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Influence of the Majoron on Primordial Nucleosynthesis

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The Majoron is a hypothetical Goldstone boson arising from the spontaneous breaking of lepton number symmetry. Due to its presumed long-lived nature, the Majoron has the potential to influence Big Bang Nucleosynthesis (BBN). Our study investigates how non-thermal energetic neutrinos, produced through Majoron decays, can drive various neutrino-induced nuclear reactions. Notably, these reactions may generate additional neutrons via inverse beta decay. This mechanism could enhance key processes such as ${}^7\text{Be}(n,p){}^7\text{Li}$ and ${}^7\text{Li}(\bar{\nu}\bar{\nu}){}^4\text{He}$, potentially addressing the long-standing discrepancy between the observed and theoretically predicted ${}^7\text{Li}$ abundance. Furthermore, we explore how BBN constraints can impose limits on the parameter space of the Majoron.

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