

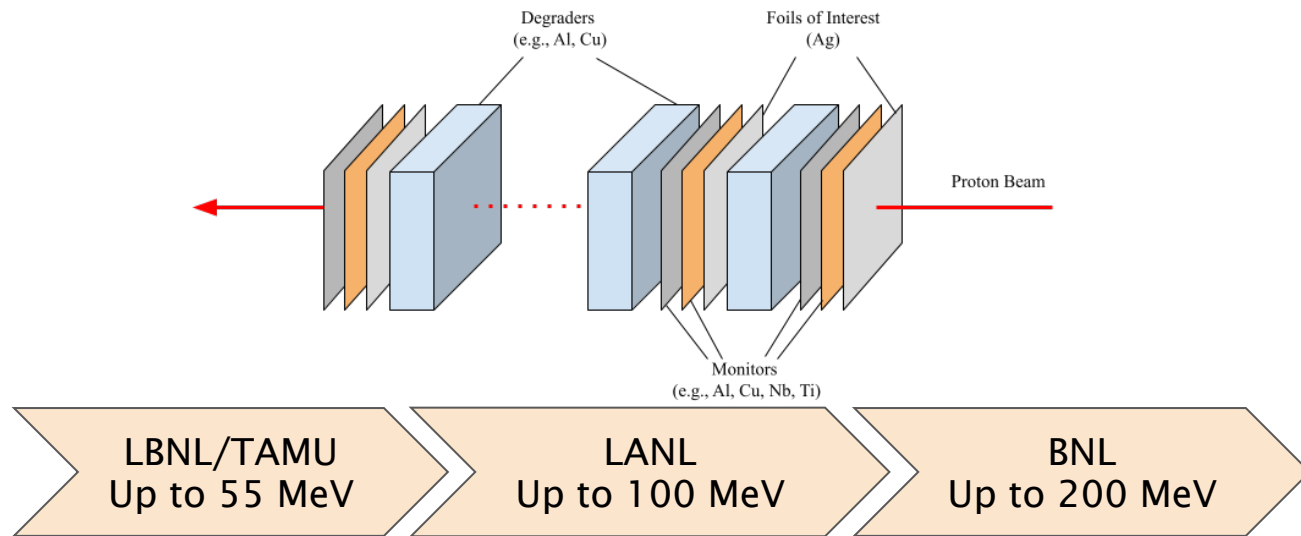
^{202}gPb Production Cross Section Measurements via In-Beam Spectroscopy

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Tri-Lab Effort in Nuclear Data (TREND) -1

Stacked-target measurements and reaction modeling for Isotope Production by Lawrence Berkeley National Lab, Los Alamos National Lab, and Brookhaven National Lab. Texas A&M is a new addition to version 2.0 of the collaboration.



Tri-Lab Effort in Nuclear Data (TREND) -2

In the past we have measured cross sections for

- $^{\text{nat}}\text{Nb}(p,x)$
 - $^{93}\text{Nb}(p,4n)^{90}\text{Mo}$ as a monitor reaction for intermediate-energy protons
- $^{75}\text{As}(p,x)$
 - ^{72}Se (generator for ^{72}As) and ^{68}Ge (generator for ^{68}Ga) for imaging (PET)
- $^{139}\text{La}(p,x)$
 - ^{134}Ce as a chemical analogue to ^{225}Ac
- $^{\text{nat}}\text{Sb}(p,x)$
 - $^{117\text{m}}\text{Sn}$ and $^{119\text{m}}\text{Sb}$ (generated by $^{119\text{m}}\text{Te}$) as Meitner-Auger emitters for therapy
- $^{\text{nat}}\text{Tl}(p,x)$
- $^{\text{nat}}\text{Ag}(p,x)$
 - ^{103}Pd as a Meitner-Auger emitter for brachytherapy

