

Latest Results from the BeEST Experiment



Inwook Kim

on behalf of BeEST Collaboration

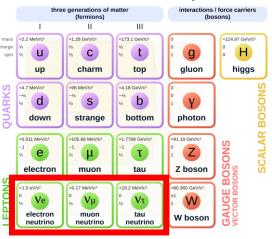
Prepared by LLNL under Contract DE-AC52-07NA27344.



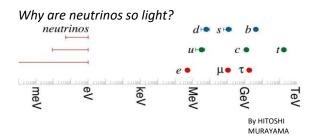
Neutrino in the Standard Model

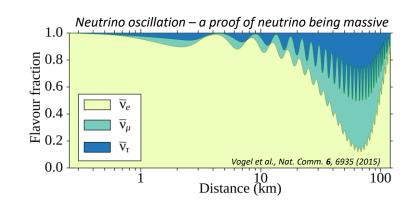


Standard Model of Elementary Particles



By MissMJ, Cush - Own work using:PBS NOVA





The neutrino questions

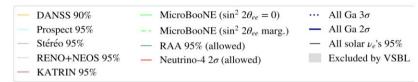
- What is the origin of neutrino mass?
- Why are neutrinos so light?
- Do right-handed neutrinos exist?

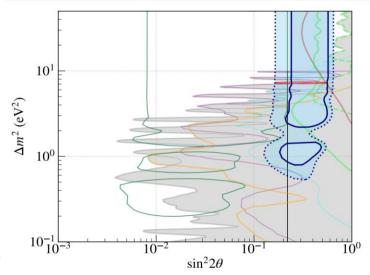
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"Wu experiment"

- Neutrinos are all left-handed!

Experimental evidences that there are 'something else'





