

Status of In-beam γ-ray spectroscopy of neutron-rich scandium isotopes with N=34 and 36

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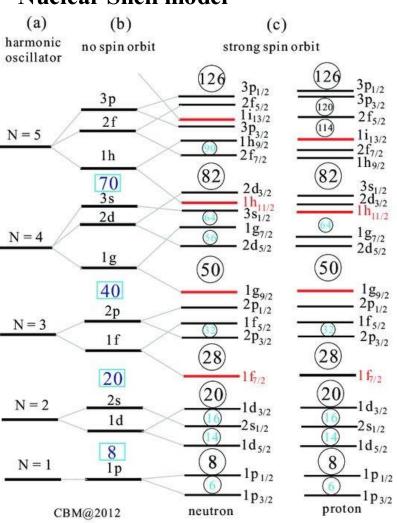


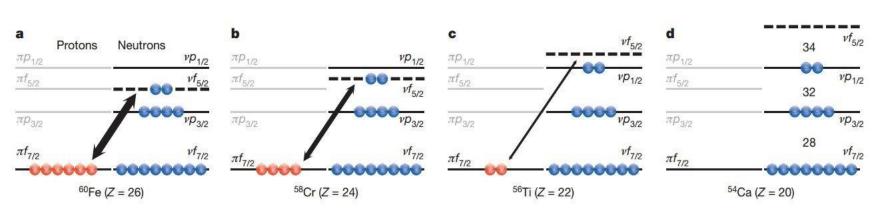






Nuclear Shell model

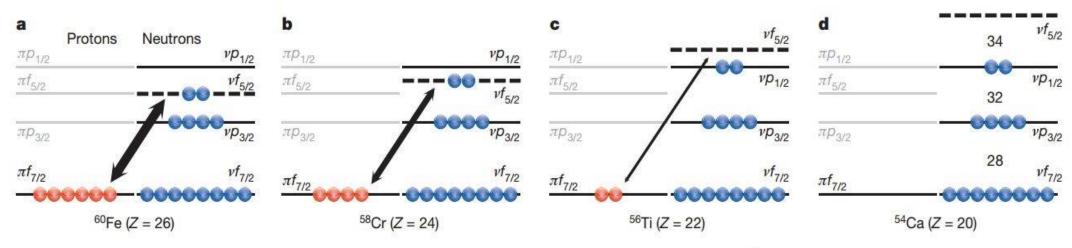




D. Steppenbeck et al., Nature 502, 207-210 (2013)

• Interaction between $\pi f_{7/2}$ and $\nu f_{5/2}$ becomes weaker as the proton number decreases. (Inversion of $\nu f_{5/2}$ and $\nu p_{1/2}$)

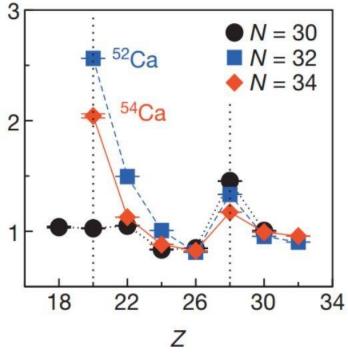
New neutron magic number 32 and 34 in Ca isotopes (Subshell closure)

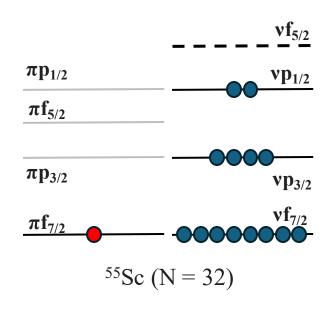


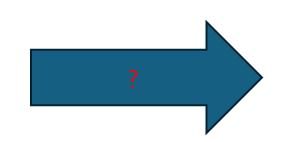
• Breakdown of the neutron magic number 32 already in Ti isotopes.