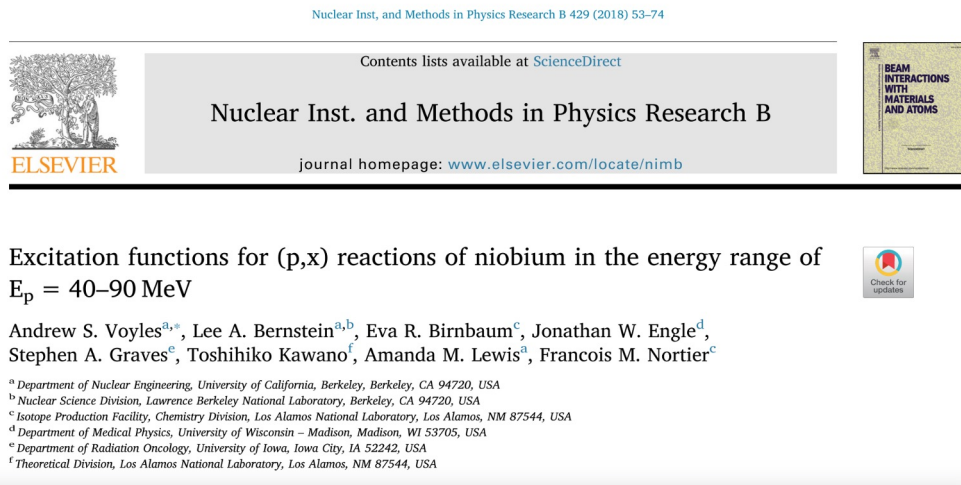
All via the stacked-target method, up to 200 MeV

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In the past we have measured cross sections for

- $^{nat}\text{Nb}(p,x)$
 - $^{93}\text{Nb}(p,4)$
- $^{75}\text{As}(p,x)$
 - ^{72}Se (ger)
- $^{139}\text{La}(p,x)$
 - ^{134}Ce as
- $^{nat}\text{Sb}(p,x)$
 - ^{117m}Sn a
- $^{nat}\text{Tl}(p,x)$
- $^{nat}\text{Ag}(p,x)$
 - ^{103}Pd as a Meitner-Auger emitter for brachytherapy

All via the stacked-target method, up to 200 MeV



ions

g (PET)

for therapy

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- $^{75}\text{As}(p,x)$
 - ^{72}Se (general)
- $^{139}\text{La}(p,x)$
 - ^{134}Ce as a monitor
- $^{nat}\text{Sb}(p,x)$
 - ^{117m}Sn and ^{117}Sn
- $^{nat}\text{Tl}(p,x)$
- $^{nat}\text{Ag}(p,x)$
 - ^{103}Pd as a monitor

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Measurement and modeling of proton-induced reactions on arsenic from 35 to 200 MeV

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Eva R. Birnbaum ³ Cathy S. Cutler,⁴ Arjan J. Koning ⁵ Amanda M. Lewis ¹ Dmitri G. Medvedev,⁴
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All via the stacked-target method, up to 200 MeV

Tri-Lab Effort in Nuclear Data (TREND) -2

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- $^{75}\text{As}(p,x)$
 - ^{72}Se (generator)

Measurement of Proton-Induced Reactions on Lanthanum from 55–200 MeV by
Stacked-Foil Activation

'ET)

- $^{139}\text{La}(p,x)$
 - ^{134}Ce as a c

Jonathan T. Morrell,¹ Ellen M. O'Brien,¹ Michael Skulski,² Andrew S. Voyles,³ Dmitri
G. Medvedev,² Veronika Mocko,¹ Lee A. Bernstein,^{4,3} and C. Etienne Vermeulen¹

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²Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY 11973, USA

³University of California, Berkeley, Berkeley, CA 94720, USA

⁴Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley, CA 94720, USA

r therapy

- $^{\text{nat}}\text{Tl}(p,x)$
- $^{\text{nat}}\text{Ag}(p,x)$
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(Dated: February 29, 2024)

