

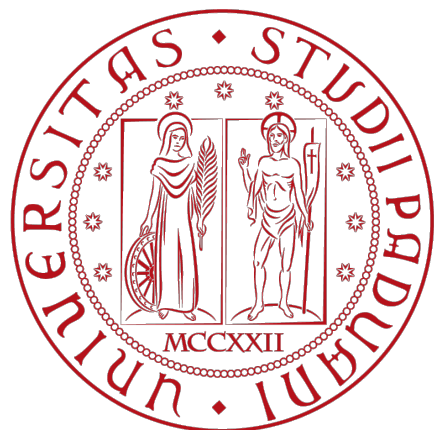


Preliminary Study of the $^{19}\text{F}(p,\gamma)^{20}\text{Ne}$ at LUNA

J. Skowronski

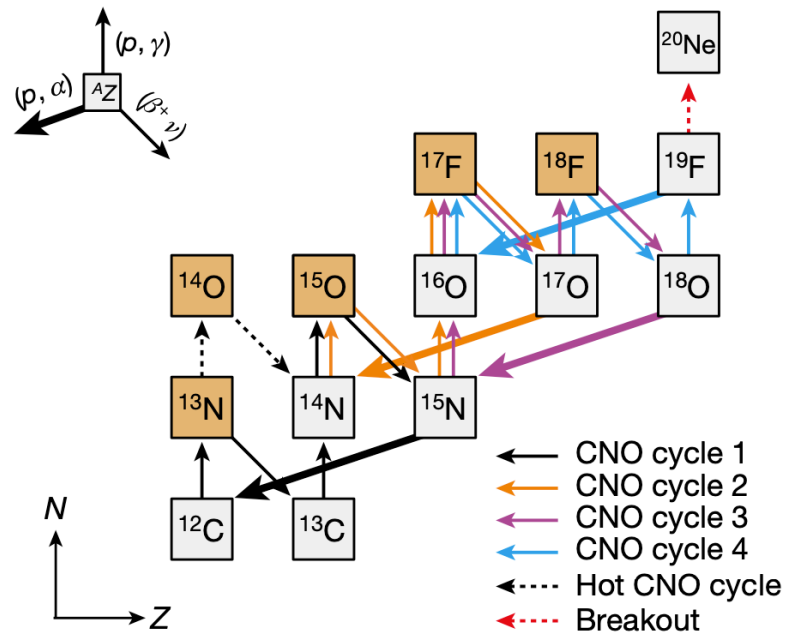
Università degli Studi di Padova, Padova, Italy
Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare, Sezione di Padova, Padova, Italy

29/05/2025



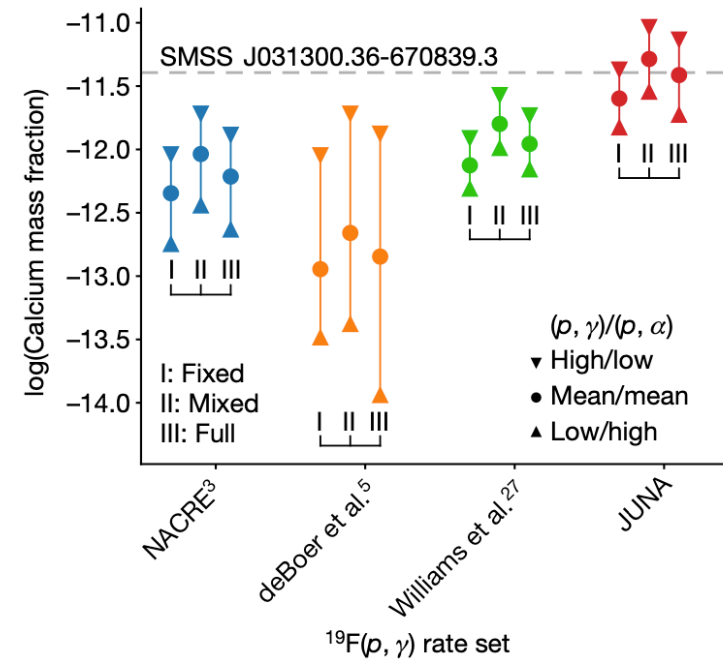
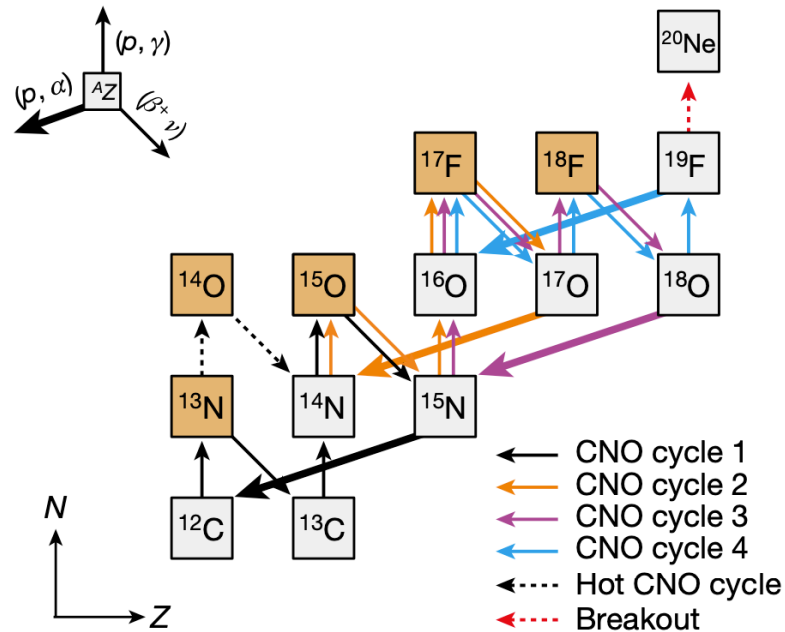
$^{19}\text{F}(p,\gamma)^{20}\text{Ne}$ Reaction: Motivation

- Link between the **CNO** and **NeNa** cycles



$^{19}\text{F}(p, \gamma)^{20}\text{Ne}$ Reaction: Motivation

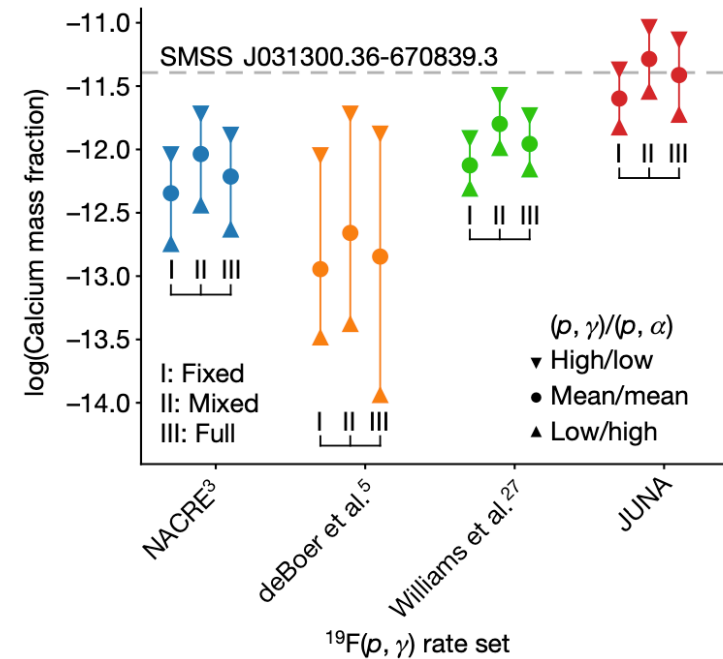
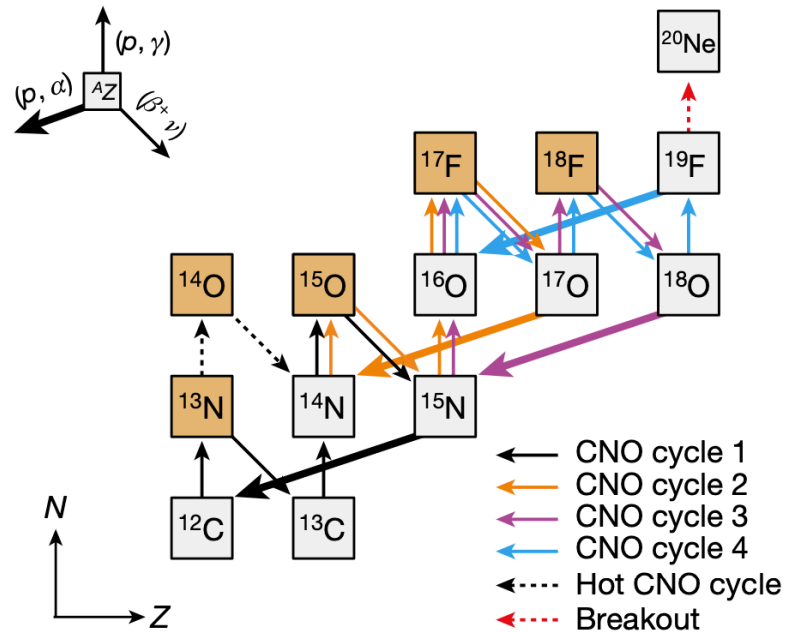
- Link between the **CNO** and **NeNa** cycles
- **Hot CNO** breakout may play a key role in explaining the observed **Ca** abundance in metal-poor stars