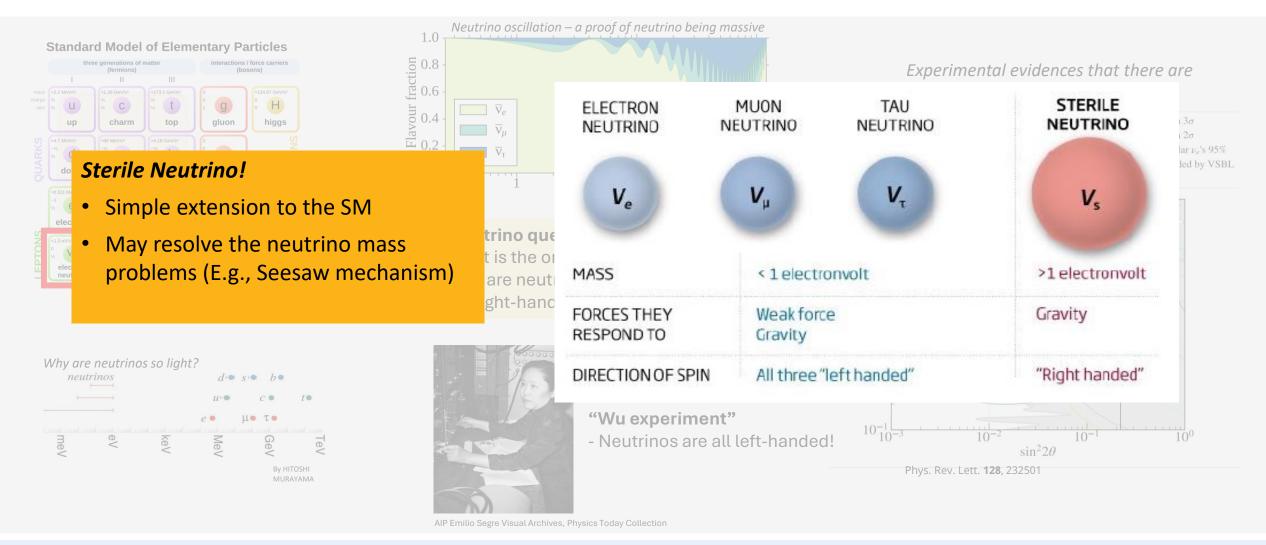
Phys. Rev. Lett. 128, 232501

AIP Emilio Segre Visual Archives, Physics Today Collection



Neutrino in the Standard Model



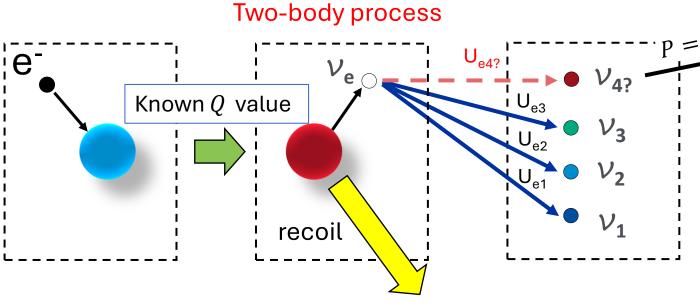


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LLNL-PRES-2006254



Electron Capture and Neutrinos

EC decay



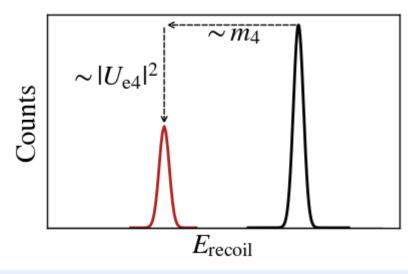
$P = \frac{|U_{e4}|^2}{E_{recoil}} = \frac{e}{2(Q + M_{nucl})}$ known

known

Signature: shifted (\sim m₄), scaled down ($\sim |U_{e4}|^2$) copy of v_{active} recoil spectrum.

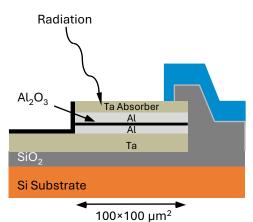
⁷Be is ideal because:

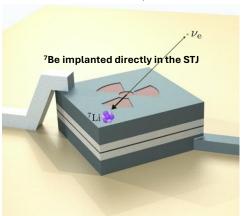
- Large decay energy (862 keV)
- Highest NR energy (57 eV)
- Simple atomic and nuclear structure







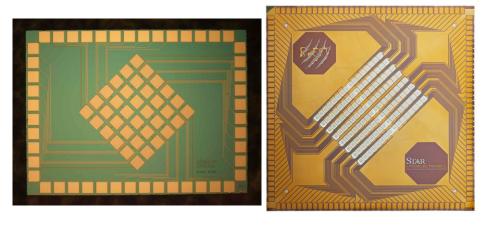


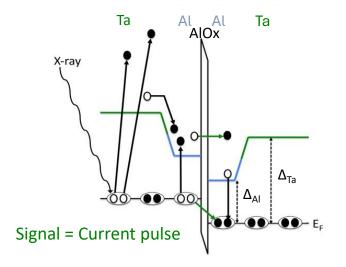


- Two electrodes separated by a thin insulating tunnel barrier (S-I-S junction)
- Superconducting energy gap is of order of ~ meV
 - → High intrinsic energy resolution (~ 1 eV)

36-pixel array

- Timing resolution on the order of µs, making it one of the fastest high-resolution cryogenic sensors available
 - →"High" rate: 10⁴ s⁻¹ per pixel