All via the stacked-target method, up to 200 MeV

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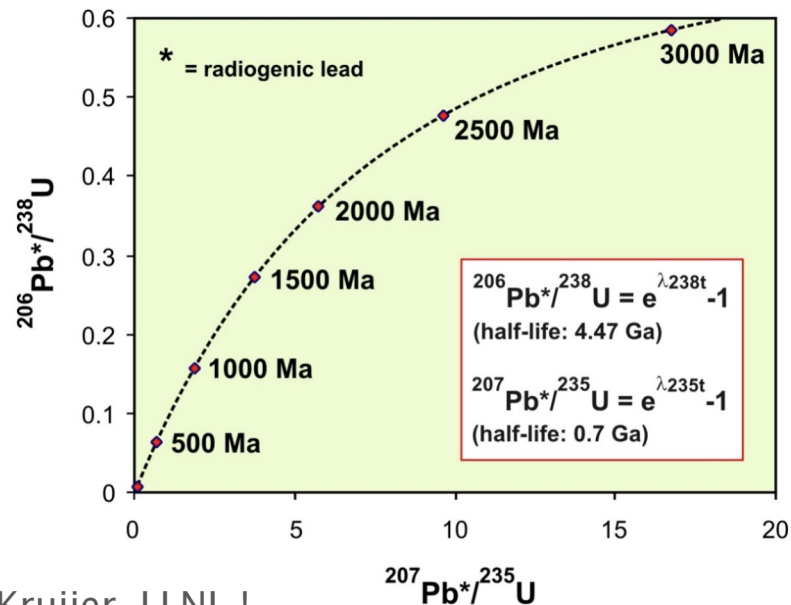
Tri-Lab Effort in Nuclear Data (TREND) -3

Stacked-target irradiation with decay gamma spectroscopy have

- Pro:
 - Measurements at multiple discrete energies without having to retune the beam
- Cons:
 - Long-lived/stable nuclei produced cannot be seen
 - Isotopes without decay gamma lines cannot be seen

^{202}gPb production for U-Pb chronometry

- Taking advantage of the ^{238}U and ^{235}U decay chains, the U-Pb system allows studies of
 - Timings of mass extinction
 - Rate of climate change
 - 🌙 Lunar formation 🌙
- Thermal Ionization Mass Spectroscopy (TIMS)
 - ^{202}Pb - ^{205}Pb double spike for mass fractionation correction
 - Pb isotopic analyses to sub-nanogram quantities!



Thanks to T. Kruijer, LLNL !

Y. Amelin and W. J. Davis. Isotopic analysis of lead in sub-nanogram quantities by TIMS using a ^{202}Pb - ^{205}Pb spike. *J. Anal. At. Spectrom.*, 21:1053-1061, 2006.

^{202g}Pb production -1

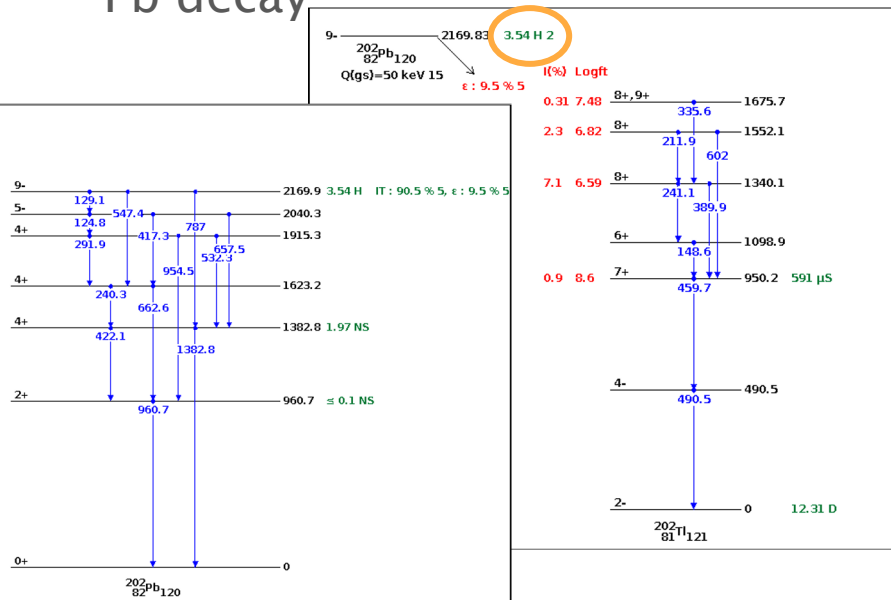
- ^{202g}Pb production cross sections
 - Only one currently available dataset from ANY reaction pathway, measured by Michel *et al.*, via secular equilibrium with ^{202}Tl
- Our proposed pathway: $^{nat}\text{Tl}(p,x)^{202g}\text{Pb}$