Zhang et al. Nature 610,
656 (2022)

$^{19}\text{F}(p, \gamma)^{20}\text{Ne}$ Reaction: Motivation

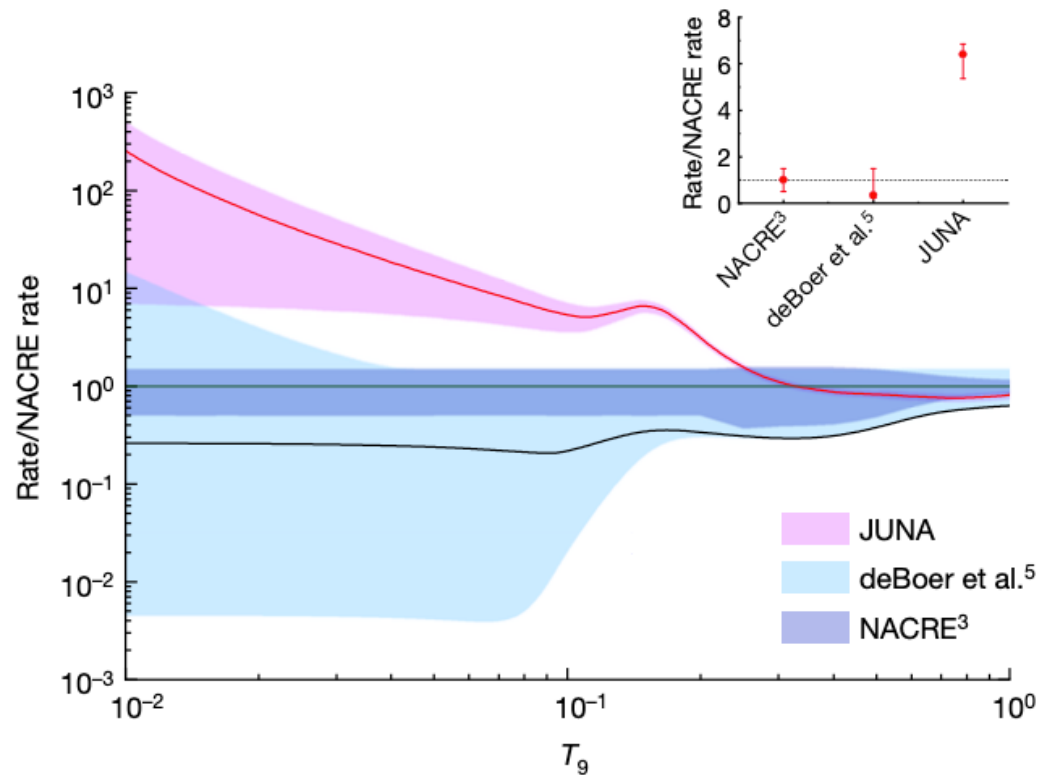
- Link between the **CNO** and **NeNa** cycles
- **Hot CNO** breakout may play a key role in explaining the observed **Ca abundance** in metal-poor stars
- $^{19}\text{F}(p, \gamma)^{20}\text{Ne}$ and $^{19}\text{F}(p, \alpha)^{16}\text{Ne}$ ratio defines the evolution of first stars



Zhang et al. Nature 610, 656 (2022)

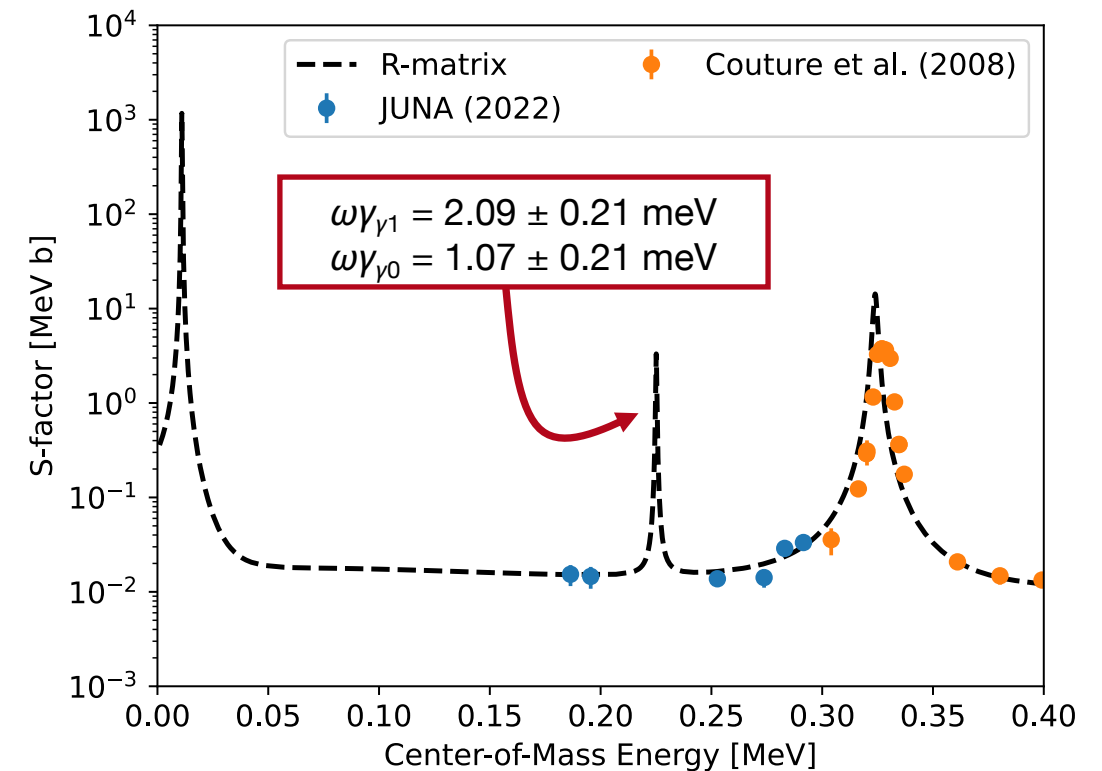
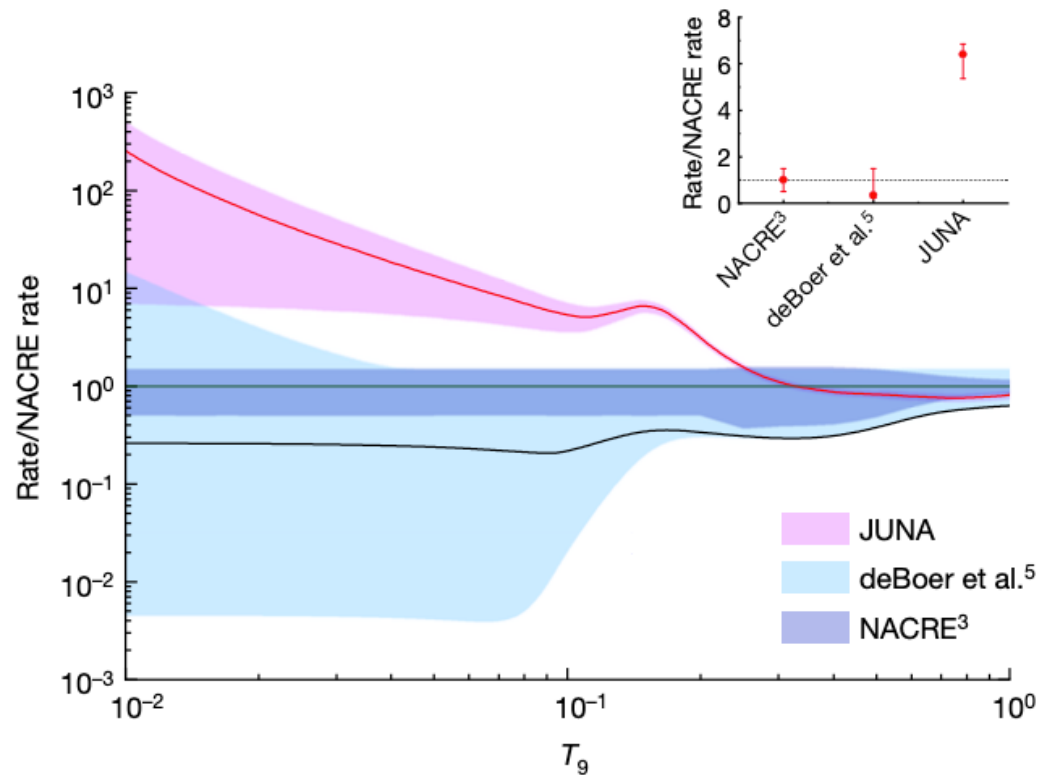
$^{19}\text{F}(p,\gamma)^{20}\text{Ne}$ Reaction: State-of-the-Art

