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102-avoiding Inversion Sequences

Wednesday, 28 August 2024 16:00 (30 minutes)

A sequence (e_1, e_2, \dots, e_n) is an inversion sequences if $0 \le e_i < i$ for all $i = 1, \dots, n$. We say that an inversion sequences $e = (e_1, e_2, \dots, e_n) \leftarrow 102$ if there exist some indices i < j < k such that $e_j < e_i < e_k$. Otherwise, e is said to e^{kn} to e^{kn} the pattern e^{kn} the pattern e^{kn} to e^{kn} the pattern e^{kn} to e^{kn} the pattern e^{kn} to e^{kn} the pattern e^{kn} the pattern e^{kn} to e^{kn} the pattern e^{kn} to e^{kn} the pattern e^{kn} t

In this talk, we will construct a correspondence between the set of 2-Schröder paths without peaks and valleys ending with a diagonal step and the set of 102-avoiding inversion sequences. This is the joint work with JiSun Huh, Sangwook Kim, and Seunghyun Seo.

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