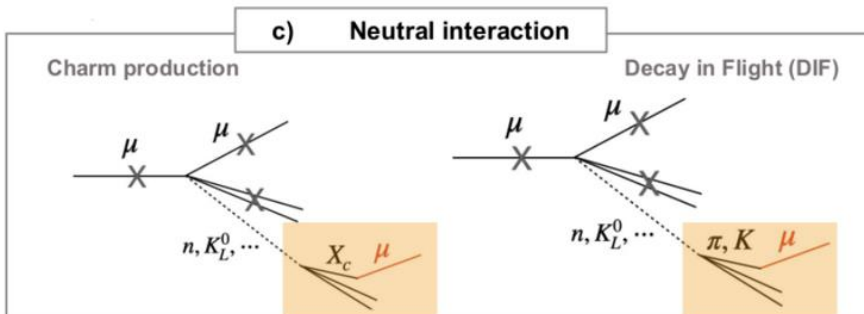
Background Estimation



Muon induced DIS and EM backgrounds
 Number of undetected muons entering the target

$$N_{\mu}^{bkg} = N_{\mu} \times (1 - \epsilon_{Veto}) \times (1 - \epsilon_{SciFi1}) \times (1 - \epsilon_{SciFi2}) \sim 10^{-2}$$

SND@LHC PRELIMINARY

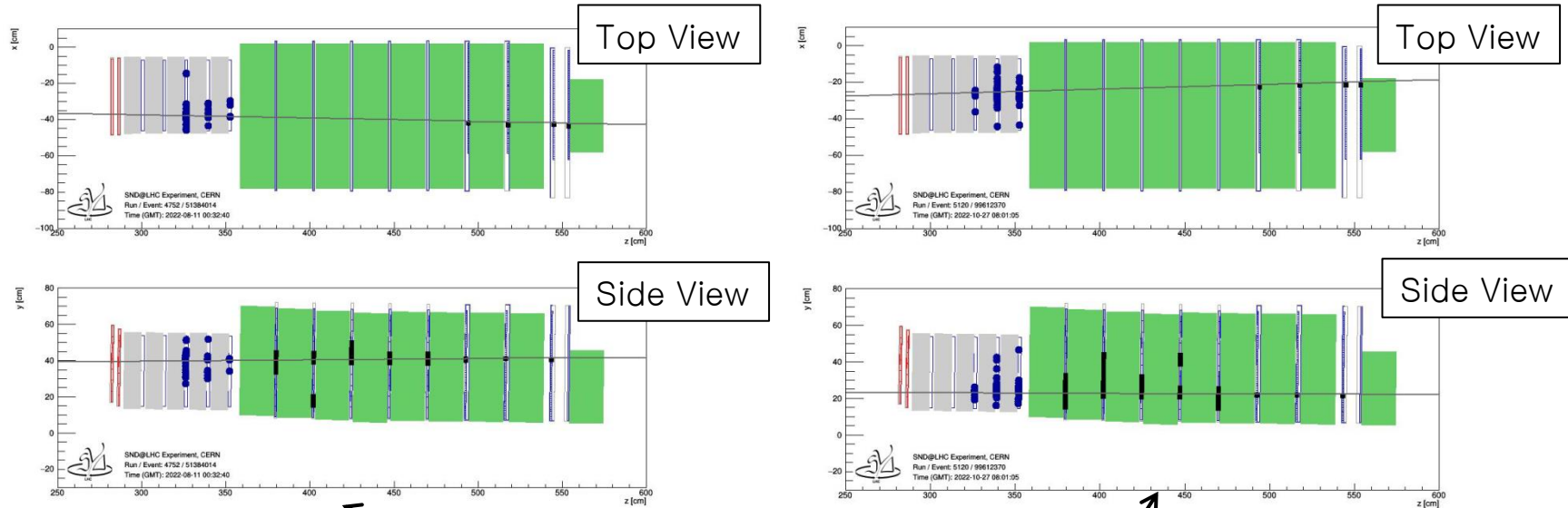


Muon induced neutral interaction backgrounds

$$N_{\text{neutrals}}^{bkg} = N_{\text{neutrals}} \times P_{\text{inel}} \times \epsilon_{\text{sel}} \sim 0.2$$

Systematic uncertainty study is ongoing.