- Zheng et al. (2022) found the $E_{\text{cm}} = 225 \text{ keV}$ resonance, drastically enhancing the reaction rate (Fig. 2)



$^{19}\text{F}(p,\gamma)^{20}\text{Ne}$ Reaction: State-of-the-Art

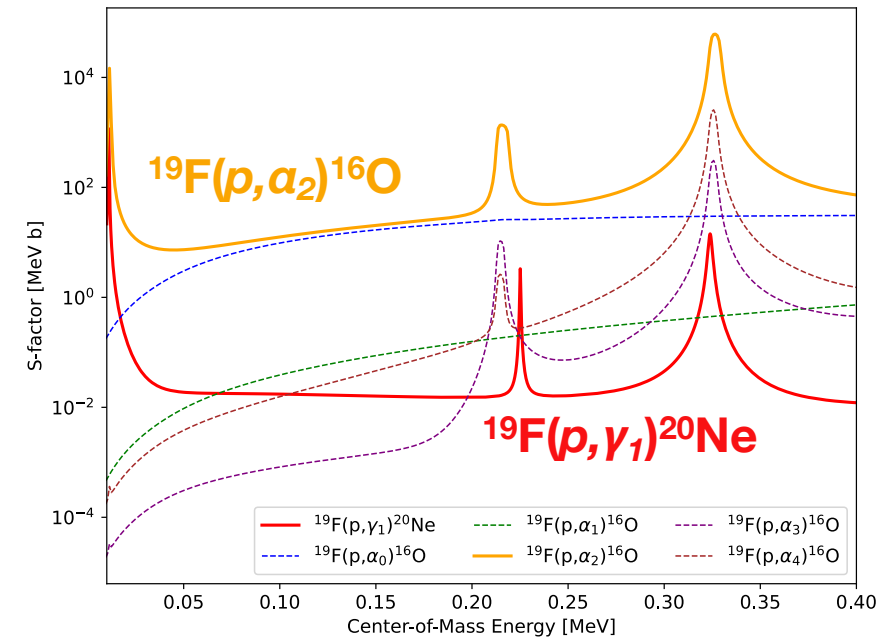
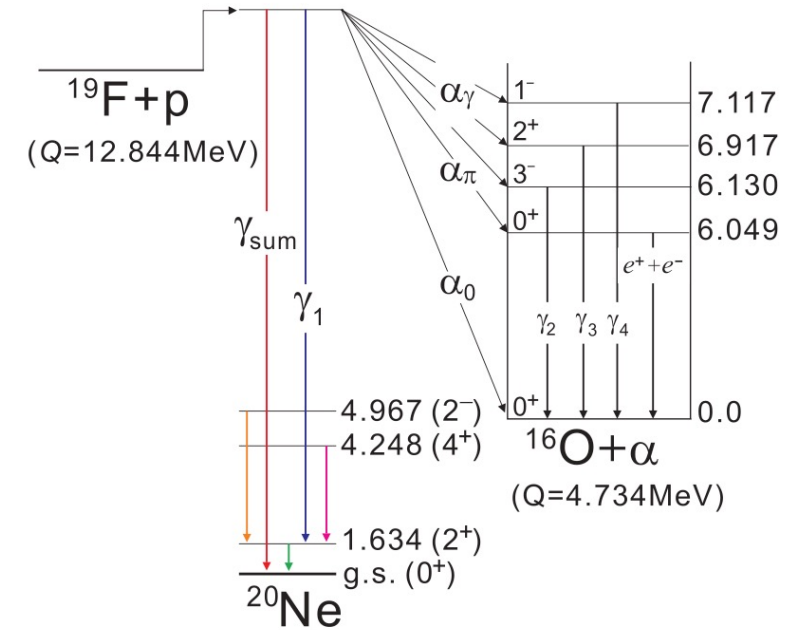
- Zheng et al. (2022) found the $E_{\text{cm}} = 225 \text{ keV}$ resonance, drastically enhancing the reaction rate (Fig. 2)
- No other literature data are available **under 300 keV**



$^{19}\text{F}(p,\gamma)^{20}\text{Ne}$ and $^{19}\text{F}(p,\alpha)^{16}\text{O}$ Reactions

Main Issues

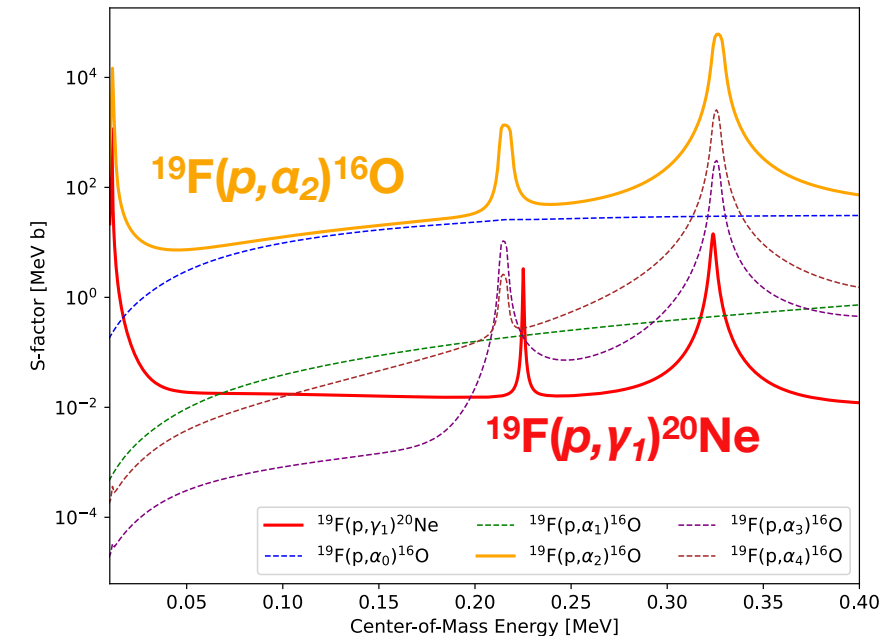
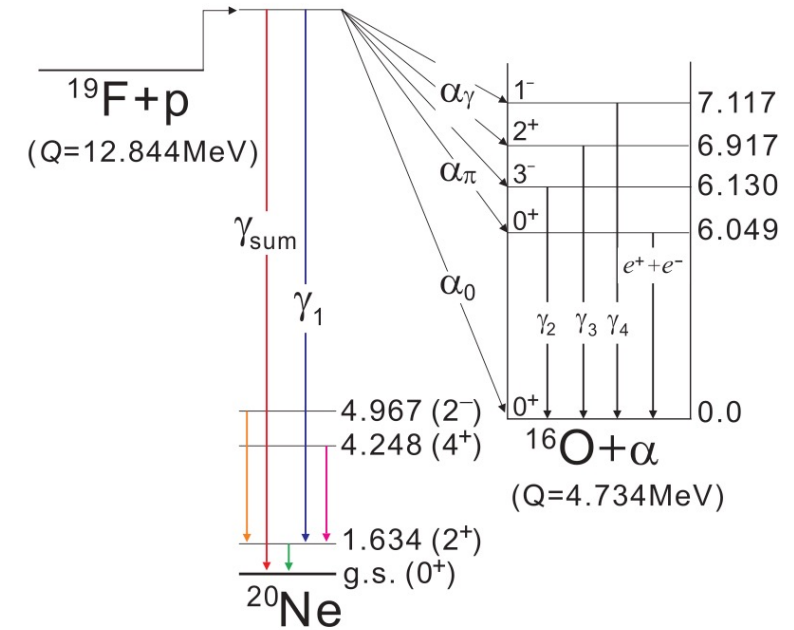
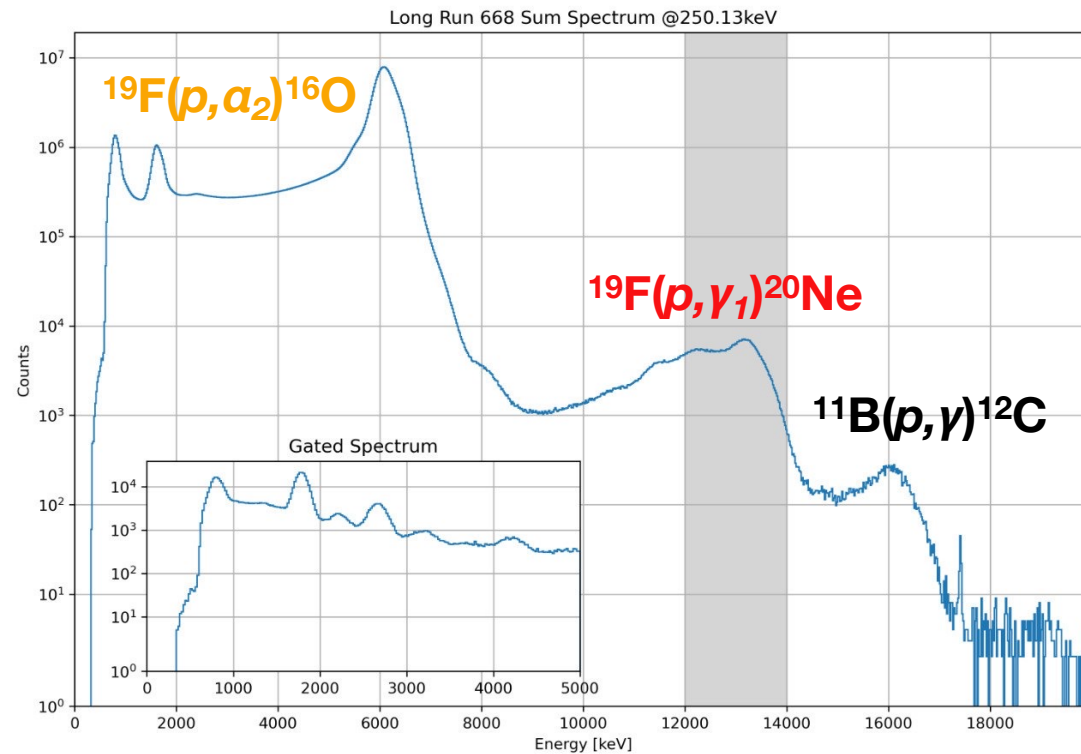
- The $^{19}\text{F}(p,\alpha)^{16}\text{O}$ creates a huge (*pile-up*) background