$\epsilon = 100.00\%$	$\epsilon = 100.00\%$	$\epsilon = 100.00\%$	$\epsilon = 100.00\%$	$\epsilon = 100.00\%$
^{202}Pb 52.5E+3 y $\epsilon = 100.00\%$	^{203}Pb 51.92 h $\epsilon = 100.00\%$	^{204}Pb $\geq 1.4\text{E}+17$ y 1.4% α	^{205}Pb 1.73E+7 y $\epsilon = 100.00\%$	^{206}Pb STABLE 24.1%
^{201}Tl 3.0421 d $\epsilon = 100.00\%$	^{202}Tl 12.31 d $\epsilon = 100.00\%$	^{203}Tl STABLE 29.524%	^{204}Tl 3.783 y $\beta^- = 97.08\%$ $\epsilon = 2.92\%$	^{205}Tl STABLE 70.48%
^{200}Hg STABLE 23.10%	^{201}Hg STABLE 13.18%	^{202}Hg STABLE 29.86%	^{203}Hg 46.594 d	^{204}Hg STABLE 6.87%

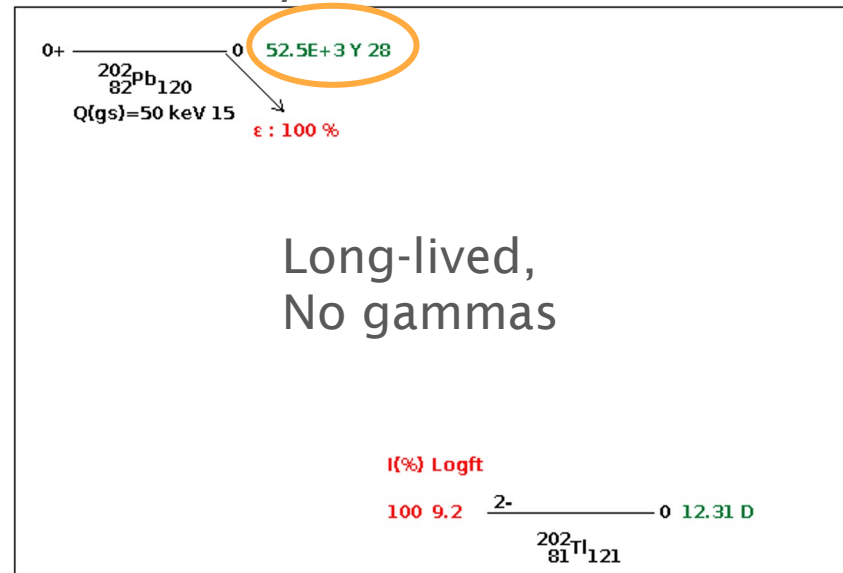
Rolf Michel *et al.* (2002) Cross Sections for the Production of Radionuclides by Proton-Induced Reactions on W, Ta, Pb and Bi from thresholds up to 2.6 GeV, Journal of Nuclear Science and Technology, 39:sup2, 242-245, DOI: 10.1080/00223131.2002.10875084