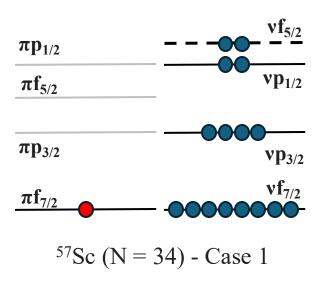
• Addition of two protons dramatically changes neutron occupation.

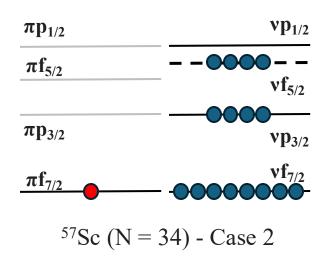
 \rightarrow Study Sc with Z = 21

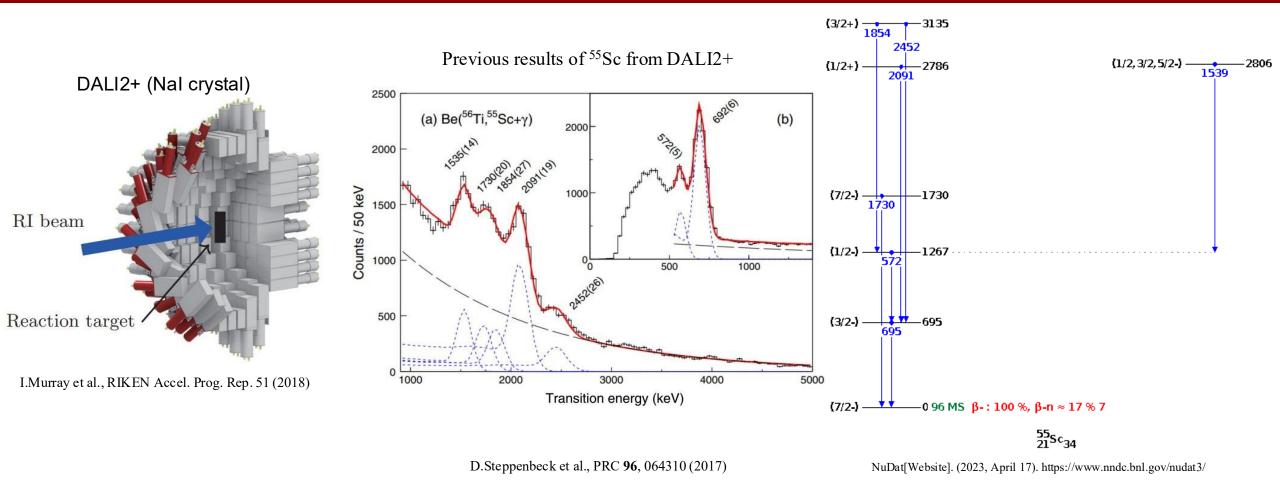




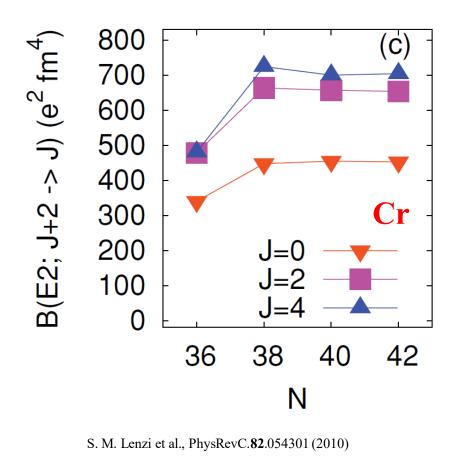


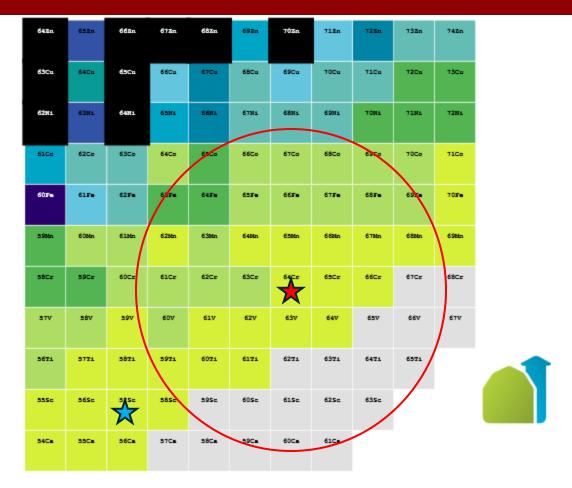






- The level structure of ⁵⁵Sc was already established by previous experiment but need more detailed spectroscopy and new observables.
 - → High–resolution spectroscopy and lifetime measurements



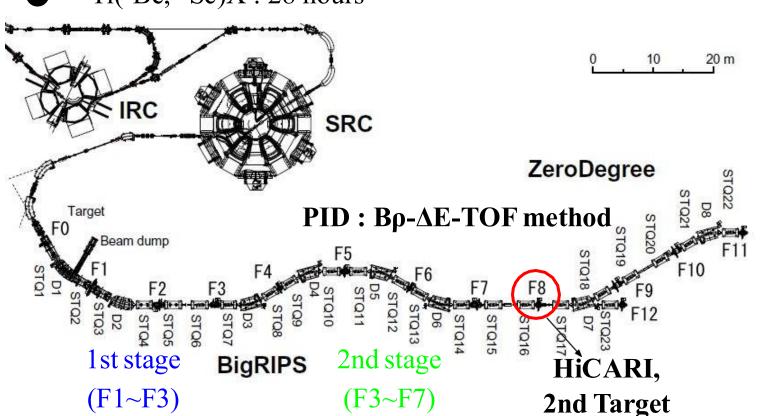