$^{19}\text{F}(p,\gamma)^{20}\text{Ne}$ and $^{19}\text{F}(p,\alpha)^{16}\text{O}$ Reactions

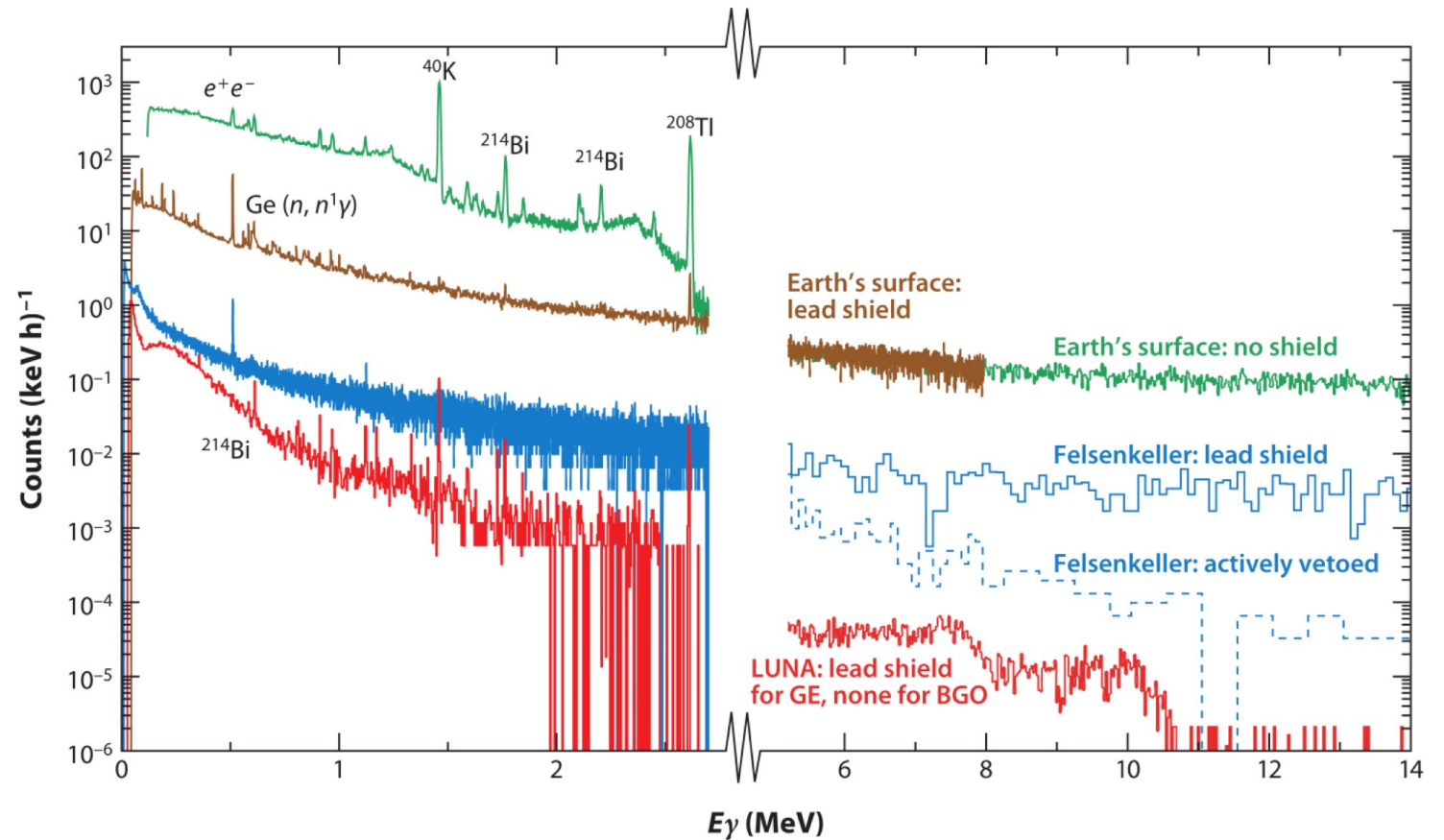
Main Issues

- The $^{19}\text{F}(p,\alpha)^{16}\text{O}$ creates a huge (*pile-up*) background
- Beam-induced background from $^{11}\text{B}(p,\gamma)^{12}\text{C}$ reaction (ppm ^{11}B contamination in target backing)



Laboratory for Underground Nuclear Astrophysics

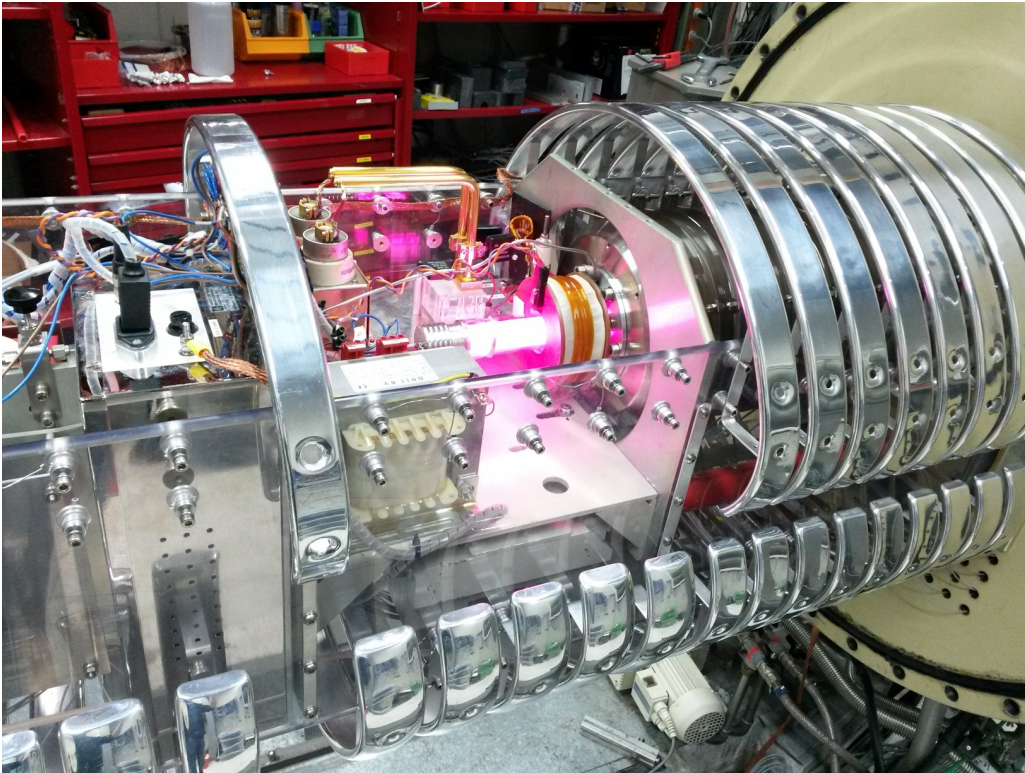
- Located **underground** at the **Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso (LNGS)**, Italy
- Shielded by **1400 meters** of **Gran Sasso** mountain



Accelerators at LUNA

LUNA 400kV

- Low energy spread (< 100 eV)
- Excellent stability (~ 5 eV in an hour)
- Intense currents (up to $500 \mu\text{A}$)