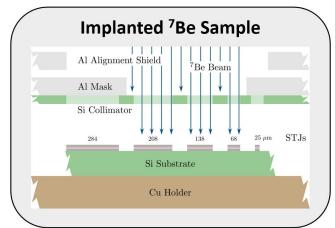


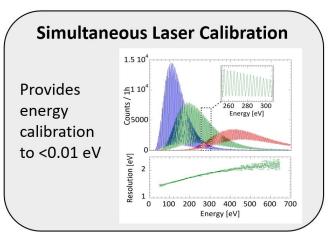
LLNL-PRES-2006254

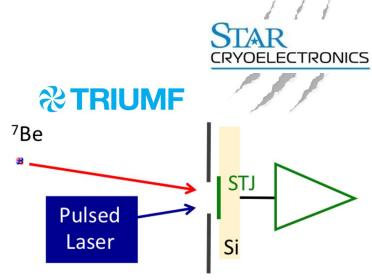
128-pixel array



The BeEST Experiment







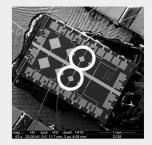




Ta-Based STJ Detectors

"Test" chips with 10 pixels of 5 sizes

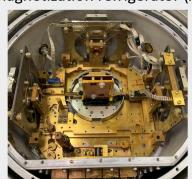
Phase-I







Cooled to 100 mK in an adiabatic demagnetization refrigerator (ADR)

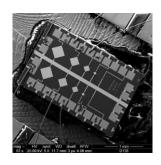






Phase-I

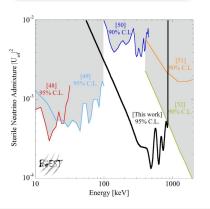
Proof of Concept



[PRL 125, 032701 (2020)]

- ⁷Be was successfully implanted
- Beryllium L/K ratio was measured

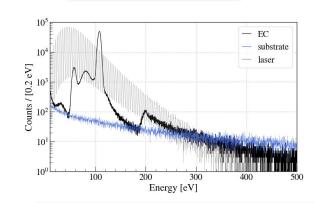
Phase-II Initial Release



[PRL 126, 021803 (2021)]

- First results on heavy neutrino search
- The published limits improve over the previous limit by up to an order of magnitude

Phase-IIIScaling to multi-pixel



In progress

- 36-pixel array realized
- Improvements on implantation, detector performance, statistics, systematic understanding and analysis techniques



In future

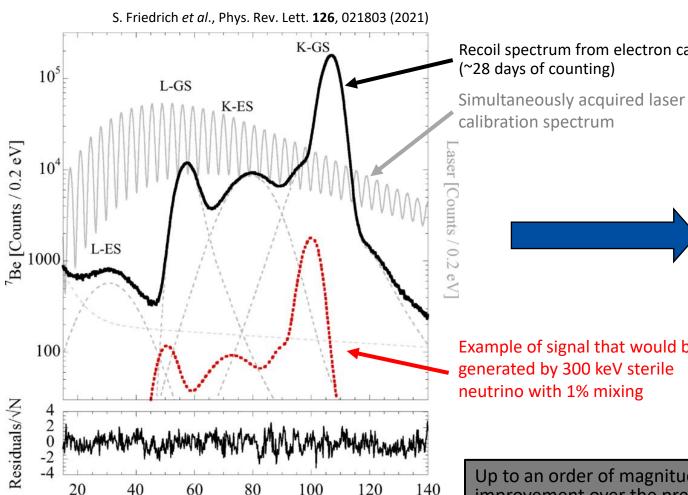
- 128-pixel array STJ operated in more stable dilution refrigerator
- Use of Al-STJs may improve energy resolution





First Limits from BeEST Phase-II [Phys. Rev. Lett. 126, 021803 (2021)]



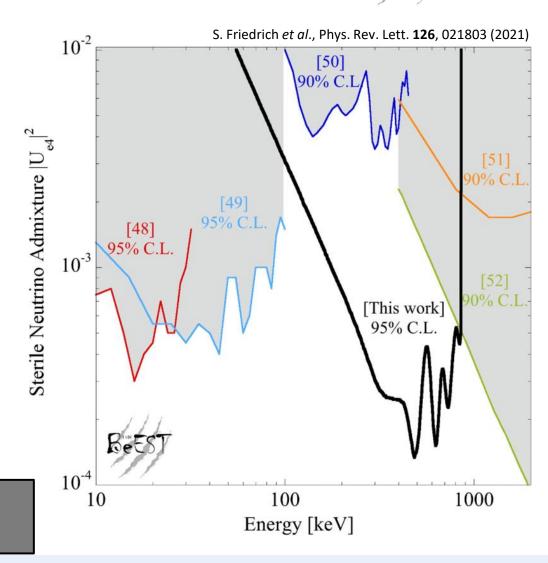


Energy [eV]

Recoil spectrum from electron capture

Example of signal that would be generated by 300 keV sterile

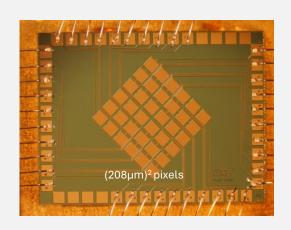
Up to an order of magnitude improvement over the previous limits!



