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Heavy-ion induced single and double charge exchange reactions in a multi-channel approach: new results from the NUMEN project

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In order to get quantitative information on neutrino absolute mass scale from the possible measurement of the $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay rates, the Nuclear Matrix Elements (NME) involved in such transitions are required. Recently, heavy-ion induced double charge exchange (DCE) reactions have been proposed in Italy [1-2] and Japan [3,4] as tools to get information about $0\nu\beta\beta$ NMEs. The basic point is that there are important similarities between the two processes, mainly that the initial and final states are the same and the transition operators have a similar structure, including in both cases a superposition of Fermi, Gamow-Teller and rank-two tensor components [5].

The NUMEN project at INFN-LNS laboratory in Italy proposes to explore the whole network of direct nuclear reactions connecting the initial and final nuclear states of the $\beta\beta$ -decay. This includes DCE, Single Charge Exchange (SCE), multinucleon transfer reactions, elastic and inelastic scattering. A key aspect is the consistent investigation of all the above reaction channels. This multi-channel approach demands that: i) the cross sections for all the relevant reaction channels are measured under the same experimental conditions; ii) the data analysis is performed in the framework of the microscopic quantum reaction theory in a model space large enough to include all the reaction channels and adopting consistent nuclear structure inputs.

Experimental campaigns have been performed at INFN-LNS in order to explore heavy ion induced reactions on target of interest for $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay. These studies are complemented by a strong activity on the theoretical side, especially tailored to give a detailed description of the challenging DCE reaction mechanisms [6-7]. An overview of recent activity performed in Catania in this field will be presented at the INPC2025 Conference.

References

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