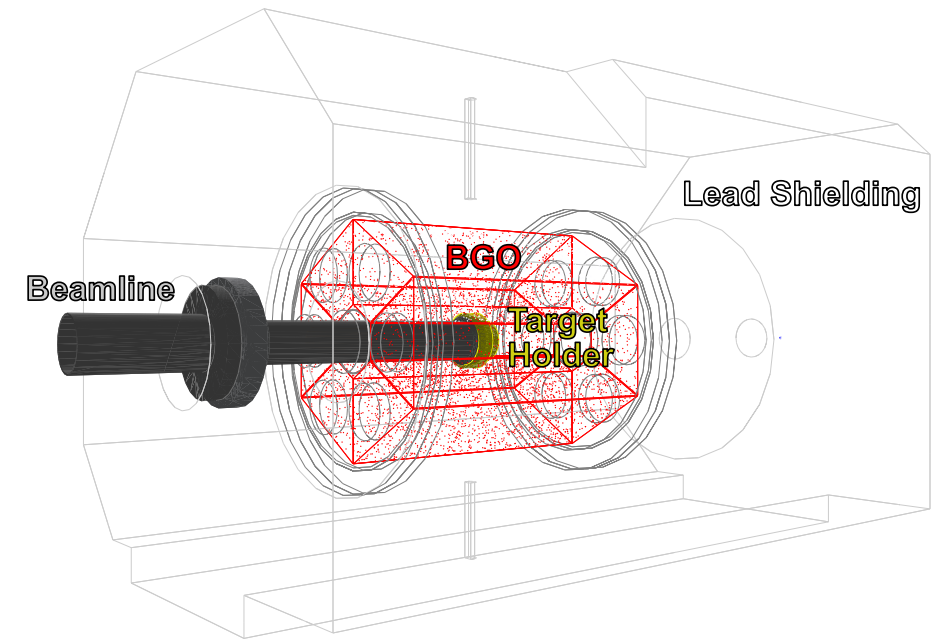
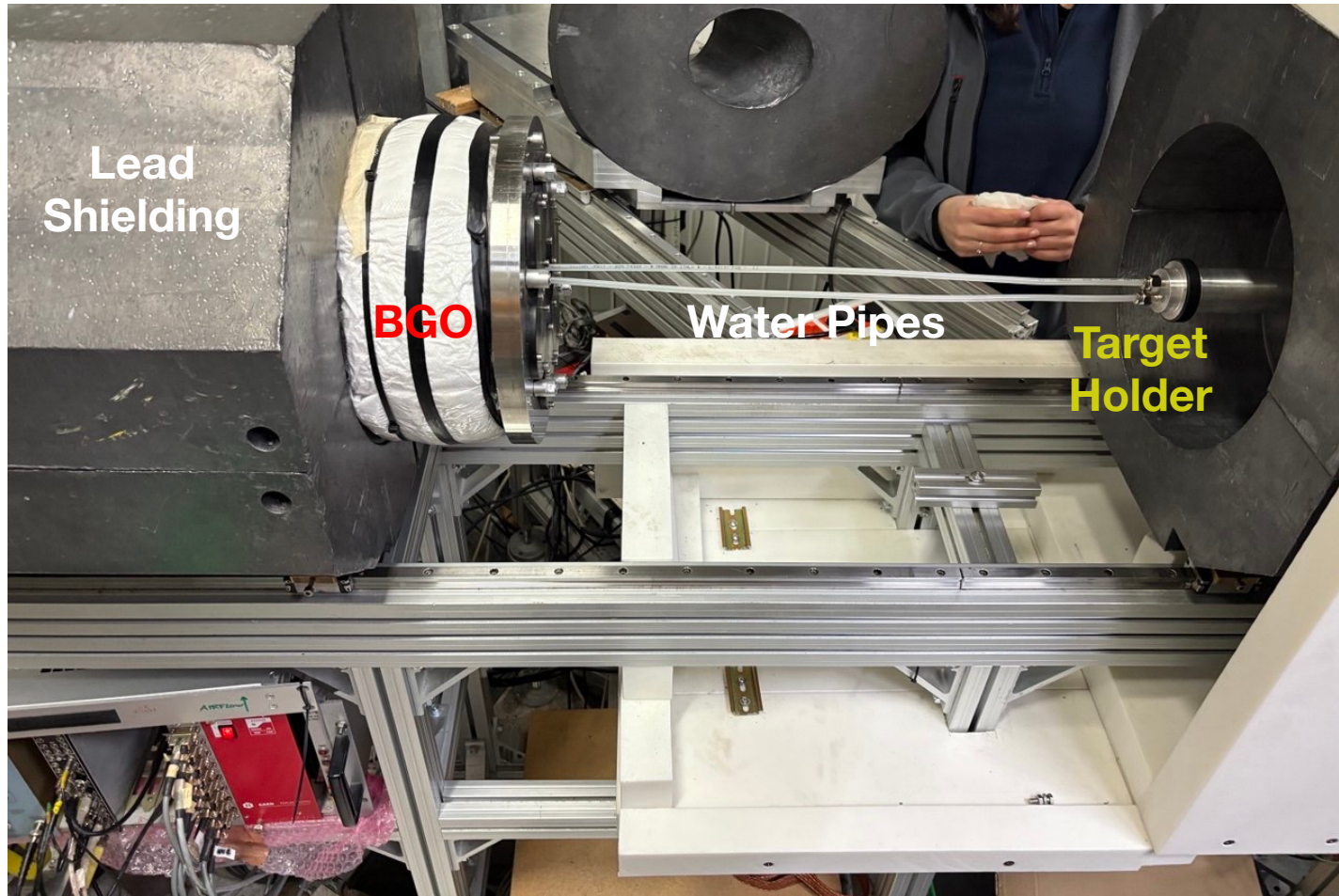


NEW – MV Accelerator

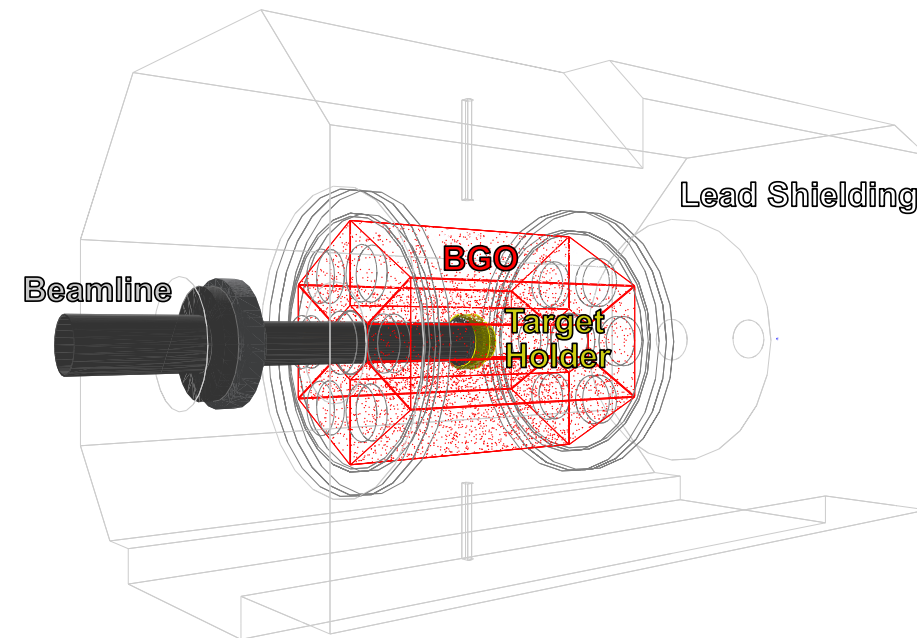
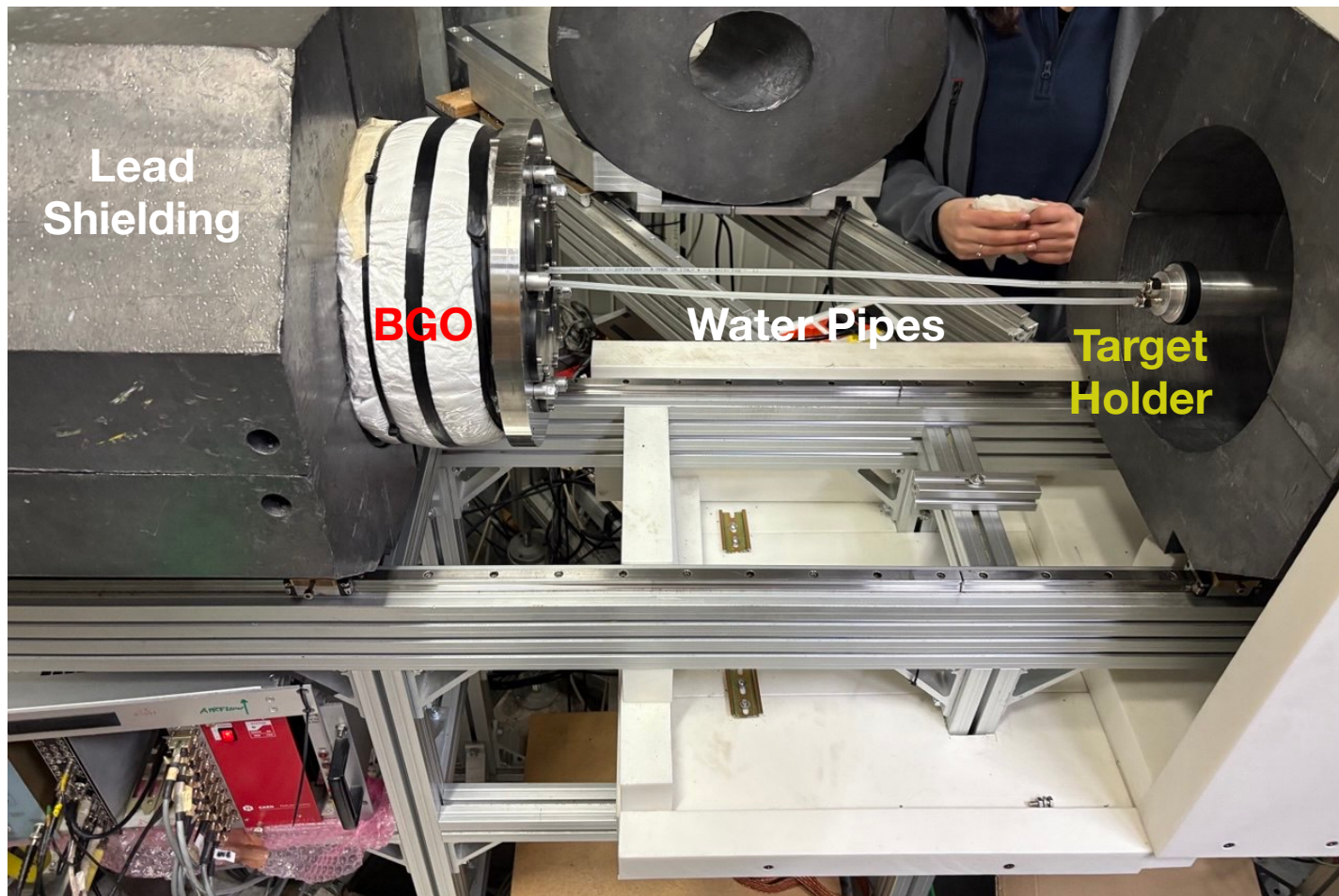