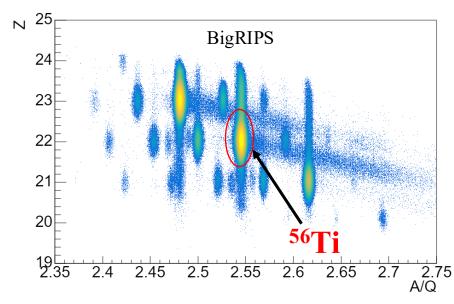
NuDat[Website]. (2024, December 12). https://www.nndc.bnl.gov/nudat3/

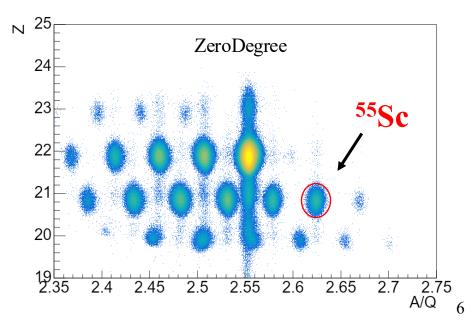
- Study on the boundary of the island of inversion.
 - → Energy and lifetime measurements in ^{55,57}Sc with proton knockout reaction from ^{56,58}Ti & Studies on single particle states of proton

NP1912-RIBF142

- Primary Beam: ⁷⁰Zn @345 AMeV
- Secondary Beams: ^{56,58}Ti @180-190 AMeV
- Secondary Targets : Be 3mm
- ${}^{56}\text{Ti}({}^{9}\text{Be}, {}^{55}\text{Sc})X : 12 \text{ hours}$
- 58Ti(9Be,57Sc)X : 28 hours