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Development in Phase-III



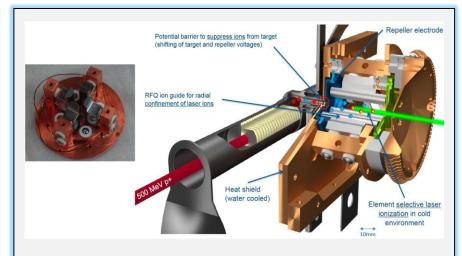


36-pixel array STJ operation

- Increased statistics
- Allows high-multiplicity events analysis

Data taking

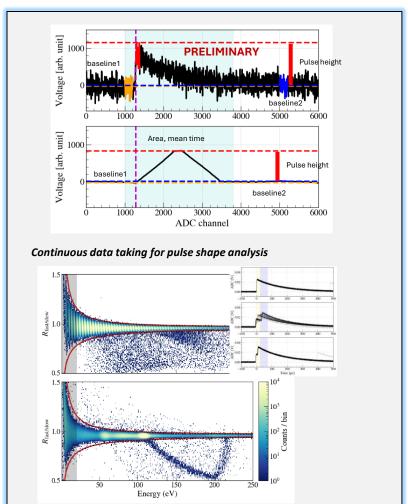
- Data collection period:
 10.24.2022—12.26.2022 (incl. test runs)
- Data taking with 3 different DAQ
- In-situ laser calibration



Improved Be-7 implantation

- The Ion guide laser ion source (IG-LIS): Highly selective ion beam to only select ⁷Be
 - \rightarrow ⁷Li suppression of x4,000 achieved
- ⁷Be rate achieved: 20–50 Bq per pixel



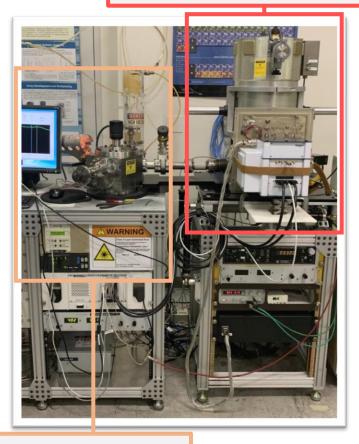




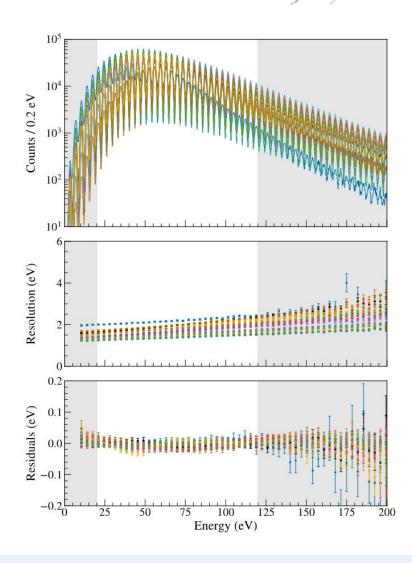


Phase-III data taking [Phys. Rev. D 111, 052010 (2025)]

Adiabatic Demagnetization Refrigerator (Base Temperature ~70 mK)



- Pulsed laser (3.5 eV) fed through optical fiber to 0.1 K stage of the ADR
- Illumination of STJs provides a comb of peaks at *integer multiples* of 3.5 eV
 - → in-situ calibration source
- Intrinsic resolution of our Ta-based devices:
 - 1–2.2 eV FWHM @ 20–120 eV
- Stable response and small quadratic non-linearity