Beam characterization done, to be published soon

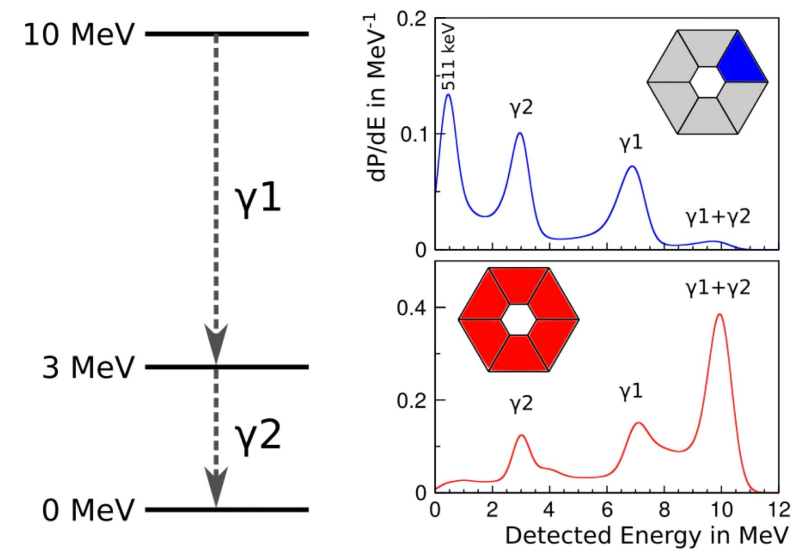
Experimental Setup



Experimental Setup



Total Absorption Spectroscopy



^{19}F Targets

Type	Composition	Thickness @ 320 keV	Backing	Coating	Reference	Stability
Evaporated	CaF_2 , MgF_2 , LiF	5 – 100 keV	Ta, W, Cu, C	-	[2,3,4,5]	Degradation of 60% / Coulomb
Implanted	-	10 – 20 keV	Ta, Fe	Cr	[1,4,5]	Degradation of 0.05% / Coulomb
Fluorinated	TaF_6	? keV	Ta	-	-	?
Sputtered	MgF_2 , LiF	10 keV	Ta, Fe	Cr	[5]	Degradation of 6% / Coulomb

[1] Zhang et al. Nature 610 (2022)

[2] Lombardo et al. Phys. Lett. B 748 (2014)

[3] Couture et al. Phys. Rev. C **77** (2008)

[4] Zhang et al. Nucl. Inst. Meth. Phys. Res. B 438 (2019)

[5] Zhang et al. Nucl. Inst. Meth. Phys. Res. B 496 (2021)



Not available



Used



New

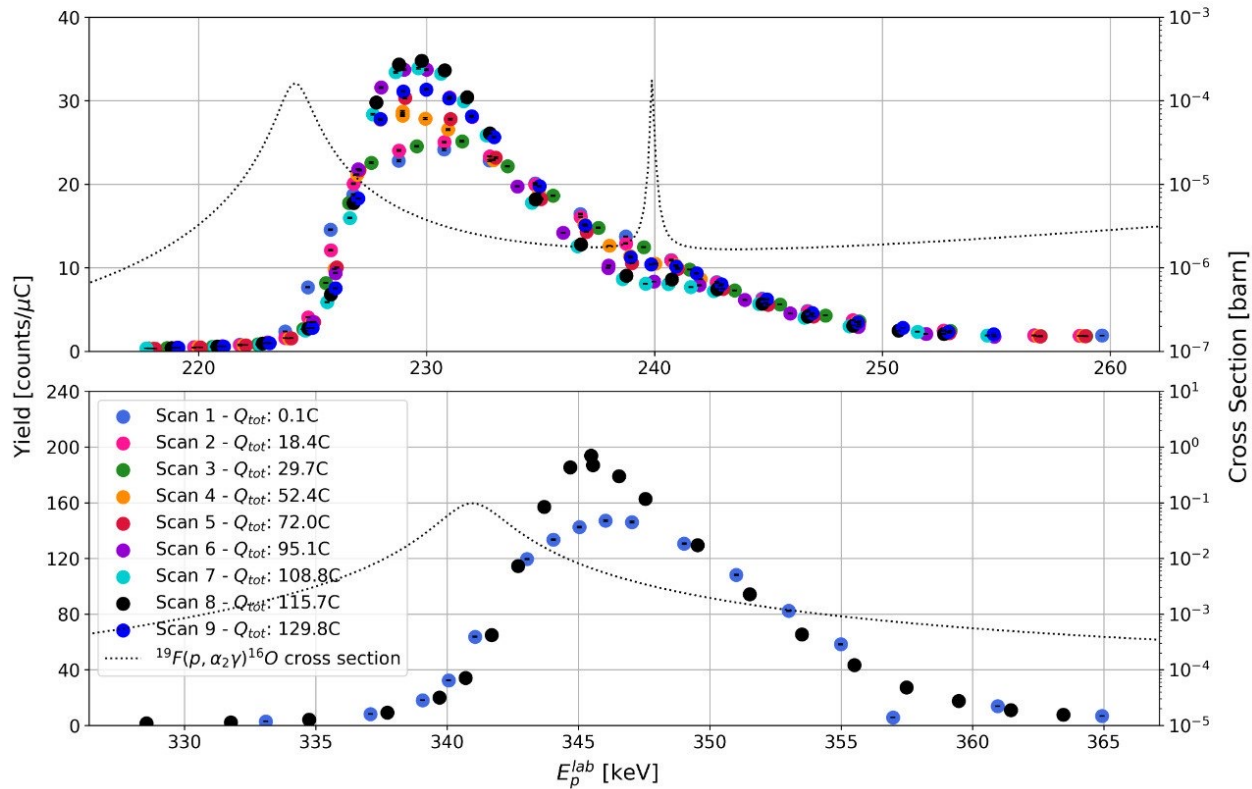
Implanted ^{19}F Targets

Implanted ^{19}F in Fe

- Very stable up to **130 C**
(degradation of **20%**)
- 3 times **higher yield** w.r.t. Ta