^{202}gPb production -2

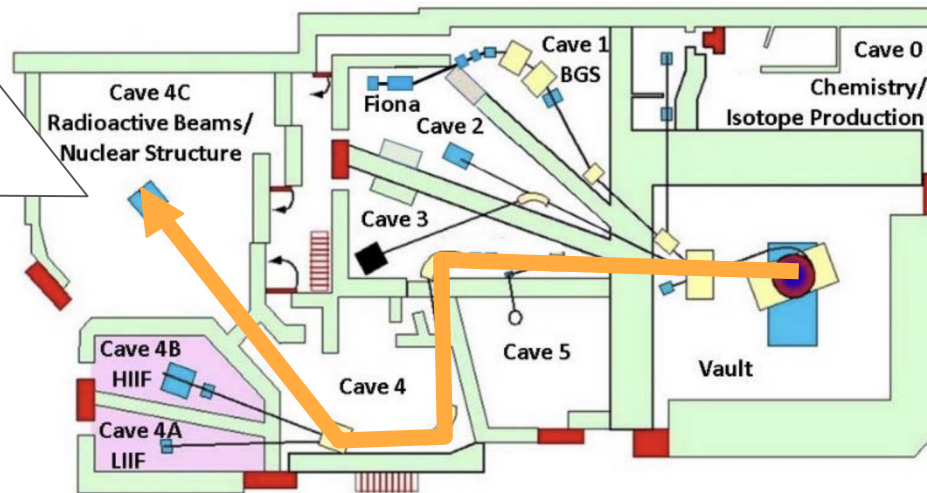
^{202}mPb decay



^{202}gPb decay



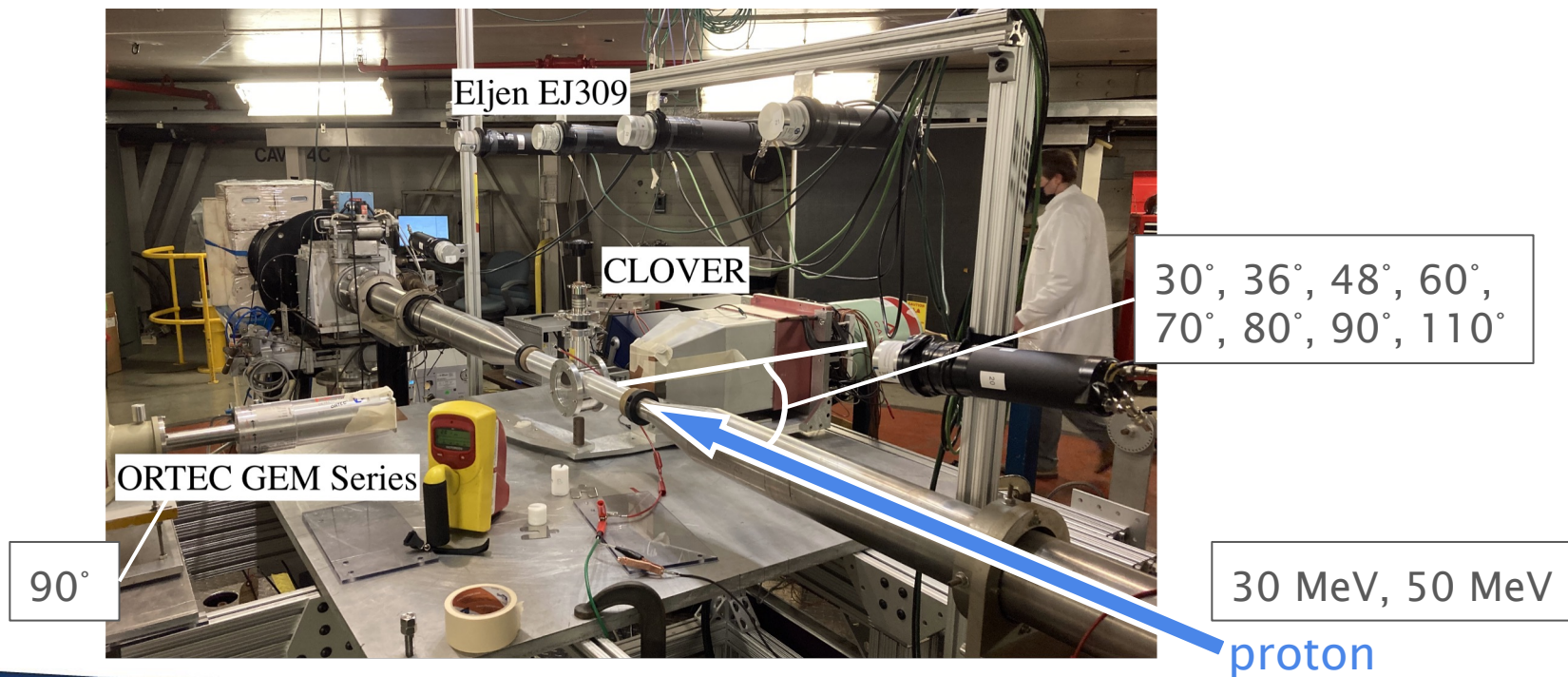
Cave 4C at LBNL's 88-Inch Cyclotron