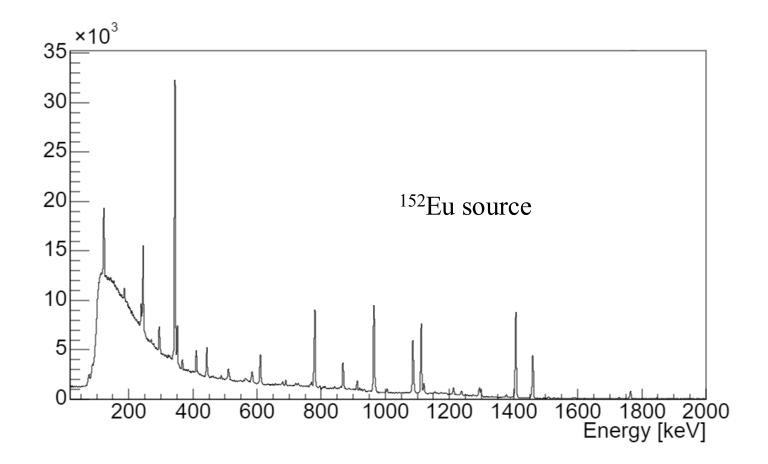


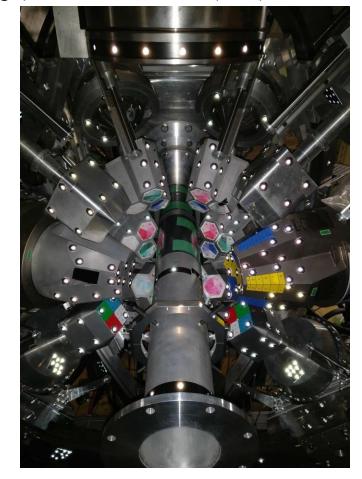
HiCARI campaign

High-resolution Cluster Array at RIBF (HiCARI) in 2020 and 2021

• A germanium-based gamma-ray spectrometer composed of MINIBALL (Europe), Clover detectors (IMP),

and Ge tracking detectors (LBNL & RCNP)



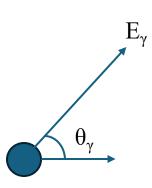


HiCARI assembly

In-Beam γ spectroscopy

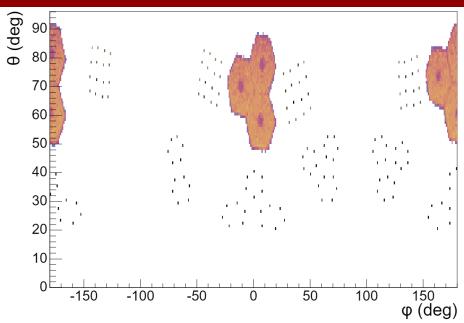
Doppler effect

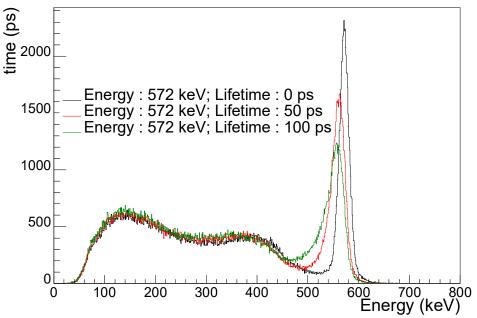
$$\frac{E_{\gamma}}{E_{\gamma 0}} = \frac{\sqrt{1 - \beta^2}}{1 - \beta \cos \theta_{\gamma}}$$



• The Doppler effect causes an energy shift depending on the γ -ray emission angle and beam velocity.

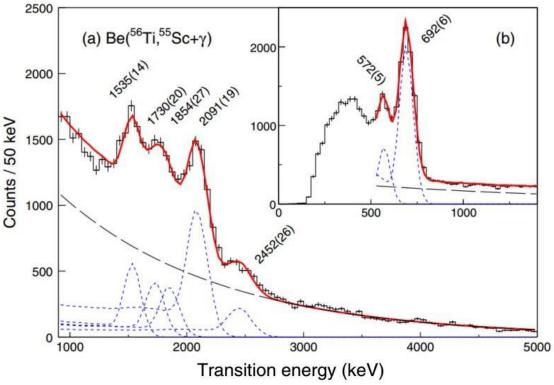
• Since the emission angle changes according to the lifetime, the γ -ray response function obtained through simulation can be used to determine energy and lifetime in the spectra.