IMP_LFE#2 target



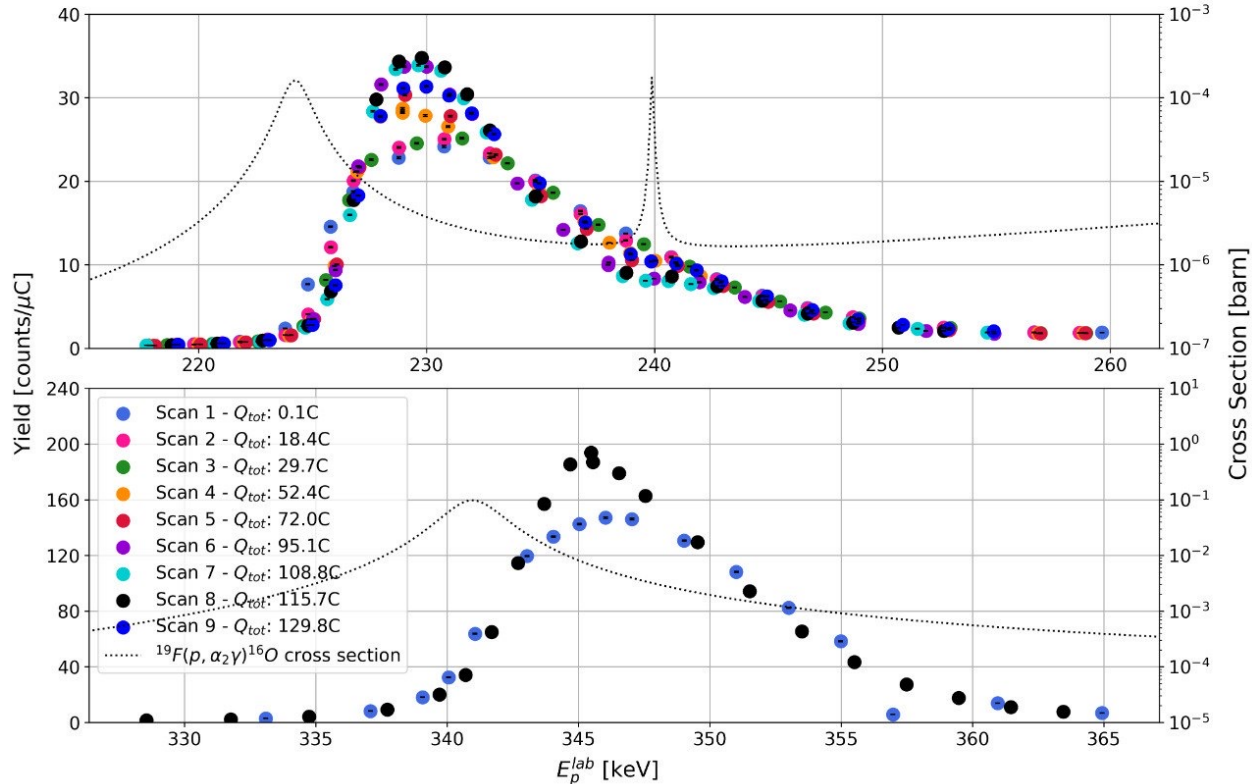
Implanted ^{19}F Targets

Implanted ^{19}F in Fe

- Very stable up to **130 Colomb**
@ **300 μA** (degradation of **20%**)



IMP_LFE#2 target

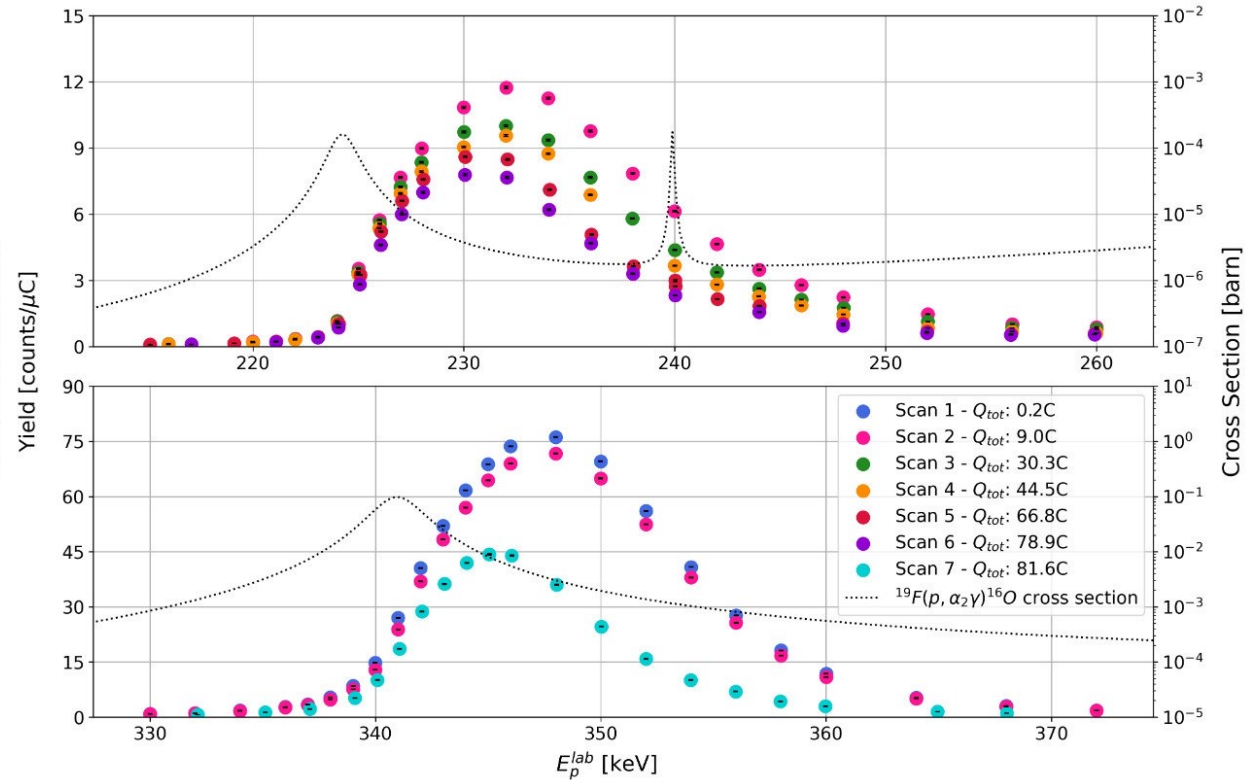


Implanted ^{19}F in Ta

- Stable up to **81 C**
(degradation of **50%**)
- **Lower yield** (3 times) w.r.t. Fe



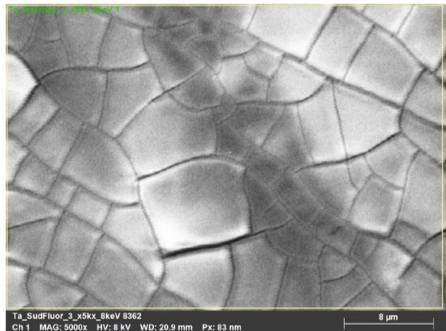
IMP_LTA#2 target



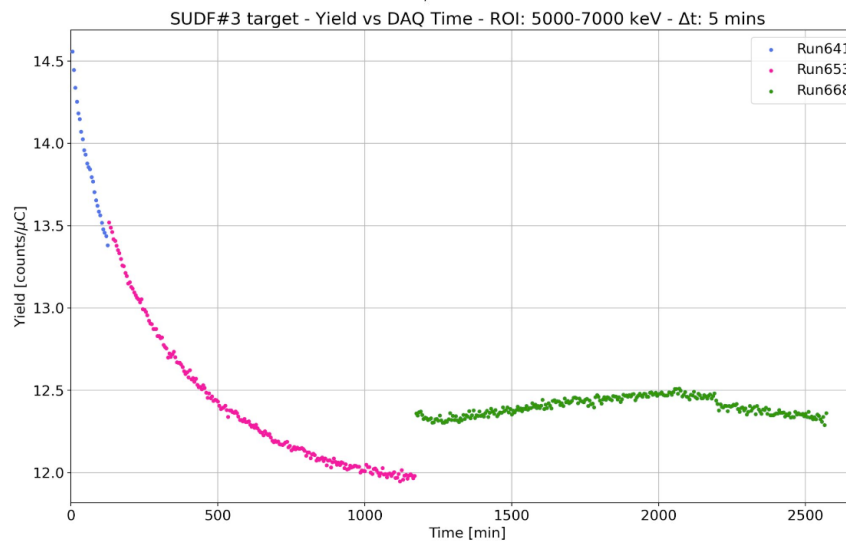
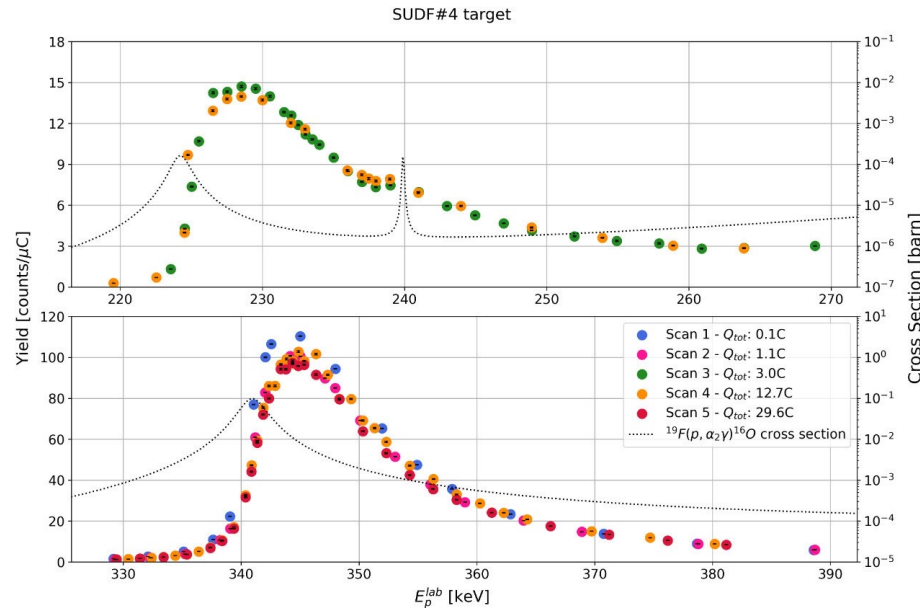
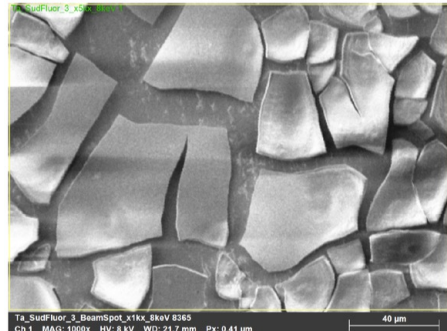
Fluorinated ^{19}F Targets