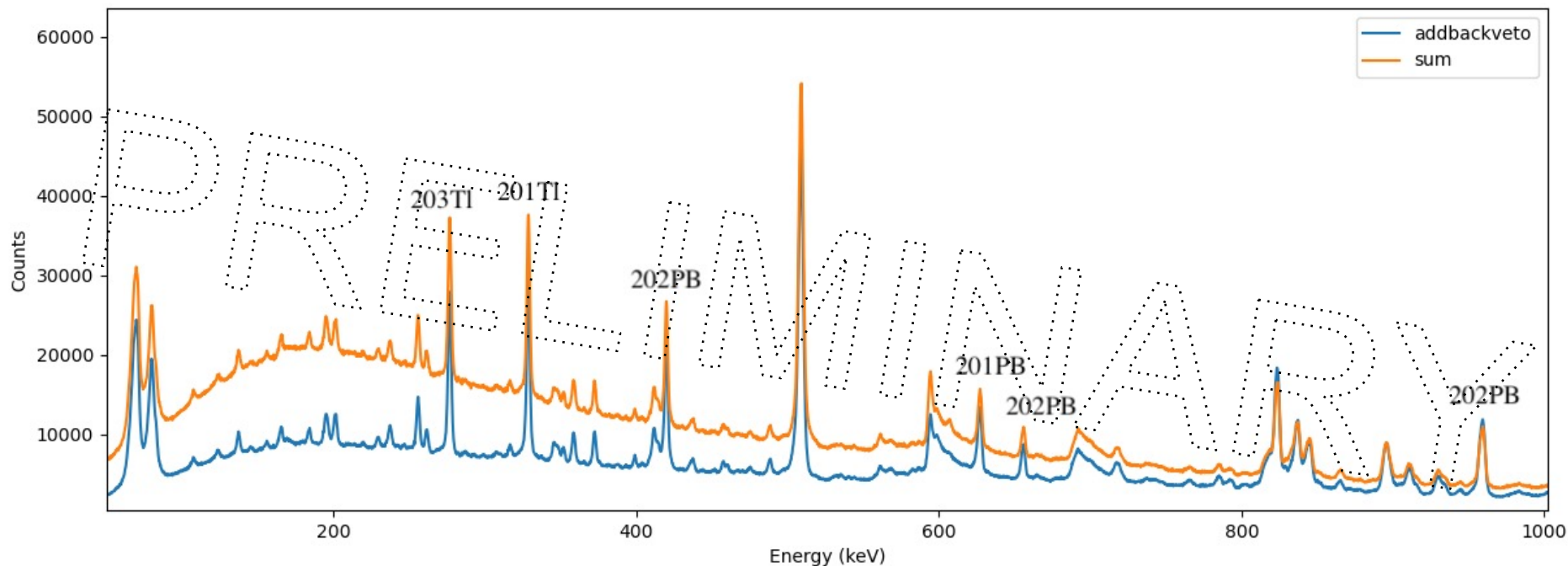
The 88-Inch Cyclotron: A one-stop facility for electronics radiation and detector testing. M.Kireeff-Covo *et al.*, Measurement, 127, (2018), p. 580-587.

