



Contribution ID: 11

Type: **Contributed Oral Presentation**

Indirect Measurement of $^{88}\text{Y}(n,\gamma)$ cross-sections by surrogate reaction method

Thursday, 29 May 2025 17:10 (15 minutes)

Neutron capture cross-section is a crucial component in understanding the origin of elements, modeling nuclear devices and interpreting nuclear data for security applications. While a large part of the demanded capture cross-sections involves short-lived and highly radioactive targets, direct measurement of neutrons with these targets are extremely difficult or costly.

In this work, a surrogate reaction was proposed for indirectly determining the $^{88}\text{Y}(n,\gamma)$ cross-sections with $p + ^{89}\text{Y}$ system. The selected inelastic scattering proton in coincidence with two characteristic gammas of ^{89}Y are utilized to acquire the probabilities of gamma decay channel. Then, combined with the cross-sections of compound nucleus formation calculated with optical model, desired $^{88}\text{Y}(n,\gamma)$ cross-sections are obtained in Weisskopf-Ewing Approximation for the first time. Also, corrections are discussed for the spin-parity differences between original and surrogate reactions.

Primary author: FENG, JING (CIAE)

Co-authors: Prof. WU, Xiaoguang (CIAE); Dr QIU, Yijia (CIAE); Prof. ZHENG, Yun (CIAE); Prof. LIN, cheng'jian (CIAE)

Presenter: FENG, JING (CIAE)

Session Classification: Parallel Session

Track Classification: Nuclear Reactions