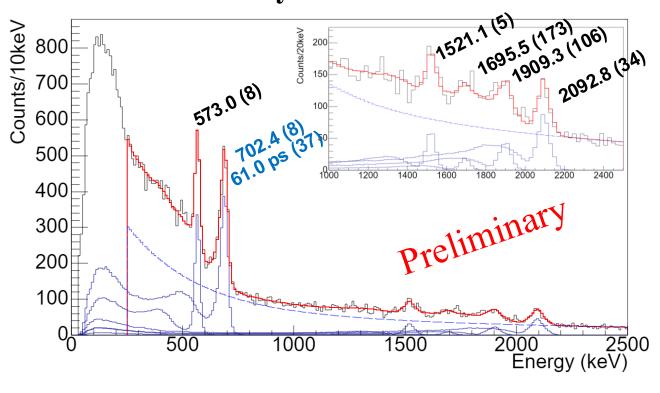
Results - 55Sc

Previous results from DALI2+



D. Steppenbeck et al., PRC **96**, 064310 (2017)

Preliminary results from HiCARI



— Doppler corrected spectrum

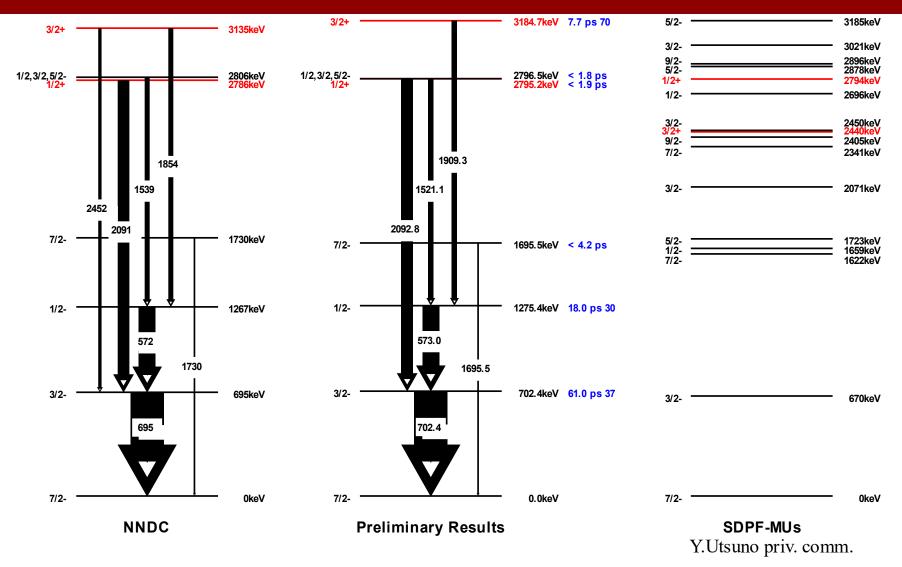
γ response function

obtained by the GEANT4 simulation

Fit function

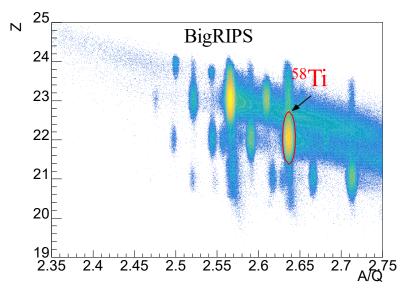
Two exponentials for background

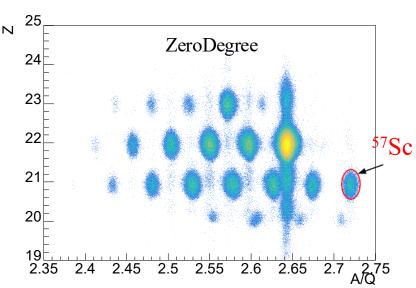
Results - 55Sc

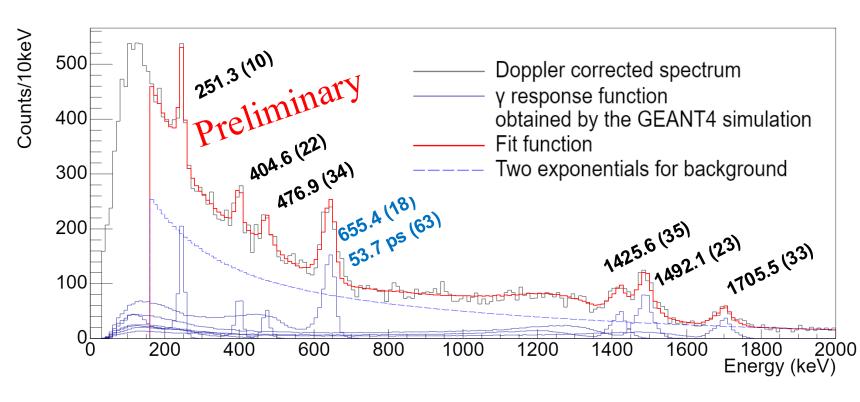


- Spin assignments based on previous results
 - → Cross sections and spectroscopic factors will be analyzed.

Results - ⁵⁷Sc

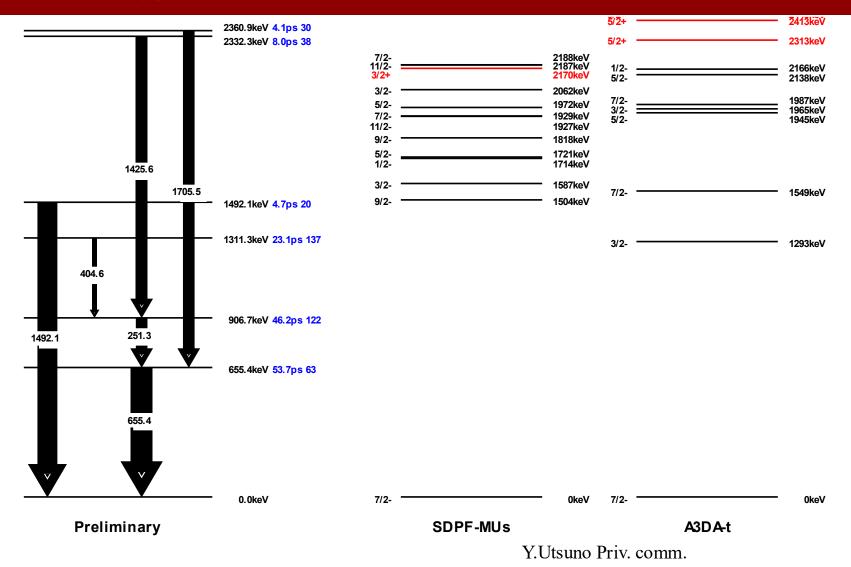






• First spectroscopy of ⁵⁷Sc

Results - 57Sc



- Theory underestimates low lying levels.
 - → sign of deformation : ⁵⁷Sc (N=36) inside island of inversion

Summary

- The HiCARI campaign were held in 2020 and 2021 to achieve higher resolution results for in-beam γ-ray spectroscopy.
- Recent research showed 54Ca is a double magic nuclei and ⁵⁶Ti is a nuclei with moderate collectivity.
- The process of shell evolution can also be seen through the evolution of the $\pi f_{7/2}$ $\nu f_{5/2}$ orbital interaction of scandium isotopes.
- It is the first lifetime measurement of ⁵⁵Sc and also the first spectroscopic studies of ⁵⁷Sc.
- ⁵⁷Sc is well deformed, so it is expected inside island of inversion.
- Cross sections and Spectroscopic factors will be analyzed.

Thank you

