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.measurement.2017.10.018>

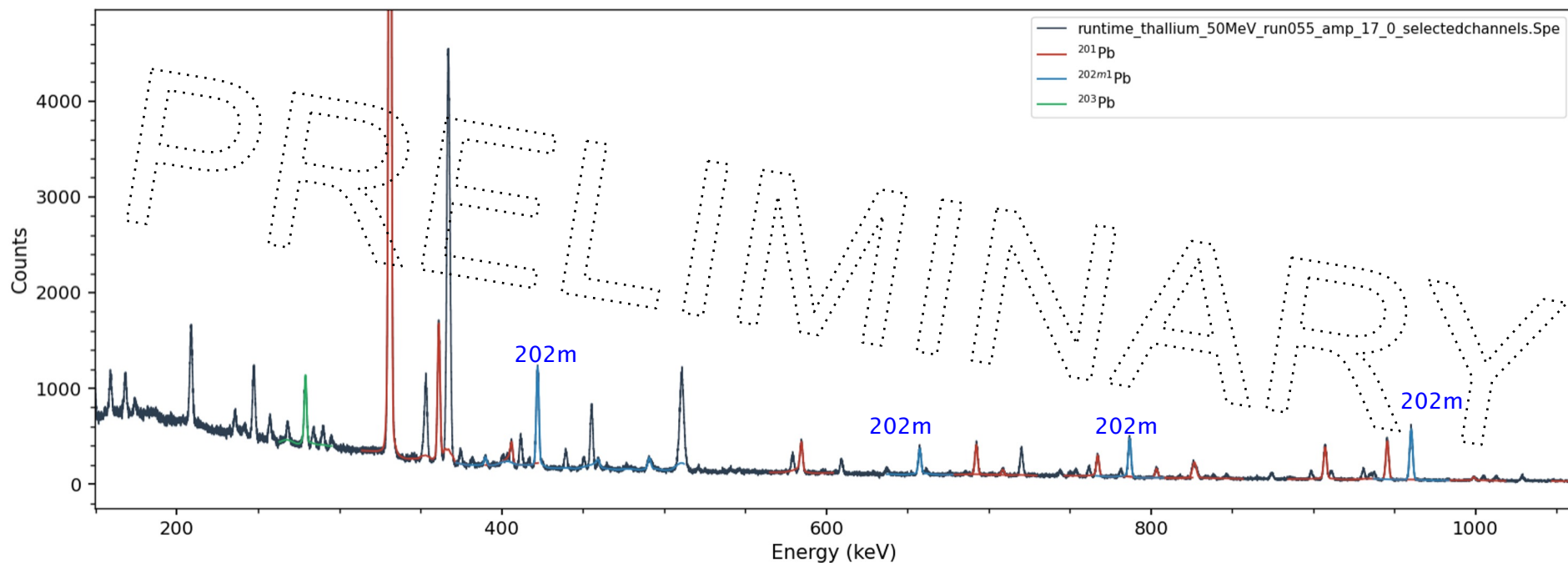
Experimental setup: in-beam spectroscopy



In-beam gamma spectrum (48°)