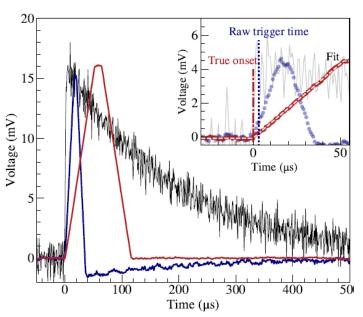
In-situ Laser Calibration

Automated signal processing & spectrum building

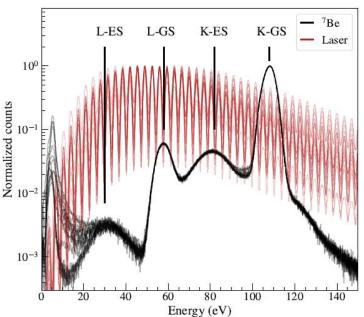
BeEST

[Phys. Rev. D 111, 052010 (2025)]

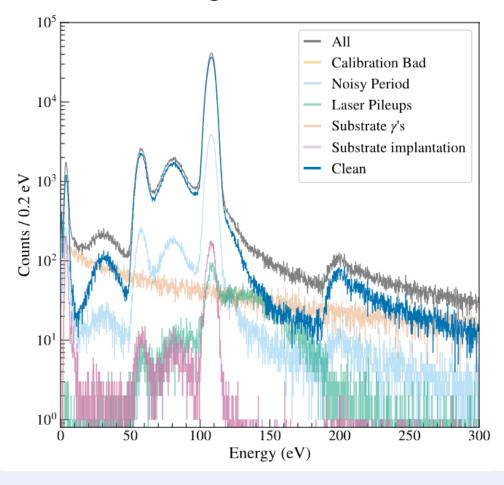
Pulse shape analysis



Precise energy calibration



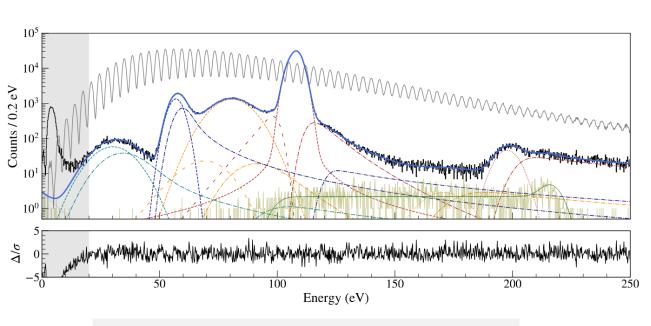
Data Cleaning

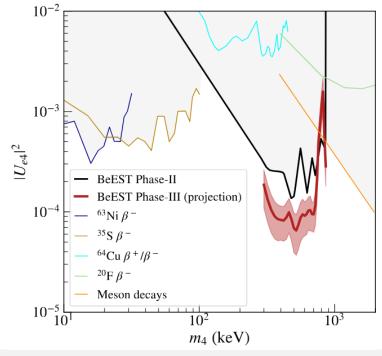




Sensitivity [arXiv:2409.19085, accepted in Phys. Rev. D]







Background modeling

Precise background model is being studied

Phase-III sensitivity

• Sensitivity is obtained by profiling the likelihood over the $(m_4, |U_{e4}|^2)$ parameter space.

Unblinding the full data in progress!

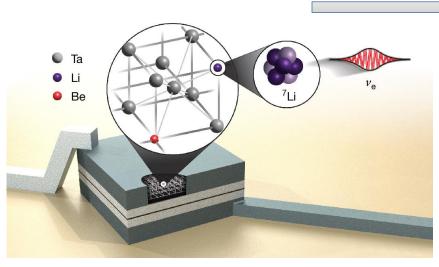


Limits on the Size of a Neutrino Wavepacket

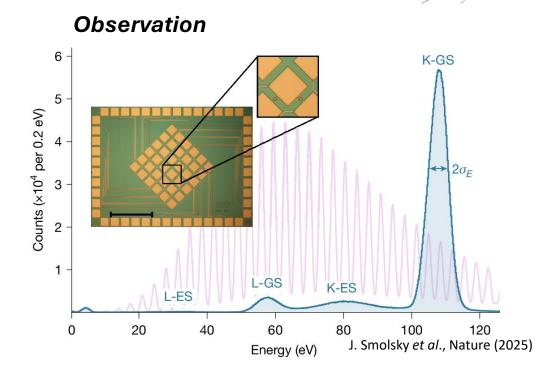


[Nature **638**, 640–644 (2025)]