- New type of target produced by **SUDFLUOR** (France) company
- Produced by exposing **Ta backing** (at different temperatures) to ^{19}F atmosphere
- Creates (almost) stable **TaF₅** layer
- Currently under analysis through **RBS**, **SEM** and **SIMS**

Fresh



Irradiated



Before Irradiation



After Irradiation



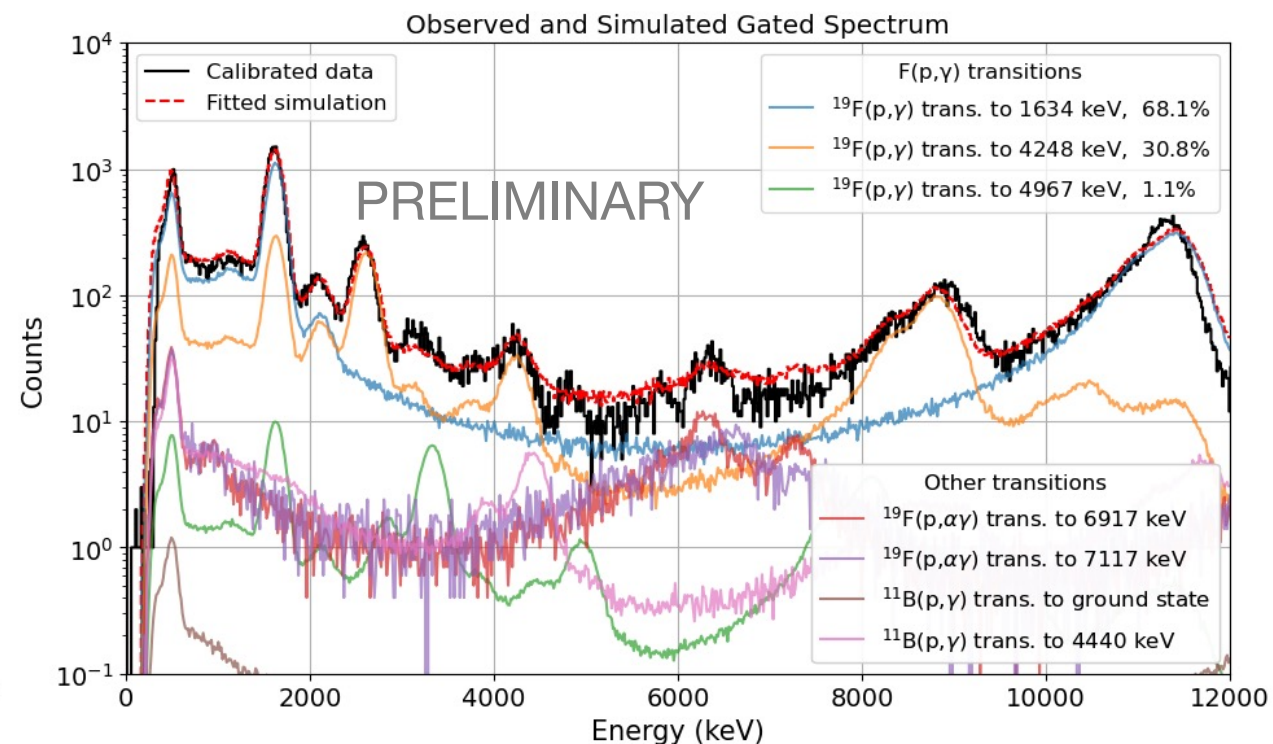
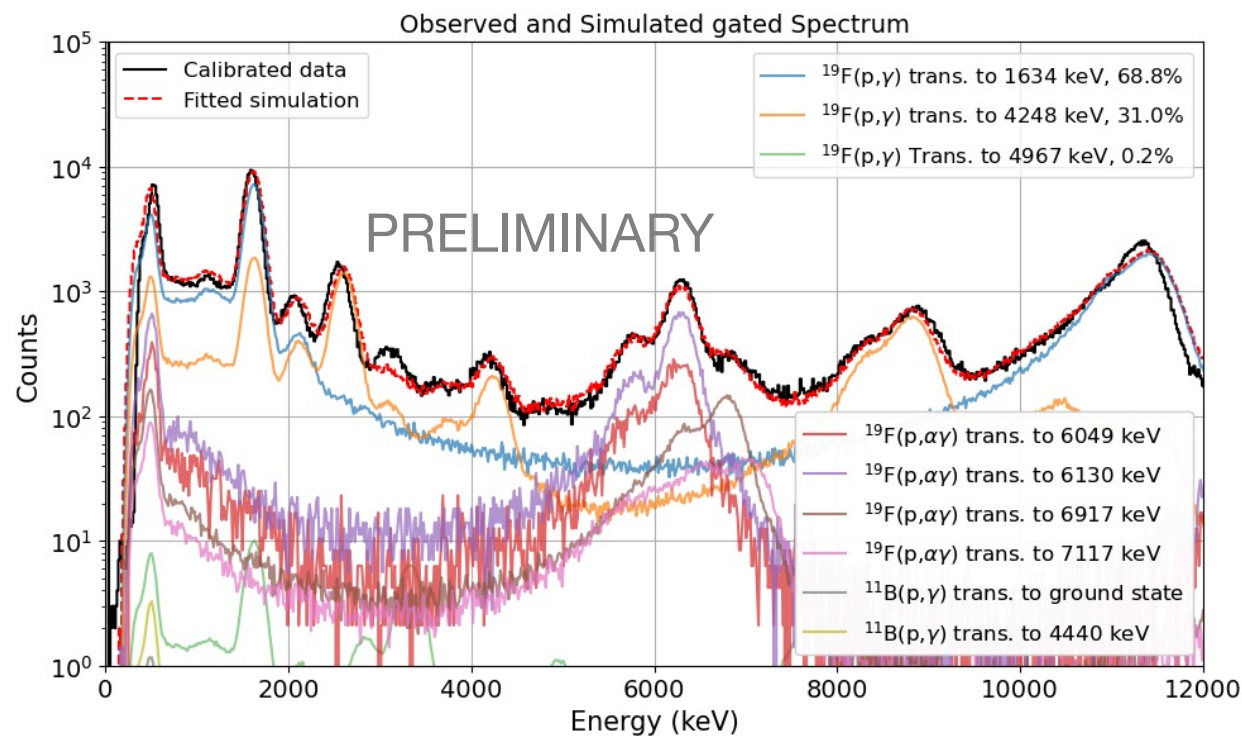
$^{19}\text{F}(p,\gamma)^{20}\text{Ne}$ – 225 keV Resonance

- Preliminary analysis of the **branching ratios @ 225 keV** resonance *close* to previous result
- Uncertainty analysis and other resonances **in progress**

Table 1 γ -transition branching ratios obtained for the resonances at $E_{\text{c.m.}} = 225.2$ and 323.9 keV

$E_r^{\text{c.m.}}$ (keV)	G.S	1.634 MeV	4.248 MeV	4.967 MeV
225.2	–	62%	35%	3%
323.9	34%	45%	–	21%

Chen et al, Nucl. Sci. Tech. **35**, 143 (2024)



Conclusions

- Preliminary results @ LUNA shows great stability of the implanted targets
- **New type of ^{19}F target** has been developed with the **thinnest profile up-to-date**
- A lot of data to be analyzed but **preliminary results show promising results**
- **Future goal:** reduce the ^{11}B content in Ta backing

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Thank you for attention!

LUNA Collaboration

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Thank you!