Decay gamma spectrum

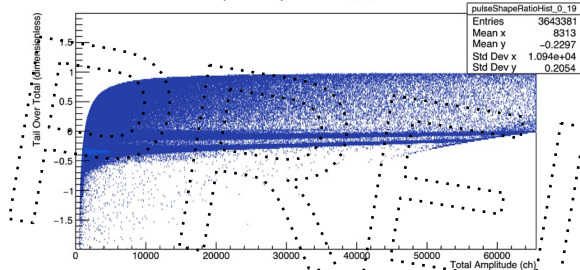


Neutron detection at 6 angles

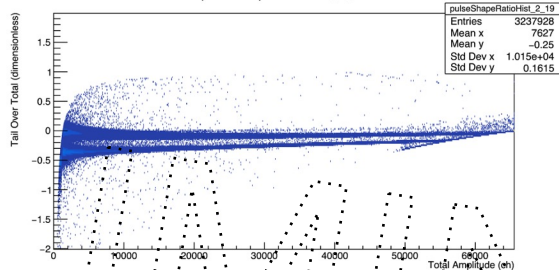
Upstream of target



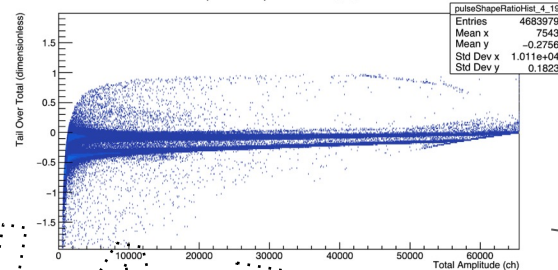
pulseShapeRatioHist_0_19



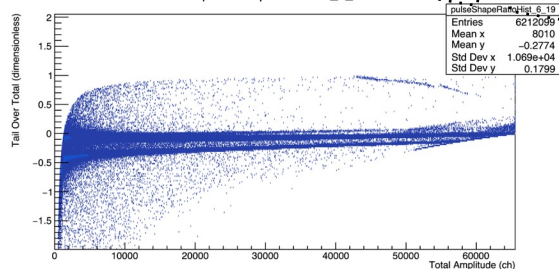
pulseShapeRatioHist_2_19



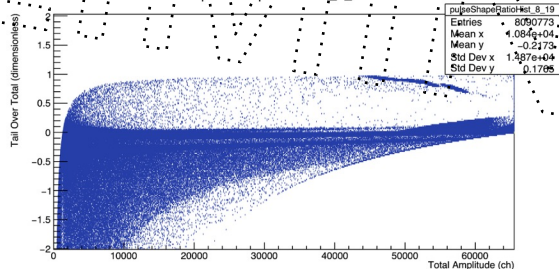
pulseShapeRatioHist_4_19



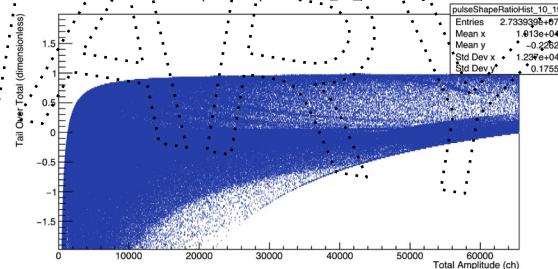
pulseShapeRatioHist_6_19



pulseShapeRatioHist_8_19



pulseShapeRatioHist_10_19



Downstream of target

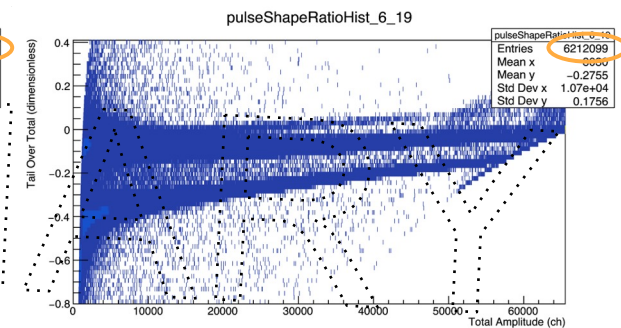
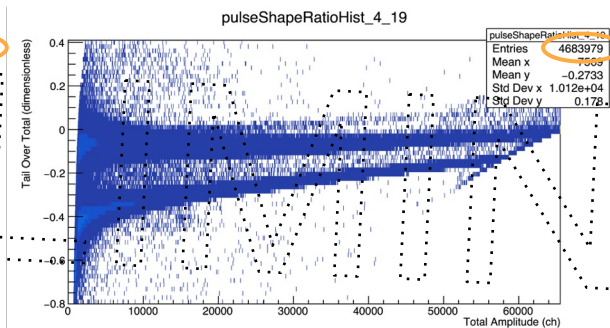
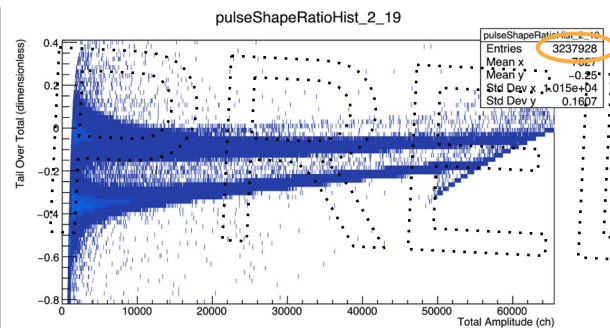


Neutron detection

Upstream of target



Downstream of target



Proton energy = 50 MeV

Future plans

Building on other works^{1, 2} of the Tri-Lab Effort in Nuclear Data (TREND) –

- The partial cross section measurements of this work are complemented by results of a $^{nat}\text{Ti}(p,x)$ stacked-target irradiation
- Double-differential cross section measurements enable further adjustments of TALYS or CoH parameters
 - Gammas - level density, γ strength function, ...
 - Neutrons - optical model, pre-equilibrium, ...

¹ M. Fox *et al.* Investigating high-energy proton-induced reactions on spherical nuclei: Implications for the preequilibrium exciton model. Phys. Rev. C, 103:034601, Mar 2021.

² C. Apgar *et al.* Investigation of the production of ^{117m}Sn and ^{119m}Te via proton bombardment on natural antimony: Implications for charged particle reaction modeling. in preparation, 2024.

Collaborators and acknowledgement

Y.-H Lee¹, A.S. Voyles¹, C.E. Apgar¹, M.S. Basunia², J.C. Batchelder¹, L.A. Bernstein^{1,2}, J.A. Brown¹, C.S. Cutler⁴, J.M. Gordon¹, T.A. Laplace¹, W. Lin⁴, D.G. Medvedev⁴, J.T. Morrell³, E.M. O'Brien³, K. Rector³, M. Skulski⁴, C.E. Vermeulen³

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