Emitted as $\nu_{\rm e}$, travels in mass eigenstate



Uncertainty in spatial wavepacket extent may translate into energy uncertainty, i.e., peak broadening



From energy viewpoint,

1.
$$\sigma_{v,E} = \sigma_{\text{Li},E}$$

2.
$$\sigma_{\nu,p} = \sigma_{\nu,E}$$

3.
$$\sigma_{\nu,x} = \sigma_{\nu,p}/2\hbar$$

From momentum viewpoint,

1.
$$\sigma_{\text{Li},p} = \sqrt{m/2E}\sigma_{\text{Li},E}$$

2.
$$\sigma_{v,p} = \sigma_{\text{Li},p}$$

3.
$$\sigma_{v,x} = \sigma_{v,p}/2\hbar$$

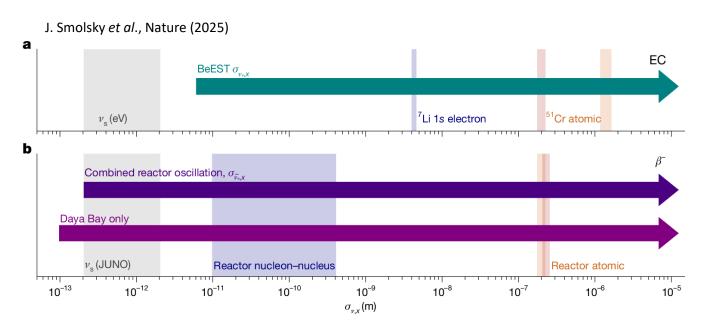
Nuclear recoil peak widths are broader than laser peaks

- · No concrete explanation is found
- The broadening could be due to decoherence due to finite size of the electron neutrino wave packet

Limits on the Size of a Neutrino Wavepacket



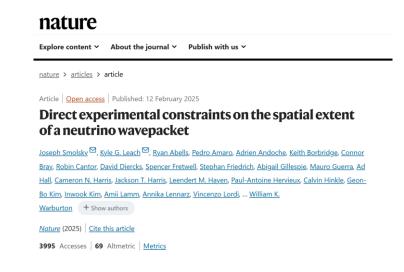
[Nature **638**, 640–644 (2025)]



First direct experimental constraint on the size of a neutrino wavepacket

- Only limit on neutrino wavepackets from EC decays
- Only direct limit on nuclear decay product wavepackets

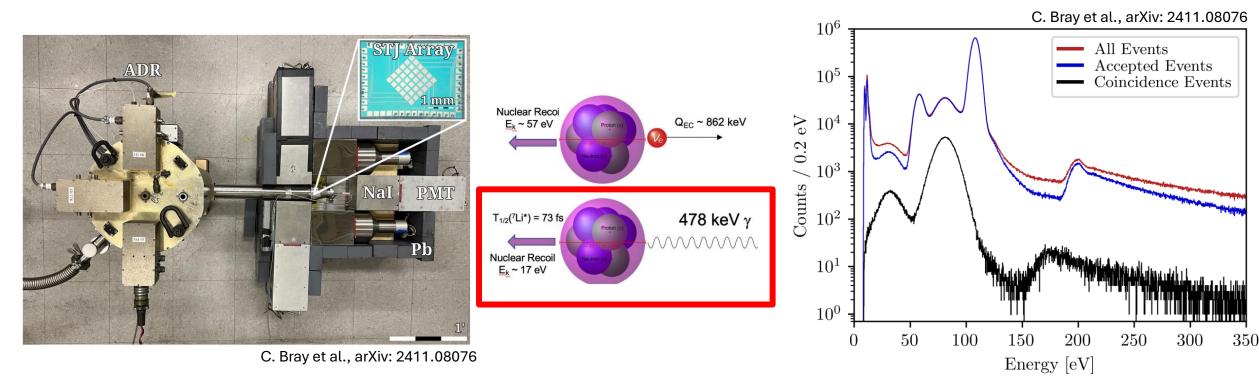
- Energy conservation yields $\sigma_{v,x} \ge 35$ nm
- Momentum conservation yields $\sigma_{v,x} \ge 6.2$ pm
- → BeEST conservative limit: 6.2pm