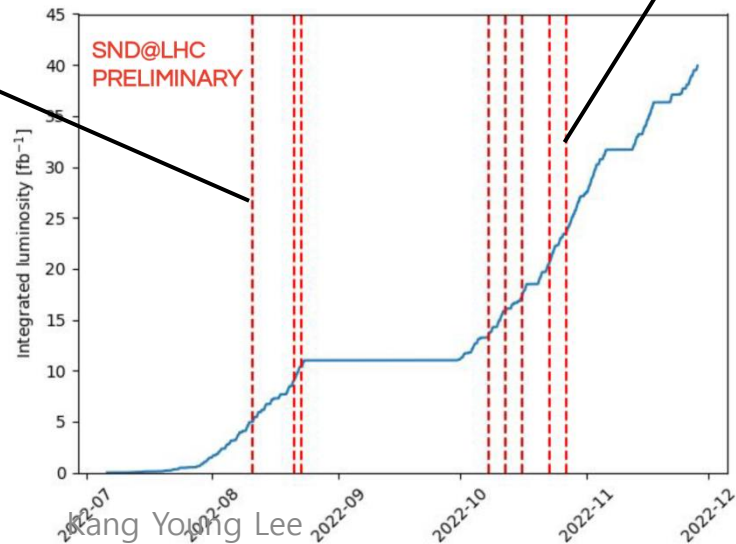
Observed Neutrino Candidates



Aug 11th

Oct 27th




8 ν_μ CC candidates observed
(5 expected)
0.2 background yields
estimated



Chang Young Lee

Paper Released

Observation of collider muon neutrinos with the SND@LHC experiment

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E. van Herwijnen ²⁴ P. Iengo ¹ S. Ilieva ^{1,2,9} A. Infantino ¹⁴ A. Iuliano ^{1,2} R. Jacobsson ¹⁴
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M. Komatsu ³⁰ N. Konovalova ³ S. Kovalenko ^{25,31} S. Kuleshov ^{25,31} H.M. Lacker ¹⁸ O. Lantwin ³
F. Lasagni Manghi ⁴ A. Lauria ^{1,2} K.Y. Lee ²⁸ K.S. Lee ³² S. Lo Meo ⁴ V.P. Loschiavo ^{1,19}
S. Marcellini ⁴ A. Margiotta ^{4,5} A. Mascellani ⁶ A. Miano ^{1,2} A. Mikulenko ¹¹ M.C. Montesi ^{1,2}
F.L. Navarria ^{4,5} S. Ogawa ³³ N. Okateva ³ M. Ovchinnikov ¹¹ G. Paggi ^{4,5} B.D. Park ²⁸
A. Pastore ²⁰ A. Perrotta ⁴ D. Podgrudkov ³ N. Polukhina ³ A. Prota ^{1,2} A. Quercia ^{1,2}
S. Ramos ⁸ A. Reghunath ¹⁸ T. Roganova ³ F. Ronchetti ⁶ T. Rovelli ^{4,5} O. Ruchayskiy ³⁴
T. Ruf ¹⁴ M. Sabate Gilarte ¹⁴ M. Samoilov ³ V. Scalera ^{1,15} O. Schneider ⁶ G. Sekhniaidze ¹
N. Serra ⁷ M. Shaposhnikov ⁶ V. Shevchenko ³ T. Shchedrina ³ L. Shchutska ⁶ H. Shibuya ^{33,35}
S. Simone ^{20,21} G.P. Siroli ^{4,5} G. Sirri ⁴ G. Soares ⁸ O.J. Soto Sandoval ^{25,26} M. Spurio ^{4,5}
N. Starkov ³ I. Timiryasov ³⁴ V. Tioukov ¹ C. Trippel ⁶ E. Ursov ³ A. Ustyuzhanin ^{1,36}
G. Vankova-Kirilova ⁹ V. Verguilov ⁹ N. Viegas Guerreiro Leonardo ⁸ C. Vilela ^{8,*} C. Visone ^{1,2}
R. Wanke ¹⁷ E. Yaman ²² C. Yazici ²² C.S. Yoon ²⁸ E. Zaffaroni ⁶ and J. Zamora Saa ^{25,26}

(SND@LHC Collaboration)

Beyond Run 3

Advanced SND@LHC

- Future project at HL-LHC era

- ▶ Upgrade of SND@LHC during LS 4
- ▶ Extension of the physics case
- ▶ New technologies and detector layout
- ▶ Two detectors:

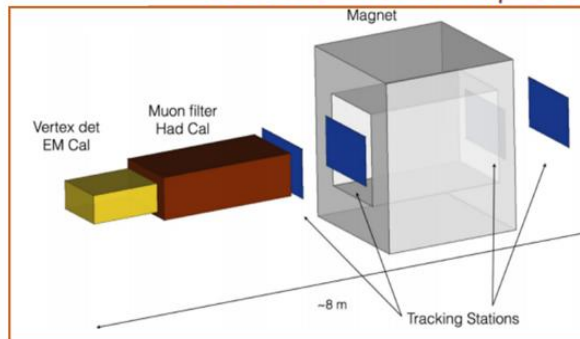
AdvSND-Far ($7.2 < \eta < 8.4$)

Possible location: Forward Physics Facility

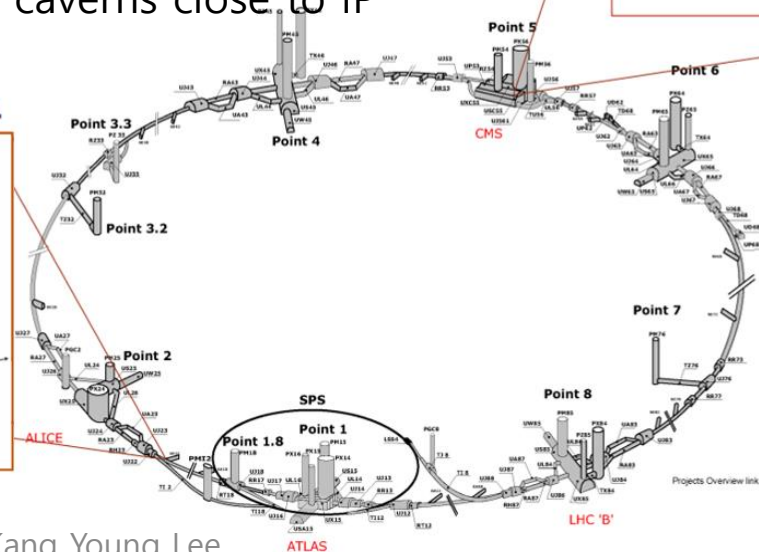
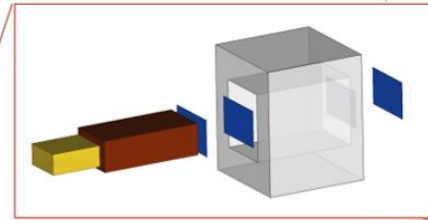
AdvSND-Near ($4 < \eta < 5$)

Possible locations: Existing caverns close to IP

AdvSND-Far: $7.2 < \eta < 8.4$



AdvSND-Near: $4 < \eta < 5$



Conclusion

- SND@LHC starts running to perform measurements of ν and search for FIP in the forward region of the LHC.
- SND@LHC collected 39 fb^{-1} data at the LHC Run 3.
- Measurement of muon flux with emulsions and electronic detectors shows good agreements with MC calculation.
- **8 ν_μ CC candidates** are identified with the electronic detectors while the estimated backgrounds are 0.2. Systematic uncertainty is under evaluation to expect significance $\sim 5\sigma$.
- Emulsion scanning & analysis is ongoing. Stay tuned!

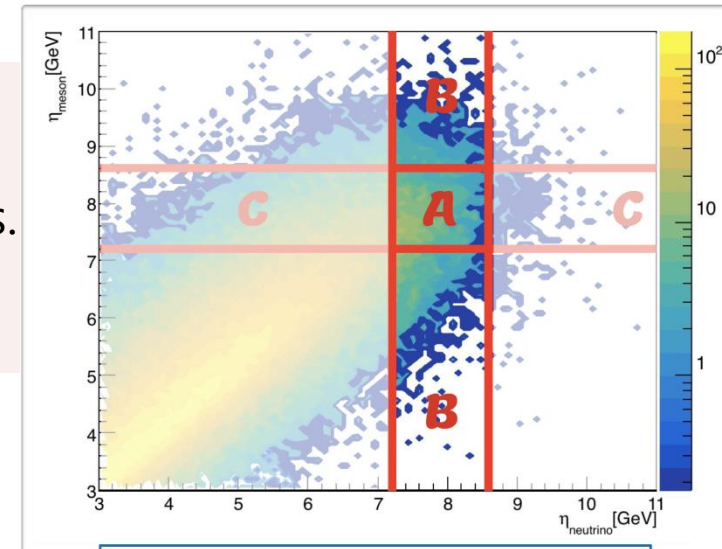
Thank you!