y-Coincidence measurement



[arXiv: 2411.08076, submitted to Phys. Rev. Lett.]



y-coincidence measurement of the EC decay allows for **selective measurement of nuclear recoil spectrum** to a certain state

γ-Coincidence measurement

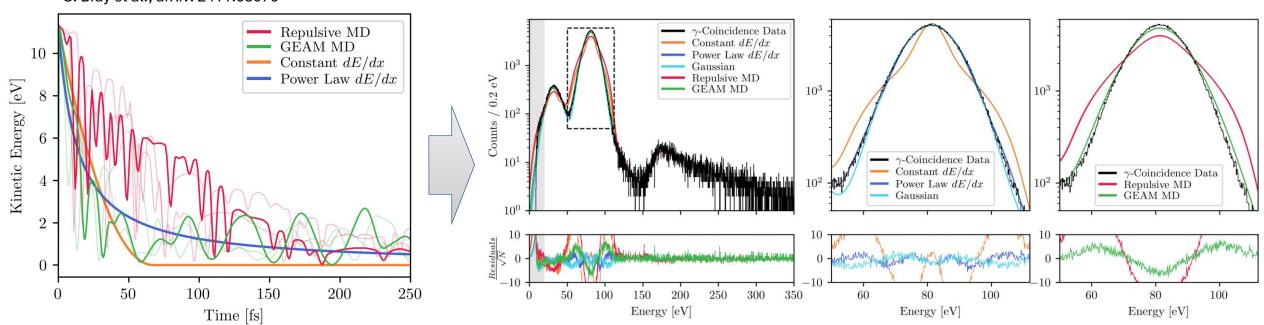
BeEST L

[arXiv: 2411.08076, submitted to Phys. Rev. Lett.]

Implication: one can precisely test models of nuclear recoil interactions in materials

Example: ion slowing down model comparison

C. Bray et al., arXiv: 2411.08076









Title	Journal	Author
Signal processing and spectral modeling for the BeEST experiment	Phys. Rev. D 111 , 052010 (2025)	I. Kim et al. (BeEST Collaboration)
Direct Experimental Constraints on the Spatial Extent of a Neutrino Wavepacket	Nature 638 , 640–644 (2025)	J. Smolsky et al. (BeEST Collaboration)
High-Precision Excited-State Nuclear Recoil Spectroscopy with Superconducting Sensors	Submitted to PRL (arXiv:2411.08076)	C. Bray, S. Fretwell, L. A. Zepeda-Ruiz, I. Kim et al (BeEST Collaboration)
Shake-up and Shake-off effects in the electron capture decay of ⁷ Be	To be submitted to <i>PRD</i>	M. Guerra et al. (BeEST Collaboration)
Final Results from BeEST Heavy Neutrino Search	To be submitted to <i>PRL</i>	I. Kim et al. (BeEST Collaboration)

...and more!





Conclusion

- BeEST experiment searches for the heavy neutrino mass eigenstate by examining the EC decay of ⁷Be
- The Phase-III involves significant improvements in hardware, analysis tools, and the underlying theories that determine the electron capture spectra
- BeEST collaboration is actively publishing high-profile papers
- We plan to unblind the full data to set leading limits on mixing to heavy state



The BeEST Collaboration

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