Backup Slides

Physics Cases – Charm Physics

Neutrino production from charm decays

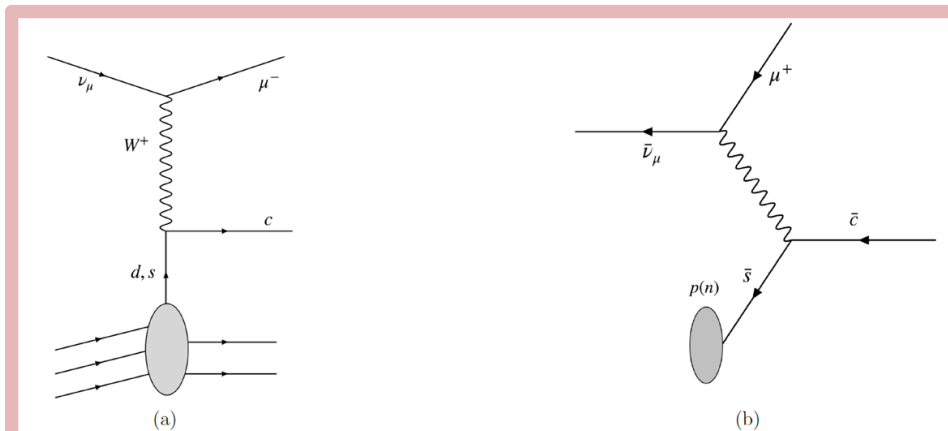
90% of ν_e production is expected to be charm decays.
 → as a probe of charm production
 → impact on the gluon PDF at very small x



Correlation between η_v and η_c

Charm production in neutrino CC interactions

High energy neutrino can produce charm quark via DIS

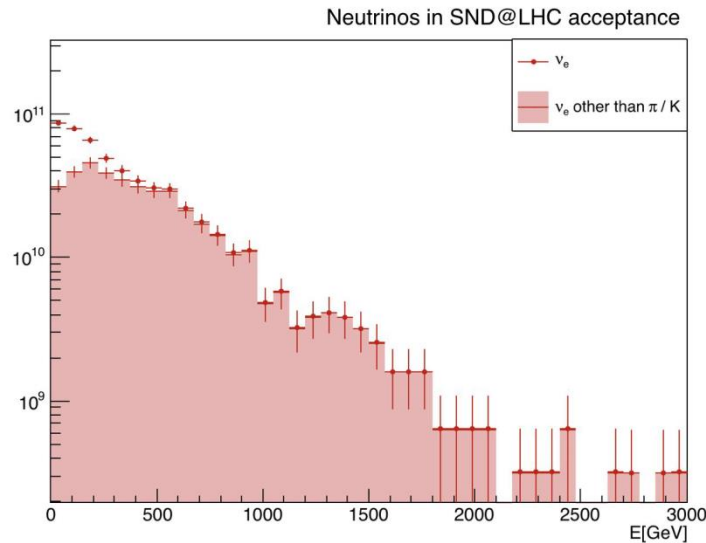


Physics Cases – Lepton Universality Test

- All 3 flavors of neutrinos can be identified.
- Unique opportunity to test lepton flavour universality with neutrinos
- ν_e/ν_τ and ν_e/ν_μ ratios

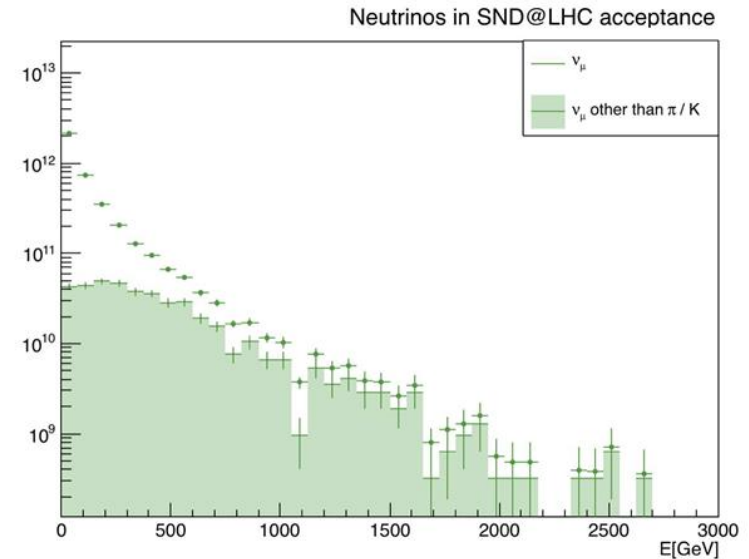
Expected uncertainties

- ν_e/ν_τ
 - Statistical: 30%
 - Systematic: 20%
- ν_e/ν_μ
 - Statistical: 10%
 - Systematic: 10%



$$R_{13} = \frac{N_{\nu_e + \bar{\nu}_e}}{N_{\nu_\tau + \bar{\nu}_\tau}} = \frac{\sum_i \tilde{f}_{c_i} \tilde{B}r(c_i \rightarrow \nu_e)}{\tilde{f}_{D_s} \tilde{B}r(D_s \rightarrow \nu_\tau)},$$

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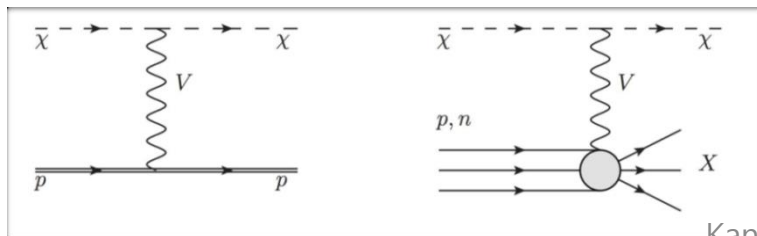
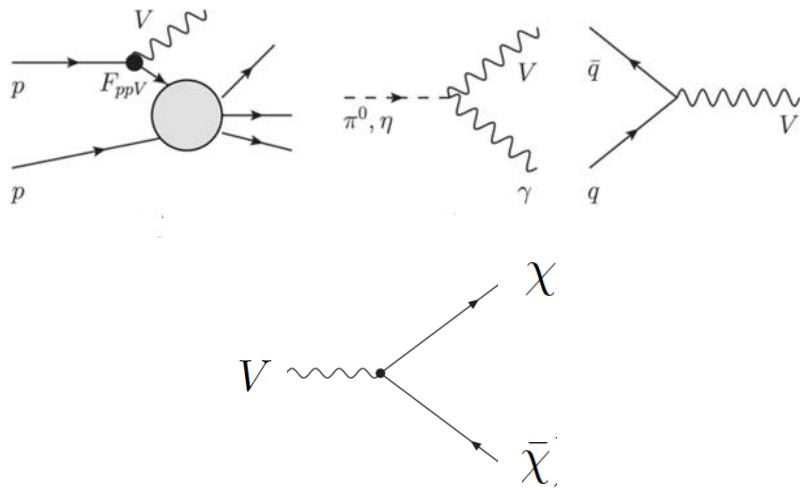


$$R_{12} = \frac{N_{\nu_e + \bar{\nu}_e}}{N_{\nu_\mu + \bar{\nu}_\mu}} = \frac{1}{1 + \omega_{\pi/k}}.$$

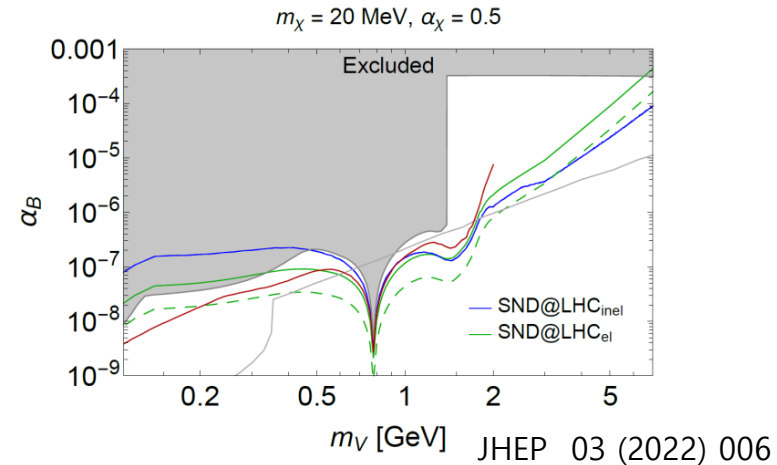
Physics Cases – FIP search

Direct search for FIP through scattering in the detector

e.g. leptophobic dark photon and light DM



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Dark photon can be produced at IP1 through p bremsstrahlung, meson decays, Drell-Yann process etc..

Dark photon decays into LDM.

LDM scatterings in the detector
LDM decays in the detector